General Certificate of Education January 2007 Advanced Level Examination

HEALTH AND SOCIAL CARE Unit 13 The Role of Exercise in Maintaining Health and Well-Being

HC13



Thursday 25 January 2007 9.00 am to 11.00 am

For this paper you must have:

• a 12-page answer book.

Time allowed: 2 hours

Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The *Examining Body* for this paper is AQA. The *Paper Reference* is HC13.
- Answer all questions.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- You will be marked on your ability to use good English, to organise information clearly and to use specialist vocabulary, where appropriate.

Answer all questions.

There are 20 marks for each question.

1		Ali is a young male adult who trains regularly and has developed good aerobic fitness. His dynamic strength and flexibility are excellent.				
	(a)	(i)	What is the measurement of aerobic fitness?	(1 mark)		
		(ii)	Explain what is meant by 'good aerobic fitness'.	(4 marks)		
	 (iii) Describe the likely long-term effects of regular training on Ali's aerobic fitness. Refer to physiological processes in your answer. (9 mark) 		itness. (9 marks)			
	(b) Explain what is meant by excellent:					
		(i)	dynamic strength	(3 marks)		
		(ii)	flexibility.	(3 marks)		
2	Alison is an obese 40-year-old. She wants to start an exercise programme at her local gym to					

- 2 Alison is an obese 40-year-old. She wants to start an exercise programme at her local gym to help her lose weight.
 - (a) (i) Suggest three different safety precautions Alison should take before starting exercise. Give one different reason why each is important. (6 marks)
 - (ii) Describe two different benefits, other than weight loss, which Alison may gain from following an exercise programme at her local gym. (4 marks)
 - (b) Explain how following an exercise programme will help Alison lose weight. Refer to physiological processes in your answer. (10 marks)

- Perceived Exertion Scale (0–20) Measurements Exercise Female Female Female Female Starts B D A С 5 5 4 1 minute 4 7 8 9 5 2 minutes 3 minutes 14 11 7 11 4 minutes 12 19 11 8 Exercise stops
- **3** The following data were recorded using a perceived exertion scale while four 25-year-old

	(ii)	Explain the limitations of using a perceived exertion scale.	(2 marks)
(b)	Further data from female B recorded her BMI as 28 and her peak flow as 300 dm ³ /min.		
	Wha	t do these results indicate about female B?	(2 marks)
(c)) Explain how:		
	(i)	BMI is calculated	(3 marks)
	(ii)	a peak flow reading is obtained.	(3 marks)

(i) Explain, giving reasons, what the data in the table indicate about the relative fitness

(10 marks)

4 Mitchell is an adult male who has Type 1 diabetes and is at risk of developing heart disease.

(a) Explain how regular exercise can help Mitchell:

of the four females.

(i)	regulate his diabetes	(6 marks)
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- (ii) prevent heart disease. (4 marks)
- (b) Walking every day would be good exercise for Mitchell.
 - What advice about walking as an exercise should Mitchell be given?(4 marks)
- (c) Mitchell finds his illness can be a barrier to regular exercise.

Give three other common barriers to regular exercise and suggest one different way each may be overcome. (6 marks)

END OF QUESTIONS

females performed an identical exercise. On this scale 0 = no effort and 20 = maximum effort.

(a)

There are no questions printed on this page