

Examiners' Report

Summer 2016

Pearson Edexcel GCE in History (WHI01) Paper 1C

Edexcel and BTEC Qualifications

Edexcel and BTEC qualifications are awarded by Pearson, the UK's largest awarding body. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers. For further information visit our qualifications websites at www.btec.co.uk. Alternatively, you can get in touch with us using the details on our contact us page at www.edexcel.com/contactus.

Pearson: helping people progress, everywhere

Pearson aspires to be the world's leading learning company. Our aim is to help everyone progress in their lives through education. We believe in every kind of learning, for all kinds of people, wherever they are in the world. We've been involved in education for over 150 years, and by working across 70 countries, in 100 languages, we have built an international reputation for our commitment to high standards and raising achievement through innovation in education. Find out more about how we can help you and your students at: www.pearson.com/uk

Summer 2016
Publications Code UA041796
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Pearson Education Ltd 2016

Grade Boundaries

Grade boundaries for this, and all other papers, can be found on the website on this link: http://www.edexcel.com/iwantto/Pages/grade-boundaries.aspx

Principal Examiner Report 2016

iA Level History

WHI01 1A/1B/1C/1D: International Advanced Subsidiary

WHI01 1C Germany 1918-45

WHI01 is a new International Advanced Subsidiary examination that is part of the new iA Level History qualification, and was examined for the first time this summer. WHI01 (unit 1) is a Depth Study with Interpretations, and comprises four options; 1A France in Revolution 1774-99, 1B Russia in Revolution 1881-1917, 1C Germany 1918-45, and 1D Britain 1964-90. The assessment criteria for all the options, and questions are AO1 and AO3, and all the options, and questions are covered by a generic mark scheme, based on Level descriptors.

Although, at this early stage in the life of the qualification, the entry for this unit was quite low, it was encouraging to see that there were entries for all of the four options. Paper 1A had 21 candidates, Paper 1B had 39 candidates, Paper 1C had 85 candidates and Paper 1D had 23 candidates.

This report will have comments on all of the four options and questions, but it is important that centres take on board some generic comments which are based on the marking of this summer's cohort, and consider and apply these when preparing candidates for future examinations in these options.

- WHI01 is both a study in depth and a study of interpretations, and it is necessary for candidates to do both, at all levels in the mark scheme, in order to score marks. Ignoring the stated view in the question, and merely writing information that may be relevant to the general focus of the question does not fully meet the criteria for Level 1, and consequently none of the other levels. Even at Level 1 the mark scheme expects simple or generalised consideration of the stated view in the question. Some candidates paid very little attention to the stated view (ignoring it completely or sometimes only referring to it in the conclusion) and narrated or described other information that was either relevant or not to the actual question.
- Across all of the options, in candidate responses, there was very little evidence seen of planning. As the examination is two hours long, implying that candidates might divide that time equally between the two essays they choose, it would seem sensible to devote some time (possibly no more than 10 minutes per question) to planning each question. That would hopefully ensure that when the answer is written the stated view is considered (Level 2, 3 and 4 all require to varying degrees understanding, analysis and exploration of the given view) and then other factors/views can follow, which will then allow the candidate to establish some criteria with which they are able to consider the importance, or not, of the given view and make some judgements. Those candidates who planned (this appeared on their examination script before they answered the question) invariably scored better than candidates who had not planned. Planned answers tended to score at the top of Level 3 and into, and including the top, of Level 4, whereas unplanned answers meandered and judgements tended to be stated, rather than supported by valid criteria, and often achieved marks at the Level 2 and Level 3 boundary or below.
- The need to stress to candidates that in examination situations they must read the
 question carefully, and not take the question as an opportunity to write all they know
 about the topic, or answer a question they would have preferred that is near to the
 actual question, but not the actual question. This was particularly evident in the
 Germany paper, and particularly the question about the role of Hitler.

- It was noted that a few candidates did not indicate which question they had answered first and which question they had answered second. While this did not mean that their responses were not marked, candidates are expected to indicate which questions they answer.
- There was some evidence of candidates running out of time, but they were very few. Impressing the need to plan essays in the examination is surely the remedy to this problem given the amount of time candidates actually have.

Option 1C Germany 1918-45

- This paper had the largest number of candidate entries: 85.
- Question 1 proved to be the most popular, followed by question 2, question 3 and question 4.
- In question 1 those candidates who stuck to the focus of the question, particularly the years 1924 to 1929 scored the best marks. Many candidates wrote about the earlier period 1919-24, and some were very descriptive of issues like reparations and the Dawes Plan, and, as a consequence never really got into the focus of the question. Some candidates did cover a range of issues that they used in order to judge if the period was in fact a period of 'Golden Years' for Germany eg. economic, political and social. Many candidates discussed the work done by Stresemann to improve Germany's international standing, a while these factors were not specifically stated in the specification, candidates were rewarded for their knowledge if they linked it to the question, as many did.
- The example below scored a mark in the middle of Level 3. There was some
 understanding of the stated view, some knowledge in depth of economic issues but a
 lack of range of other issues, and there were some attempts to make judgements.

your mind, put a line through the box 图 and then indicate your new question with a cross 图. Chosen question number: Question 1 🗷 Question 2 🗵 Question 3 🖸 Question 4 🖾 (This page is for your first answer) Historians say that the years 1524-29 were the Godden Years for Commany. In fact, there are several occasions that happened which suggest these It akenest, which were led by Greeter Stusemann as chancellor in 1924 and 1924 - 29. For example the Davis Plan (1524), (1221), untrance into the Ceague of Unions (Treaty of Bestin (1976), Kellog- Broand Pact (1975) und the Yang Plan (1929) led to the impression of the Golden Years'. In 1924, a US Banker, Charles Dawes, introduced the Daves Plan to help Overmany and put them at their missing and economic phight after the Great lufterion Garly heatment from the 10 1223 and the the Treaty of lisself in 1218, because Germain

Put a cross in the box ⊠ indicating the FIRST question you have chosen to answer. If you change

the Greaning and they fet hope and interpreted it as good on

the Daires Plan

track. They wase much better conditions

back to pay reporations of 6,6 billions

As a result,

could pay back their reparation more early

loans (1000 millions for four year, then 2500 millions)

(This page is for your first answer) line. In reality, it made them totally dypendent as America and a Gertar Strenanon said: It lades good on them surface, but becoming is demotioned on a vilcano. (see abl Steel Crash 1225). Scandly Instanians say that after the Cocano Pact in 1925, the relationship with other cambril increased and they were not seen anymade as an outcast or parish Due to the Cocono Pact, Germany had an agreement Selevely France and Relgium, that the border and not be changed by force. So after the Event Com from 12-44 18, the German felt safe on the arthur border lockredingly, there was no part for the Eastern bordens. Thirdly, lasteriess say that the contrance into the league of Nations in 1926 and the Treaty of Bestin in 1926 led to the impression of the Goddin Years' In fact, the entrance into the league of Mations, becamany was given great power and the right to set a Green ony was not Seen as a parish und it luded the isdation. These and hope for broman pugle to be keated number of saidy. Also the Treday of Bestin Supred the German Beggle. It was an expenditure at the Turky of Regula in 1922 and gase German an alice with quest power (USSR). But it also erox suspicion because the WUR Cafter their revolution in 1917) and a communist state and Guman pegole was afraid of a communist take over (the red threat).

(This page is for your first answer) Fourthly, the Kelley - Briand Pact in 1921 gave German people the impussion to be an accepted member of society again and that there was hope that Great again. The Keloy-Brand Pack was a clause, signed by GE countries, that war is unacceptable instrument of regulation and that they should tall to each other first and negotiate. Bithly, the Young Plan in 1229 also gave the impression to German people that Germany is agrending again from their coed position, according to historians. The Yang Plan Expland the Dawes Plan and cut the reportation sum from 6,6 billion to 18T billions, to be paid a 58 gress. The life of German people has become better and they were earning more many and property now, due to the increased decreased reportation seem they had be pay. That dovicesly they afraid of another inflation and they great their in stead of saving it. (coming tuenties) Furthermore, historians say also consider the Wall Street Crash In 1929 as an important factor, which shows that those years were not as golden as Expected. In 1979, the American shares fell down very law and the project were afraid of laxing their money. It a result, rubed to the banks and have taken their imany out of it. The regult was that many banks adopted and been which was for example the Darmstadterbank. And Colomany (This page is for your first answer) which was bestilen dependent on

America dee to Dawes Plan, fell into misting
and a economic phosps. Afterwards, the Great Deposition

Started and very law bising Standards acre all over Deposition

In conclusion, there are factors which gave the impossion

that the years 1324-29 were golder, but only to can

saland. In fact, there were other factors, such as the

Woll Street Gresh, which denight this Stakestert.

• The example below scored a mark in the middle of Level 1. Some of the answer is about issues before 1924 and there is little focus or understanding of the question.

Put a cross in the box ⊠ indicating the FIRST question you have chosen to answer. If you change your mind, put a line through the box ⊠ and then indicate your new question with a cross ⊠.

Chosen question number: Question 1 Question 2

Question 3 😡 Question 4 🗵

(This page is for your first answer) Golden years of trameny was the peck of buccess for cremons. They were coming from a word about to an every thing were coming from diporcosion and the hype-in flution. Also the change of the your ment was by in germany they were coming from monachy and movey to demonstrate system have were back from the wor.

When the first world war was done Germany was in dip the Solicers were coming to nothing because thy lost a cor durny to was was Thy wonted to stort revolution in Germany souchers stocked taking over their so job and protest was arrangement, because they wanted Charge of Reistay 5. com is and changed everything The paralians people worked so not couse "CIVILLE IN GERMAN They poomised fob to them wh come buck to from the war (SPD) The bemore try pury charge of Weiner portinent it was about right way and left way that court countries for Ku Cotos typus, they decree to come together would course on

(This page is for your first answer) work for the goods in cremeny closs
Mou ourse try have alles to supposed them, Thy mucho
Sure so they doo't cut ony tree with them Them. These
was before creenery coolin years thy had to go through
hand have before reach there.

The great de prosesson and hype-inflation was a too by por for granny be so a the crown years hype-inflution 1922-23 just a year was probum people were getting the fluir Cornery and that caused a lot of problems because a lot of people were dy my, also the great depersion Neyeya they point beto a Colden year The great de passion was when the sestours were comy here from the wer where germony worked and ther money during worldwor I that Affected the economic Issues that brought gomery with the people Securise are they were he only so that thy were we wrong is were but from the nowhere they hear they lest the war That would come hug proble on teckciaires Thy trusto keep every they under rep so no one would know what happeny 600 million worker were un playment the government song would help them cover their depth That when the goulen year storts too germany. The good would dort coming in for them & booking they all wort werent through The ugh years on tell they reach their gouler years. I' was -Southing that they thought wouldn't too others it.

(This page is for your first answer) Goldn year was the success of Germany with her of government out they alies Germony your economic and socially they goew very Strong 1 was an outbreck from the or end a boom for comony. The import inputs and the exput was the way for their economy to rise with them ex charging with the forgo country gove them a To lot of strength. Ase factories was to way too been & thy were buildry can at they could set in Germony and forengin countries. Theoter and are ma were the rise for Germany they storted to more more Theorer to so the public could come and egyoy. They brough & celebrates to gormany areno something that the public could enjoy. Socially thes toos Golden years & for germany . In economic was Germany was in their poeumoments. With the help of government Weiner and changes that was the gour years a commy, They build a strong allies To the foreign country who were their buyers also Thy were belping with the incomes in ocenny The wine were a blot of pros in their. In conclusion before the govern years my way to go around a bord time to reach were they were comme Intrudy brough all the good in Germany also also with The care it was very our our our our for them The cos intrustries was on or eye openny forther

 for your fi						
 	 	***************************************	 	 	 •	

- In question 2 many candidates took the question as an opportunity to describe or narrate aspects of Hitler's life or rise to power. Also, some candidates read the question as 1925-34, or 1929-34, and as a consequence did not meet the demands of the question nor the criteria in the mark scheme.
- In question 3 some candidates used knowledge from the 1920s hyperinflation period as their evidence of how the Nazi's had improved living conditions in the 1930s, and many candidates wrote extensively about the Nazi's economic policies but not about how they improved, or not, the standard of living for Germans.
- In question 4 while many focused on the genocide of Jews and Himmler's responsibility, or not, in the years 1939-45, many candidates wrote extensively about how Jews had been treated in the period 1933-39, which was not a requirement of the focus of the question.