Please check the examination details below	v before entering your candidate information
Candidate surname	Other names
Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE	e Number Candidate Number
<b>Tuesday 21 May</b>	2019
Afternoon (Time: 2 hours 15 minutes)	Paper Reference 9HI0/1F
History	
Advanced Paper 1: Breadth study with inter Option 1F: In search of the Americ	·
You must have: Extracts Booklet (enclosed)	Total Marks

#### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- There are three sections in this question paper. Answer ONE question from Section A, ONE question from Section B and the question in Section C.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 60.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶



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#### **SECTION A**

#### **Answer EITHER Question 1 OR Question 2.**

#### **EITHER**

1 How accurate is it to say that, in the years 1917-55, there was very limited improvement in the lives of black Americans?

(Total for Question 1 = 20 marks)

#### OR

2 How accurate is it to say that, in the years 1941-80, the impact of war and the Cold War brought about a decline in the confidence the nation had in the presidency?

(Total for Question 2 = 20 marks)

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nosen question number:	Question 1	Question 2	$\boxtimes$	
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(Section A continued)	
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	TOTAL FOR CECTION A COMMANY
	TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 20 MARKS

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#### **SECTION B**

#### **Answer EITHER Question 3 OR Question 4.**

#### **EITHER**

3 How far do you agree that developments in popular culture, in the years 1917-45, had an overwhelmingly positive influence on American society?

(Total for Question 3 = 20 marks)

#### OR

4 How accurate is it to say that the most significant feature improving the quality of life in the USA, in the years 1917-80, was the development of a car-owning culture?

(Total for Question 4 = 20 marks)



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Indicate which question you are answering by ma mind, put a line through the box ⊠ and then in	rking a cross in the box $\boxtimes$ . If you change your ndicate your new question with a cross $\boxtimes$ .
Chosen question number: Question 3 Question Ques	uestion 4



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#### **SECTION C**

St	Study Extracts 1 and 2 in the Extracts Booklet before you answer this question.	
5	In the light of differing interpretations, how convincing do you find the view that the Reagan presidency cannot be given credit for revitalising American politics?	
	To explain your answer, analyse and evaluate the material in both extracts, using you own knowledge of the issues.	ır
		(20)



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### **Pearson Edexcel Level 3 GCE**

# **Tuesday 21 May 2019**

Afternoon

Paper Reference 9HI0/1F

## **History**

**Advanced** 

Paper 1: Breadth study with interpretations

Option 1F: In search of the American dream: the USA, c1917-96

#### **Extracts Booklet**

Do not return this booklet with the question paper.

Turn over ▶





#### Extracts for use with Section C.

**Extract 1:** From Richard M. Abrams, *America Transformed: Sixty Years of Revolutionary Change, 1941–2001*, published 2008.

Ronald Reagan presented himself as someone with a straight-shooting, down-to-earth attitude. Yet his remarkable inability to separate fact and truth from fiction and myth became legendary. He made up provocative stories to illustrate his opposition to social welfare and repeated them even after it became known that they were fictitious. To justify his opposition to environmental regulations, he proposed the absurdity that trees contributed more to pollution than did automobiles. He authorised a deliberate violation of law and public policy in the Iran-Contra affair, and several high officials in his government lied under oath about it. The gap between what the man publicly said, and repeated, and what the facts clearly indicated was often overwhelming.

By the mid-1990s this gap produced a woeful decline in standards within American political life. Curiously, Reagan's personal popularity was not matched by public approval of his policies. Contemporary polls repeatedly showed that most Americans supported policies sharply at odds with those Reagan pushed through a Congress that was intimidated by a President of such evident popularity. These included Social Security, environmental and consumer protection and taxation policies.

**Extract 2:** From Gil Troy, *The Reagan Revolution: A Very Short Introduction*, published 2009.

'They called it the Reagan revolution,' Ronald Reagan noted in his farewell address. 'Well, I'll accept that, but for me it always seemed more like the great rediscovery, a rediscovery of our values and our common sense.' Reagan's legacy continued to shape American politics, diplomacy, culture, and economics. Throughout the early 1990s, Ronald Reagan's historical standing plummeted. More people seemed to remember his mistakes not his gains, his losses not his wins. Ironically, the Democratic victory in 1992 helped resurrect Reagan's historical reputation. The Democrats' embrace of the booming 1990s made it harder to criticise Reagan Republicans for championing the booming 1980s.

The end of the Cold War loomed even larger as an achievement, as the economic growth of the 1990s minimised the significance of the once formidable Reagan-era budget deficits. Reagan had a quick wit, a silver tongue and a sunny vision. Reagan's revolution, restoration and rediscovery continued to shape the country. Americans were living in a Reaganised America. America had emerged as the world's only superpower, enjoying a capitalist resurgence at home and abroad. Reagan's sun-belt conservatism continued to shine – or cast a shadow, depending on one's perspective – in the courts, the Congress, and state capitals. Reagan revived Americans' traditional self-confidence, restoring their optimism about their country's future.

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