

# A-level HISTORY

Component 2K International Relations and Global Conflict, c1890-1941

Friday 9 June 2023 Afternoon Time allowed: 2 hours 30 minutes

# **Materials**

For this paper you must have:

• an AQA 16-page answer book.

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The **Paper Reference** is 7042/2K.
- Answer three questions.
  - In Section A answer Question 01.
  - In **Section B** answer **two** questions.

# Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You will be marked on your ability to:
  - use good English
  - organise information clearly
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

# Advice

- You are advised to spend about:
  - 1 hour on Question 01 from Section A
  - 45 minutes on each of the **two** questions answered from **Section B**.

IB/M/Jun23/E4 7042/2K

#### Section A

# Answer Question 01.

# Source A

From a memo sent to members of the Polish Government by Polish Foreign Minister, Jozef Beck, 23 August 1939.

Today's announcements about the intended Nazi-Soviet non-aggression pact prove conclusively that the Soviet government has been playing a double game for a long time, seeking to break our negotiations with Paris and London. We cannot be blamed for what is happening. In view of the significance of today's events, I believe that the only answer is closer cooperation between England, France and Poland. The Germans will certainly encounter difficulties in negotiations with the Soviets. The Nazi-Soviet Pact surely implies there will be a collapse of Hitler's ideology and of the Anti-Comintern Pact.

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Under these conditions, much depends on the decisive attitude of governments and the press in England, France and Poland. If necessary, I agree to publish the final phase of our negotiations with Moscow. These clearly show the dishonesty of the Soviet Union. I will also manage the attitude of our press and public opinion towards this aggressive Nazi-Soviet Pact.

## Source B

From a radio broadcast by William Joyce, 23 June 1941. Joyce, a former member of the British Union of Fascists, broadcast to the UK from Hamburg throughout the war.

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# Source C

From the memoirs of Nikita Khrushchev, 1971. Khrushchev was the secretary of the Moscow Regional Committee in 1939 and was with Stalin when the Nazi-Soviet Pact was signed.

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0 1 With reference to these sources and your understanding of the historical context, assess the value of these three sources to an historian studying the Nazi-Soviet Pact.

[30 marks]

**Turn over for Section B** 

### Section B

# Answer **two** questions.

To what extent was the growth of rival alliance systems, in the years 1902 to 1911, provoked by German foreign policy?

[25 marks]

o late of the years 1911 to 1914, it was the actions of Austria-Hungary that were responsible for the outbreak of war in Europe.'

Assess the validity of this view.

[25 marks]

1 'In the years 1923 to 1928, attempts at disarmament and conciliation in international relations were a failure.'

Assess the validity of this view.

[25 marks]

### **END OF QUESTIONS**

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