## Human Biology

## Advanced GCE A2 H423

## Mark Schemes for the Units

## January 2010

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## F221 Molecules, Blood and Gas Exchange

| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) |  | has, membrane bound organelles / nucleus; | 1 | CREDIT 'true organelles' or 'true nucleus' ACCEPT 'nuclear membrane / envelope' ACCEPT named example of membrane bound organelle e.g. mitochondrion, chloroplast, RER / SER, lysosome, Golgi apparatus <br> DO NOT CREDIT ribosome |
|  | (b) | (i) | A: nucleus ; <br> B: nucleolus ; <br> C: (central) vacuole; | 3 | ACCEPT nuclei <br> DO NOT CREDIT nuclear envelope <br> ACCEPT nucleoli <br> ACCEPT 'permanent vacuole' or 'cell sap vacuole' |
|  |  | (ii) | D: production of ATP / (site of aerobic) respiration ; <br> E: supports cell ; <br> F: production of glucose / (site of) photosynthesis; | 3 | DO NOT CREDIT 'produces / creates / makes energy' ACCEPT 'release of energy' <br> DO NOT CREDIT references to movement in or out of the cell or references to stability <br> ACCEPT idea of 'keeps cell, rigid / turgid' <br> DO NOT CREDIT 'produces / creates / makes energy' ACCEPT idea that this is where photosynthesis happens |
|  | (c) |  | 10 ( $\mu \mathrm{m}$ ) ; ; | 2 | Correct answer 2 marks If answer incorrect: <br> ALLOW one method mark for correctly measured length of $X-Y$ with appropriate units e.g. $10 \mathrm{~cm}, 100 \mathrm{~mm}$ divided by 10000 |
|  |  |  | Total | 9 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (a) |  | find the position of the, radial / carotid, artery; press (firmly against artery) with two fingers ; correct reference to not using, the thumb ; count, number of pulses per minute / number of pulses in 30s and multiply by 2 ; | 3 max | ACCEPT artery, in wrist or neck <br> ACCEPT any valid multiples (e.g. number in 20s multiplied by 3) or calculated differences <br> DO NOT CREDIT references to repeats as this is given in the stem of the question |
|  | (b) | (i) | the longer the time Jack exercises the higher his heart rate ; <br> 2 times and two means to support answer ; | 2 | DO NOT CREDIT the longer the time Jack exercises the higher his pulse rate (as stem of question asks for 'heart rate') <br> e.g. 'the mean increased from 65 to 145 from 0 to 5 minutes' CREDIT correctly calculated difference in given time period |
|  |  | (ii) | muscles contract more ; (need) an increased blood flow ; <br> (need) a greater supply of, oxygen / glucose ; <br> for increased rate of (aerobic) respiration / more ATP ; | 3 | ACCEPT muscles working harder ACCEPT more blood flows to muscles DO NOT CREDIT increased, speed / rate, of blood (flow) <br> CREDIT higher oxygen demand / more oxygen needed CREDIT higher glucose demand / more glucose needed <br> ACCEPT 'more energy needed' |
|  | (c) | (i) | named health related consideration ; <br> named relevant safety precaution ; (check that) he is wearing suitable clothing ; | 2 max | e.g. ensure he is not asthmatic, warming up prior to exercise DO NOT CREDIT non exercise related health concerns e.g. irrelevant genetic disease <br> e.g. bike is in good working order, told to stop if feeling unwell |


| Question |  | Expected answer | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
|  | (ii)to identify anomalous results ; <br> to make sure results are reliable ; <br> to make mean more accurate ; | $\mathbf{1}$ max | DO NOT CREDIT references to accuracy alone, as replicates <br> do not improve accuracy of data measured (only the accuracy <br> of mean) |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | (a) | (i) | double circulatory system has two separate circuits ; <br> blood travels through heart twice on one circuit of the body; <br> closed circulatory system <br> blood stays within blood vessels ; | 1 max <br> 1 | CREDIT reference to both pulmonary and systemic circuits <br> DO NOT CREDIT 'it travels twice round the body' <br> CREDIT named blood vessels |
|  |  | (ii) | oxygenated and deoxygenated blood do not mix ; more oxygen delivered to (all respiring) cells ; <br> maintains blood pressure within the system ; | 2 max | As the stem of the question specifically asks for two advantages, only mark first two statements given <br> DO NOT CREDIT reference to speed or rate of oxygen delivery <br> ACCEPT maintains blood pressure within the body |
|  |  | (iii) | ora <br> diffusion pathway is too long; cells are a long distance from (exchange) surface ; would not deliver, oxygen / nutrients, fast enough to (all respiring) cells ; <br> humans (cells) have, high metabolic rate / high requirements (of oxygen and nutrients) ; | 2 max | As the stem of the question specifically asks for two reasons, only mark first two statements given <br> ACCEPT diffusion is too slow to meet demand |
|  | (b) | (i) | vena cava ; | 1 | DO NOT CREDIT 'vein' as the question has asked for the name of the vein <br> IGNORE reference to superior or inferior |


| Question | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) | Q tunica externa; <br> R tunica intima / tunica interna / endothelium ; | 2 | ACCEPT collagen (fibres) DO NOT CREDIT epithelium |
| (iii) | (only needs a) thin wall, because blood at low pressure ; <br> wide lumen, <br> so blood under less pressure / flows slowly ; <br> wide lumen, <br> so venous return matches arterial output ; <br> smooth endothelium, to reduce, friction / resistance to blood flow ; <br> valves, <br> to prevent backflow ; <br> collagen / outer fibrous layer, to protect from damage ; | 3 max | CREDIT feature linked to correct function for each mark <br> CREDIT thin layer of, muscle / elastic tissue <br> ACCEPT large lumen <br> ACCEPT large lumen <br> ACCEPT smooth, inner surface / lining (in place of smooth endothelium) |
|  | Total | 12 |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | (a) | (i) | polypeptide chain / chain of amino acids; <br> (folded to) form a, specific / 3D, shape ; <br> (shape) held in place by bonds between R groups ; | IGNORE reference to side chains |


|  |  | disulfide / ionic / hydrogen, bonds; <br> hydrophilic / polar, R groups on outside ; hydrophobic / non-polar R groups on inside ; <br> QWC ; | 3 max <br> 1 | CREDIT hydrophobic / hydrophilic, interactions or Van de Waals forces <br> IGNORE peptide bonds <br> two emboldened terms used and spelt correctly |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (ii) | has an active site ; complementary / specific, to, fibrinogen / substrate ; where substrate / fibrinogen binds ; <br> forms, enzyme - substrate complex / ESC ; this lowers activation energy ; | 3 max | ACCEPT substrate / fibrinogen 'fits into' active site DO NOT CREDIT substrate / fibrinogen 'combines with' active site |
| (b) |  | clotting time increases ; <br> there is a lower number of (successful) collisions ; idea of vacant active sites; fewer, enzyme substrate complexes / ESCs, formed ; less fibrin produced; | 1 <br> 3 max | ACCEPT blood takes longer to clot / conversion to fibrin is slower |
|  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (a) |  | 1 <br> (lung contains) large numbers / millions, of alveoli ; <br> 2 <br> alveoli, are lined with / have walls of, <br> squamous epithelial cells ; <br> alveoli walls are one cell thick; <br> (squamous epithelial) cells are, thin / (only) 0.1- 0.5 micrometres thick; <br> 3 <br> air inhaled supplies lungs with high concentration of oxygen; <br> idea of oxygenated blood carried away from the, alveoli / <br> lungs; <br> idea of deoxygenated blood carried towards the, alveoli / lungs; <br> 4 <br> cells secrete a watery fluid which lines the alveoli ; <br> alveoli are deep inside the body; | 5 max | IGNORE air sacs <br> candidates must use either walls or refer to lining to gain credit <br> CREDIT equivalent marking point that correctly refer to carbon dioxide <br> DO NOT CREDIT references to surfactant or mucus |
|  | (b) | (i) | (walls of) trachea / bronchi / bronchioles / alveoli ; | 1 | DO NOT CREDIT air passages |
|  |  | (ii) | (elastic fibres) stretch, as air moves in / during inhalation ; <br> (elastic fibres) recoil, to help force air out / during exhalation ; | 2 | ACCEPT (fibres) allow alveoli to expand during inhalation <br> DO NOT CREDIT 'elastic fibres expand’ <br> DO NOT CREDIT contract <br> DO NOT CREDIT 'to stretch and recoil' |
|  |  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (a) | (i) | ester (bond) ; | 1 | ACCEPT covalent |
|  |  | (ii) | by a condensation reaction ; between glycerol and fatty acids; between, hydroxyl / OH, group and, carboxylic acid / COOH, group ; <br> QWC ; | 2 max <br> 1 | ACCEPT 'involves the removal of water' <br> two emboldened terms used and spelt correctly |
|  | (b) | (i) | phospholipid has: <br> (only) two, fatty acids / ester bonds; a phosphate, group / head; <br> choline ; | 2 max | DO NOT CREDIT equivalent marking points that refer to triglyceride (they have been provided with the structure of a triglyceride) <br> DO NOT CREDIT references to properties <br> DO NOT CREDIT phosphate ion / phosphate molecule / phosphorus |
|  |  | (ii) | polar (molecule) ; <br> phosphate (head), is hydrophilic / soluble in water ; fatty acid (tails), are hydrophobic / insoluble in water ; form a bilayer ; | 3 max | ACCEPT repel water |
|  |  |  | Total | 9 |  |

## F222 Growth, Development and Disease

| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) | (i) | one million deaths in 14 million people ; in, a given time / 16 years ; <br> OR <br> 36 deaths in $40000 / 200$ deaths in 40000 ; over a fixed period of time / during the study period / AW ; | 2 | Figures must come from case study 1 DO NOT CREDIT number of deaths unqualified (without sample size) |
|  | (ii) | TB / tuberculosis ; | 1 | IGNORE other infectious diseases |
|  | (iii) | lung / liver / bowel, cancer ; | 1 | ACCEPT 'cancer' alone IGNORE other non-infectious diseases DO NOT CREDIT other types of cancer |
| (b) |  | selecting a group of people / example from case study / AW ; <br> monitoring the group over (a long) time ; example of time period from case study ; <br> forward looking study / AW ; | 3 max | IGNORE reference to large scale e.g. 14 million Indian participants / 40000 doctors / 650 male patients <br> e.g. 16 years / 50 years / 1998-2014 / 1948-1997 <br> look for the idea that the data is being collected from now to be subsequently analysed |



| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | (i) | $420 ; ;$ | 2 | 2 marks for correct answer even if no / wrong working shown <br> If final answer is incorrect, award 1 mark for correct working, e.g. ' $100-58$ ' $\times 10$ OR $\frac{100-58}{100} \times 1000$ <br> OR <br> '42\% X 1000 died' |
|  | (ii) | 10 ; | 1 |  |
| (e) | (i) | in men aged 60-74: increase (up to 1970) then falls (after 1970) ; <br> in men aged $35-59$ : decrease / little change ; <br> figures with units in support; | 3 max | ACCEPT 'peaks at' <br> Look for figures within an age group with two $x$ axis values and $2 y$ axis values |
|  | (ii) | lung cancer takes time to develop ; $60-70$ year olds had been smoking for longer ; | 1 max | ACCEPT have been exposed to the carcinogen for a long time |


| Quest | Expected Answer | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (f) | cough with qualification of type of cough ; <br> blood in sputum / coughing up blood / AW ; weight loss ; <br> lethargy / AW ; difficulty in breathing ; <br> change in voice ; <br> pain / symptoms, from secondary tumours ; | 2 max | e.g. 'persistent cough' OR 'chesty cough' DO NOT CREDIT cough unqualified |
|  | Total | 20 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (a) |  | caused by a pathogen ; passed from one organism to another / communicable ; | 2 | ACCEPT named type of pathogen <br> ACCEPT the idea of spreading from person to person |
|  | (b) |  | as a control ; <br> to compare to the garlic results ; to show what an antibiotic does ; | 2 max | DO NOT CREDIT 'fair test' <br> ACCEPT idea that antibiotics kill bacteria |
|  | (c) | (i) | Conclusion: <br> (onion) behaves in a similar <br> way to garlic / AW ; <br> Reason: <br> (because) same genus as / closely related to, garlic ; <br> OR <br> has (some of) same genes / common DNA (regions / markers) ; | 2 | CREDIT 1 mark for conclusion and 1 mark for reason CREDIT idea that onion also cause a zone of inhibition <br> ACCEPT 'both are Allium' DO NOT CREDIT same species |
|  |  | (ii) | less time consuming / less expensive ; no need to screen every species <br> (on agar) / AW ; <br> not wasting resources (on the wrong plants) ; alternative sources of same compound identified ; | 2 max |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | (i) | Heart attack: <br> area of heart muscle / myocardium, deprived <br> of, oxygen / oxygenated blood; <br> Cardiac arrest : <br> heart stops / AW ; | $\mathbf{2}$ | ACCEPT no pulse / cannot pump blood / ventricular fibrillation <br> DO NOT CREDIT heart / atrial fibrillation |


| Question | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (ii) | 1. check for absence of breathing; <br> 2. clear airways (lay person on their back) / tilt head / lift chin ; <br> 3. raise person's legs ; <br> 4. hands in centre of chest ; <br> 5. use heel of hand / interlocking fingers / fingers off chest; <br> 6. press down, 4-5 cm ; <br> 7. repeat 30 times; <br> 8. 100 compressions per minute ; <br> 9. (follow by) two rescue breaths; <br> 10. pinch nose and make seal around lips / AW ; <br> 11. breathe (slowly) into person's mouth; <br> 12. repeat, CPR / description (until help arrives) ; <br> 13. monitor / AW , breathing/ pulse ; <br> 14. (if pulse returns) place in recovery position ; <br> QWC for correct sequence of check, compressions, breaths, monitor ; | 7 max $1$ | IGNORE reference to pulse <br> ACCEPT remove blockages to airway <br> DO NOT CREDIT reference to stomach and abdomen <br> ACCEPT a few <br> ACCEPT 70-100 (or as current guidelines) <br> ACCEPT recovery breaths <br> DO NOT ACCEPT blow into person's mouth <br> ACCEPT '30:2' or 'cycle' or 'procedure' instead of CPR <br> look for a clear statement that they are checking <br> ACCEPT initial check for pulse and / or breathing |
|  | Total | 18 |  |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 (a) |  | $\begin{aligned} & A=\text { (inorganic) phosphate; } \\ & B=\text { deoxyribose ; } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | DO NOT CREDIT phosphate sugar DO NOT CREDIT pentose sugar DO NOT CREDIT ribose |
| (b) | (i) |   $30 ;$ <br> guanine ; purine; $20 ;$ <br> thymine; pyrimidine;  <br>   $20 ;$ <br> If table not completely correct look for: <br> first column <br> guanine ; <br> thymine; <br> second column: <br> purine next to guanine ; <br> pyrimidine next to thymine ; <br> third column: <br> A same number as $T$; <br> $G$ same number as $C$; <br> purine number equals pyrimidine number equals 100 ; | 7 | 1 mark per box <br> Correct spelling only required for thymine ACCEPT phonetic spelling for all other terms |
|  | (ii) | holds (DNA) strands / AW, together ; ref to high stability of DNA molecule ; (allows) complementary base pairing ; ( 2 hydrogen bonds) between A and T AND (3 hydrogen bonds) between C and G; | 3 max | mark is for $\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{T}$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{G}$. Both required for 1 mark. DO NOT CREDIT if numbers of hydrogen bonds given is incorrect |
| (c) | (i) | in bacteria (DNA) in cytoplasm / not in nucleus ; | 1 | CREDIT reverse argument for animals, plants and fungi CREDIT in plasmids |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
|  | (ii) | in bacteria <br> (DNA is) circular / not attached to proteins <br> / in plasmids / has no introns ; | $\mathbf{1}$ | CREDIT reverse argument for animals, plants and fungi <br> DO NOT CREDIT in plasmids if mark given in c(i) |
| (d) |  | (virus) may, have RNA / be a retrovirus ; <br> (virus) has single stranded DNA / AW ; | $\mathbf{1}$ max | ACCEPT uracil instead of thymine (implies it is RNA) <br> ACCEPT idea that DNA is different in structure <br> DO NOT CREDIT different unqualified |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers |  |  |  |  | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | (a) |  | statement | mitosis | meiosis <br> I | meiosis <br> II |  | 5 | 1 mark for each correct row |
|  |  |  | B | $\mathbf{x}$ | $\checkmark$ | X | ; |  |  |
|  |  |  | C | $\checkmark$ | X | $\checkmark$ | ; |  |  |
|  |  |  | D | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | ; |  |  |
|  |  |  | E | X | $\checkmark$ | x | ; |  |  |
|  |  |  | F | $\checkmark$ | X | $\checkmark$ | , |  |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | mutation ; |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | carcinogen UV radiatio X - rays; other forms | named c <br> radiatio | inogen ; |  |  | 2 max | CREDIT two named carcinogens e.g. benzpyrene / alcohol / tar / virus / asbestos |
|  | (c) | (i) | through, nu | ear pore | / protein | annels and rier prote |  | 1 | ACCEPT across nuclear, envelope / membrane IGNORE references to a mechanism e.g. active transport |
|  |  | (ii) | (active p53 <br> (so) small <br> complemen | is not, co ough (to the bind | lexed with <br> a (se <br> hrough n <br> site of th <br> chan | / joined to <br> d) protei <br> lear pore) <br> rect shap <br> carrier or <br> protein |  | 2 max | CREDIT reverse argument for inactive form |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | (i) | enzyme; | 1 | ACCEPT globular |
|  | (ii) | change shape of active site ; | 1 | ACCEPT idea of a change resulting in the active site not being the right shape for the substrate |
| (e) |  | no p53 / damaged p53 made / AW ; <br> (so) no p21 made ; <br> (so) cyclins bind to cyclin kinases / AW ; <br> (so) cell cycle not halted / goes beyond G1 / AW ; <br> progresses into S phase / AW ; <br> no response to / detection of, DNA damage / AW ; | 4 max | DO NOT CREDI T damaged p53 genes <br> ACCEPT DNA replicates |
|  |  | QWC ; | 1 | Look for correct references to p53 AND p21 AND cyclin kinases |
| (f) |  | (cancer) cells divide out of control / mitosis continues ; <br> apoptosis not triggered ; <br> tumour forms ; | 2 max | IGNORE cells divide rapidly |
|  |  | Total | 20 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (a) |  | (a preparation that) contains antigens ; | 1 | CREDIT triggers antibody production / specific immune response |
|  | (b) |  | Answers for $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ (in either order): <br> tetanus; <br> pertussis / whooping cough ; <br> Answer for C: <br> meningitis ; <br> Answers for $\mathbf{D}$ and $\mathbf{E}$ and $\mathbf{F}$ (in any order): <br> measles; <br> mumps ; <br> Rubella; | 6 | If $\mathbf{A}$ is tetanus then $\mathbf{B}$ must be pertussis or whooping cough <br> If $\mathbf{A}$ is pertussis or whooping cough then $\mathbf{B}$ must be tetanus <br> ACCEPT 'German measles' |
|  | (c) | (i) | the live virus is an, attenuated / weakened, strain / form ; <br> IPV does not contain live viruses / contains dead viruses ; | 1 max | DO NOT CREDIT 'dead' |



| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | (i) | Human Papilloma Virus; | 1 | ALLOW phonetic spelling of Papilloma |
|  | (ii) | (HPV causes) cervical cancer ; (only) females have a cervix ; | 2 | CREDIT 'males do not have a cervix' |
| (e) |  | HPV is sexually transmitted; <br> (could be seen as) encouraging sexual activity ; (girls) below age of consent / not 16 ; <br> (could be seen as) encouraging unprotected sex ; requires parental consent and parents might refuse ; specific religious / cultural, objections; any vaccine has risk of potential side effects ; AVP; | 3 max | idea that it will result in more sexual activity in girls under sixteen gets both marks <br> e.g. idea that vaccine might reduce cervical screening |
|  |  | Total | 16 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (a) |  | by non-disjunction ; <br> (X) chromosomes / chromatids fail to separate ; <br> in meiosis; <br> in anaphase ; <br> gamete / AW, has, no X chromosome / 22, chromosomes / only autosomes ; <br> fuses with, gamete with X chromosome / 23 chromosomes ; <br> at fertilisation ; <br> zygote has 45 chromosomes ; <br> Turner's, is XO / has only one X chromosome ; | 5 max | For all marking points, ACCEPT a labelled diagram that conveys the same information <br> CREDIT ' $X$ and $Y$ ' or 'sex chromosomes' <br> CREDIT named gamete <br> ACCEPT fertilised egg cell |
|  |  |  | QWC ; | 1 | correct reference to non disjunction in meiosis and fertilisation resulting in, 45 chromosomes / XO / missing chromosome |
|  | (b) | (i) | stimulates, cell division / mitosis ; chromosomes only visible in dividing cells ; | 1 max |  |
|  |  | (ii) | ```prevents spindle formation; stops mitosis / AW ; chromatids, still attached / not separated ;``` | 2 max | ACCEPT stopping cell division / cell cycle |
|  |  | (iii) | cells, swell / burst / lyse; chromosomes spread out ; | 1 max | ACCEPT expands |
|  |  | (iv) | so (chromosomes) visible (under microscope) ; banding pattern visible ; | 1 max |  |
|  |  |  | Total | 11 |  |

## F224 Energy, Reproduction \& Populations

| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | (a) | (i) | primary spermatocyte / spermatogonium ; | 1 | DO NOT CREDIT primary and secondary |
| spermatocyte |  |  |  |  |  |$]$


| (d) | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | can only be used within 72 hours of intercourse ; <br> abdominal, pains / cramps ; <br> sickness / vomiting / nausea; <br> specific, ethical / religious, reason ; <br> named possible medical complications ; <br> does not protect against, STIs / named sexually transmitted disease ; <br> AVP; | 2 max | DO NOT CREDIT stomach pains <br> e.g. belief that life begins at fertilisation <br> e.g. long term disruption to menstrual cycle <br> e.g. can get it without medical advice / no medical records kept |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | 11 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | (a) | (i) | D ; | 1 |  |
|  |  | (ii) | E; | 1 |  |
|  | (b) |  | 1. $\left(\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}\right)$ released from sarcoplasmic reticulum ; <br> 2. binds to troponin ; <br> 3. (troponin) changes shape ; <br> 4. tropomyosin is, displaced / AW ; <br> 5. (myosin) binding sites exposed ; <br> 6. myosin head now, binds / attaches / joins, to actin ; <br> 7. QWC ; | 4 max <br> 1 | DO NOT CREDIT $\mathrm{Ca}^{+}$or calcium CREDIT $\mathrm{Ca}^{++}$or calcium ions <br> DO NOT CREDIT myosin binds to actin <br> all three emboldened terms used and spelt correctly |
|  | (c) | (i) | 25.8 (\%) ;; | 2 | Correct answer = 2 marks CREDIT answers to a maximum of 1dp If answer incorrect, allow 1 working mark for $(8 \div 31) \times 100 \text { OR } 26$ <br> DO NOT CREDIT 26.0 |


| (ii) | age (group) ; <br> ethnic origin ; <br> build / somatotype ; <br> baseline fitness / AW ; <br> no underlying illness ; |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| diet ; |  |
| same number of tablets ; |  |
| same appearance of tablets ; |  |
| no other, supplements / medication ; |  |

## Mark the first 2 stated answers

 DO NOT CREDIT gendere.g. mesomorph / BMI / height and weight DO NOT CREDIT height or weight alone
e.g. people are all athletes / smokers or non- smokers
DO NOT CREDIT family history of disease
e.g. colour / size

2 max

| Question |  | (iii) | expected Answers <br> protein / amino acid ; <br> for growth of muscle, fibres / cells ; <br> or <br> carbohydrate / sugar ; <br> for energy for, exercise / storage ; <br> or <br> steroid / named steroid ; <br> stimulate protein synthesis ; <br> or <br> creatine phosphate ; <br> rapid regeneration of ATP ; | Additional Guidance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | CREDIT one appropriate ingredient with a valid use |  |  |  |



| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \\ & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | lipids <br> more $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ bonds or more reduced or more hydrogen; <br> produces more reduced NAD ; <br> produces more ATP per gram ; <br> more aerobic respiration or more electron transport chain / ETC / oxidative phosphorylation / chemiosmosis or fats only broken down aerobically; | 2 max | CREDIT reverse argument for carbohydrates Statements should be comparative DO NOT CREDIT $\mathrm{H}_{2}$ / hydrogen ions <br> CREDIT reduced NAD / NADH $/$ / NADH $+\mathrm{H}^{+}$ |
| (d) | (i) | $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ produced divided by $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ consumed; volume of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ divided by volume of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$; in the same time / per unit time ; | 2 max | CREDIT volume of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ produced gets both marks volume of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ consumed DO NOT CREDIT amount <br> CREDIT $\div$ (a specified) time or (a specified) time ${ }^{-1}$ |
|  | (ii) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { carbohydrate = } 1.0 ; \\ & \text { lipid }=0.6-0.8 ; \end{aligned}$ | 2 | CREDIT a single figure in the range or a range |
|  | (iii) | goes up ; | 1 | CREDIT a figure greater than 1 or figures that show an increase |
|  |  | Total | 12 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | (a) | 1 2 3 4 5 | implantation less likely (in uterus of older woman) ; <br> miscarriage rate increases (with age) ; <br> (as) fewer hormones / unbalanced hormones (in older woman) / menopause; <br> (as) genetic defects increase in oocyte (with age) ; <br> placental function less efficient ; | 3 max | IGNORE description of the trend <br> CREDIT reverse argument for younger mothers but do not credit the same mark point twice |
|  | (b) |  | (GIFT) <br> sperm and oocytes placed directly in, oviduct / fallopian tube ; <br> natural fertilisation ; <br> sperm / oocytes, often donated ; <br> (ICSI) <br> sperm injected directly into oocyte ; <br> embryo inserted into uterus ; | (2 max) <br> 3 max | CREDIT male and female gametes throughout DO NOT CREDIT ‘egg' <br> 2 max overall if : <br> - treatments not identified <br> - GIFT and ICSI swapped round |
|  |  |  | Total | 6 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | (a) | (i) | rubisco / ribulose bisphosphate carboxylase / RuBP carboxylase; | 1 | DO NOT CREDIT RuBP / RuBPase |
|  |  | (ii) | ATP ; reduced NADP ; | 2 | ACCEPT NADPH / NADPH $/$ / NADPH $+\mathrm{H}^{+}$ DO NOT CREDIT reduced NAD / NADH ${ }_{2}$ / $\mathrm{NADH}+\mathrm{H}$ |
|  |  | (iii) | lipids / fatty acids / triglycerides / glycerol ; amino acids / protein ; <br> AVP ; | $2 \text { max }$ | e.g. nucleic acids / nucleotides / DNA / RNA |
|  | (b) | (i) | as mass of algae increases dissolved oxygen concentration decreases ; <br> paired comparative figs with units ; | 2 | both mass and concentration on 2 separate days <br> e.g. algae 15-115 <br> oxygen $8.5-0.5$ <br> figures can be manipulated <br> assume days $0-20$ unless otherwise stated |


| Question |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (ii) | mineral ions enter lake, from effluent ; <br> named ion ; <br> algae use / AW, ions, to grow ; <br> eutrophication ; <br> ref. higher temperature / longer day length / higher light intensity, in summer; | 2 max | e.g. nitrate / ammonium / phosphate IGNORE potassium (because effluent, not fertiliser) <br> ACCEPT 'more light in summer' |
|  | (iii) | 1. plants / algae, die (from lack of light) ; <br> 2. (plants / algae) decomposed / decayed, by bacteria ; <br> 3. increasing population of bacteria / AW ; <br> 4. more oxygen used (by bacteria) ; <br> 5. (bacteria carry out) aerobic respiration ; | 3 max | IGNORE oxygen used or produced by algae <br> must stress the idea of more bacteria must stress the idea of more oxygen |
|  |  | Total | 12 |  |


| Question |  |  | Expected Answers | Marks | Additional Guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | (a) | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | (interacting) community of organisms ; within, a specific habitat ; biotic / living, component ; abiotic / physical, component ; shows biodiversity / variety of species ; <br> QWC ; | 2 max <br> 1 | DO NOT CREDIT 'rainforest' alone <br> ACCEPT named plants from Fig. 6.1 <br> three of the emboldened terms used and spelt correctly |
|  | (b) | 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 | medical use ; <br> named resource material ; <br> food / agriculture ; <br> ecotourism / aesthetic benefits ; <br> prevention of natural disasters ; <br> home to indigenous human populations ; <br> remove $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ from atmosphere, so reduce climate change ; | 3 max | mark the first three stated answers <br> e.g. wood for building / fibres for clothes / genetic resource <br> e.g. prevents soil erosion / prevents flash floods / specific impact on climate |
|  |  |  |  | 6 |  |

## Grade Thresholds

## Advanced GCE Human Biology (H423)

Advanced Subsidiary GCE Human Biology (H023)
January 2010 Examination Series
Unit Threshold Marks

| Unit |  | Maximum <br> Mark | a | b | c | d | $\mathbf{e}$ | $\mathbf{u}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| F221 | Raw | 60 | 39 | 33 | 28 | 23 | 18 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 90 | 72 | 63 | 54 | 45 | 36 | 0 |
| F222 | Raw | 100 | 65 | 58 | 51 | 44 | 37 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 150 | 120 | 105 | 90 | 75 | 60 | 0 |
| F224 | Raw | 60 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 26 | 21 | 0 |
|  | UMS | 90 | 72 | 63 | 54 | 45 | 36 | 0 |

## Specification Aggregation Results

Overall threshold marks in UMS (ie after conversion of raw marks to uniform marks)

|  | Maximum <br> Mark | A | B | C | D | E | U |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H023 | 300 | 240 | 210 | 180 | 150 | 120 | 0 |

The cumulative percentage of candidates awarded each grade was as follows:

|  | A | B | C | D | E | $\mathbf{U}$ | Total Number of <br> Candidates |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{H 0 2 3}$ | 2.2 | 17.8 | 42.2 | 71.9 | 95.6 | 100.0 | 136 |

136 candidates aggregated this series.
For a description of how UMS marks are calculated see:
http://www.ocr.org.uk/learners/ums/index.html
Statistics are correct at the time of publication.

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