

German Progression Guide - Moving from GCSE to GCE and beyond

Introduction and content

This guide has been designed to help centres understand the progression opportunities between Edexcel's GCSE 09 German and Edexcel's GCE 2008 qualifications. It is organised into the following sections:

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1. Bridging the Gap

To help students' progress from GCSE to GCE they should try to:

- revise carefully all the vocabulary and grammar requirements for GCSE Higher Level
- increase vocabulary, adding abstract words and phrases to the more concrete vocabulary already learned for GCSE
- practise applying previously learned structures and vocabulary to new situations
- avoid anglicisms by exploring in greater depth the idiom of the target language
- become immersed in the target language and its culture by subscribing to newspapers and magazines; watching television programmes, films and DVDs; listening to radio broadcasts; and exploring the internet for appropriate materials in the target language
- use the language assistant for intensive practice
- learn to argue a case if necessary, and at an early stage, developing ideas and arguments in general English conversation if this is alien. These skills can then be transferred into discussion in another language
- learn to structure a piece of written work appropriately, whether a letter, an e-mail, an argument, a report or a piece of research
- explore and develop further an understanding of the culture, society and heritage of one or more countries in which the language is used
- understand and apply the grammatical system and a range of structures as listed in the AS/A2 specifications
- ensure that any self-study time is closely directed at first, keeping a log of independent reading and listening.

2. Assessment Objectives

The assessment objectives for GCSE and GCE are listed below side-by-side to aid comparison. It should be noted that AO3 at GCE is subsumed into both AO2 and AO4 at GCSE. For GCE, the knowledge and understanding requirements are inextricably linked to the four language skills of listening, speaking, reading and writing.

	GCSE	GCE
AO1	Understand spoken language	Understand & respond, in speech & writing, to spoken language.
AO2	Communicate in speech	Understand & respond, in speech & writing, to written language.
AO3	Understand written language	Show knowledge of & apply accurately the grammar & syntax prescribed in the specification.
AO4	Communicate in writing	





3. Listening

The table below details progression from GCSE to GCE in different aspects of the Listening assessment.

	GCSE	GCE
i) Skills	Understand spoken German in a variety of	Develop understanding of German in a
	contexts & styles.	variety of contexts & genres.
	Understand German vocabulary &	Listen & respond to a variety of spoken
	structures from across 4 specified	German-language sources.
	common topic areas.	
	Develop language learning &	Consider the study of German in a
	communication skills, which can be	broader context.
	applied broadly.	
ii) Testing	Discrete skill	AS: Discrete skill
		A2: Integrated assessment (via speaking)
iii) Task	Non-verbal: e.g. multiple choice,	Non-verbal: multiple-choice, tick 4
types	matching/comparison, complete grids,	correct statements, summary with gap
types	tick 4 correct sentences etc.	fill.
	Written: short English language	Written: verbal responses in German.
	responses.	
iv) Register	Formal (e.g. telephone messages).	A variety of contexts and genres
	Informal (e.g. social interaction)	
v) Content	4 common topic areas:	4 defined topic areas (AS)
		7 defined topic areas (A2)
	Out and about:	The world around us: travel and
		tourism, environmental issues:
	 Visitor information 	 Tourist information, travel and
	 Basic weather 	transport
	 Local amenities 	Weather
	Accommodation	Pollution
	Public transport	
	• Directions	Customs, traditions, beliefs and religions
	2 Bill cottons	(A2)
		National Cinternational counts and
		National & international events: past, present & future (A2).
	Customer services and transactions:	Youth culture and concerns:
	 Cafés and restaurants 	 Music and fashion
	• Shops	
	Dealing with problems	



Personal information:	Youth culture and concerns:
 General interests 	 Music and fashion
 Leisure activities Family and friends Lifestyle (healthy eating & exercise) 	 Technology (e.g. mp3, blogs, mobile phones etc) Relationships (family, friends & peer pressure)
	Lifestyle: health & fitness:
	Sport & exerciseFood and dietHealth issues
	Literature and the arts (A2)
Future plans, education and work: • Basic language of the internet • Simple job advertisements • Simple job applications and CV • School and college • Work and work experience	Education and employment • Education (schooling & higher education) • The world of work Youth culture and concerns
	Technology

4. Speaking

The table below details progression from GCSE to GCE in different aspects of the Speaking assessment.

	GCSE	GCE
i) Skills	Communicate effectively in German for	Communicate effectively &
	variety of purposes.	confidently in German for a range of
		purposes & situations.
	Understand and apply a range of German	Understand & apply the
	vocabulary and structures.	grammatical system & a range of
		structures of the German language
		(as defined in the grammar list).
	Develop language learning &	Express facts & ideas, present
	communication skills, which can be applied	explanations, opinions &
	broadly.	information.
		A2 only: Present viewpoints,
		develop arguments, analyse and
		evaluate.
ii) Testing	Discrete skill assessment.	AS: Discrete skill assessment
		A2: Integrated assessment (listening
		& reading are also assessed via
		speaking).
iii)	2 different oral tasks at 4 - 6 minutes each.	AS: 1 oral at 8 - 10 minutes
Requirement		A2: 1 oral at 11 - 13 minutes.
iv) Outcomes	Un-tiered: differentiation by outcome	Differentiation by outcome



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v) Assessment	Opportunities to submit candidate work in	AS: assessment opportunities in
availability	January and May, although teachers may	January and May
	assess their students at any relevant point	
	on an ongoing basis.	
vi) Task types	Presentation and follow-on discussion	
	Picture-based free-flowing discussion	
	Open interaction	AS: Edexcel set questions on a
	Edexcel provides stimulus (max 70 words) &	stimulus (stimulus card is 70 - 90
	tasks but these may be adapted or you may	words & refreshed every session),
	produce your own	followed by discussion.
	Refreshed every 2 years	A2: debate of a chosen issue
		followed by discussion of other
		issues.
vii) Register	Students use German for different purposes	Students use German for different
,	and in different settings.	purposes and settings.
viii) Content	One or more theme(s) from the following 5	AS: Candidate chooses ONE topic
VIII) GOIREOIRE	options:	from the four AS topic areas
	options:	A2: Candidate has a free choice of
		chosen issue (i.e. not limited to the
		7 topic areas). Follow on discussion
		issues will relate to any of the 7
		topic areas.
	Media and culture	Youth culture and concerns
	E.g.	
	Music/film/reading	Music and fashion
	Tokio Hotel	
	Lola rennt (15)	Technology (e.g. mp3, blogs,
	Die Welle (15)	mobile phones, internet,
	Ich fühl mich so fifty:fifty	games etc)
	lon rain mon so mry.mry	Litanatuma O tha anta (AO anta) a n
	• Eachian (colobrities (roligion	Literature & the arts (A2 only) e.g.
	 Fashion/celebrities/religion Mozart, Daniel Brühl, Cornelia Funke 	Mozart, Franke Potenta,
	Mozart, Damer Bruin, Comena Funke	Compalia Funka
	D1 (1)	Cornelia Funke
	Blogs/internet	
		Customs, traditions, beliefs and
		religions (A2 only).
	Sport and Leisure	Lifestyle: health and fitness
	E.g.	
	 Hobbies/interests 	 Sport and exercise
	 Sporting events 	 Food and diet
	 Lifestyle choices 	 Health issues (e.g. smoking)
	Travel and Tourism	The world around us: travel,
	E.g.	tourism, environmental issues:
	Holidays	Tourist information, travel
	Accommodation	and transport
	Eating, food and drink	Lifestyle: health and fitness:
		2.103tyle. Health and Hilless.
		Food and diet
		- I ood and diet



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	Business, work and employment E.g.	Education and employment:
	Work experience/part-time jobsProduct or service information	 The world of work (e.g. job opportunities)
	Centre-devised option (Theme which corresponds to students interests)	Youth culture and concerns:
	E.g.Family and friendsTeenage drinking and drugs issues	 Relationships (family/ friendships & peer pressure) Drink, drugs, sex
	 The environment and environmental issues 	The world around us: travel, tourism, environmental issues:
		Pollution & recycling
	• School	Education and employment:
	Das geteilte DeutschlandDie Wiedervereinigung	Education (schooling & higher education)Education and student issues
	Ich fühl mich so fifty:fiftyLola rennt (15)Die Welle (15)	National & international events: past, present & future (A2 only)
ix) Overlap	Formal assessment in speaking may be on the same theme as the formal assessment in writing. There should be no direct overlap of <i>content</i> and <i>purpose</i> .	There are no constraints concerning overlap across the units.
x) Approaches	All students in a teaching group attempt same task type on same thematic aspect e.g. an open interaction. Teachers make changes to stimulus to allow for differentiation in ability (e.g. more bullet points for lesser able & fewer the more able) but generic task is the same.	All students study one topic area for AS speaking & relate their discussion of an issue to this in A2 oral.
	Students in different teaching groups undertake one speaking assessment on a common theme and one speaking assessment on a different theme.	All students study one topic area for AS speaking & relate their discussion of an issue in A2 oral to a different topic area.
	Task requires students to provide individual & distinctive content with a common brief e.g. a picture based discussion about a famous sportsperson would focus on different personalities & invite different information, opinions & questions.	Each student prepares an individually selected topic area for AS speaking & relates the discussion of an issue to this in the A2 speaking.



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	Students in different teaching groups undertake both speaking tasks on different themes.	Each student prepares an individually selected topic area for AS speaking & relates the discussion of an issue in A2 oral to a different topic area.
xi) Pathways for personalised learning	Logical links between themes for speaking assessments & defined common topic areas for Listening & Reading Units e.g. <i>Sport & Leisure</i> (speaking) & <i>Personal Information</i> (L & R).	There are four topic areas for Listening & Reading sections: students choose one of these four for speaking assessment.
	Vocational: Students taking Business Studies could undertake a picture-based discussion on their work placement within the theme of <i>Business</i> , work and employment.	E.g. Business-minded students might choose <i>Education and employment</i> for AS speaking & a business issue for A2 speaking.
	Vocational: Students following a course in Leisure and Tourism might carry out an Open Interaction in the context of a tourist office within the theme of <i>Travel and tourism</i> .	E.g. Students interested in a career working for international organisations or in the travel industry could choose <i>The world around us: travel, tourism etc</i> for AS speaking & a related issue for A2 speaking.
	Personalised to correspond to students' own interests & strengths: e.g. Students interested in Media Studies might choose a specific film within <i>Media and Culture</i> on which to base a presentation and discussion.	E.g. Students interested in a career in media might choose <i>Youth culture and concerns</i> for AS speaking and a media issue for A2 speaking.

5. Reading

The table below details progression from GCSE to GCE in different aspects of the Reading assessment.

	GCSE	GCE
i) Skills	Read and respond to different types of	Read and respond to a variety of
	written German	German-language written texts, covering
		different contexts, registers, styles and
		genres.
	Understand a range of German vocabulary	Transfer meaning from German into
	and structures.	English (& vice versa at A2).
	Develop language learning &	Consider the study of German in a
	communication skills, which can be	broader context.
	applied broadly.	
ii) Testing	Discrete skill	AS: Discrete skill
		A2: Integrated assessment (via speaking
		& writing)
iii) Task	Non-verbal: e.g. matching (e.g.	Non-verbal: matching (e.g. identifying
types	identifying the writer by crossing a box),	the writer by crossing a box).
	German cues (multiple choice, identify 4 correct sentences).	



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	Written: short English language responses	Written: English language responses
	(transfer of meaning).	(transfer of meaning)
		German languages responses.
iv) Content	4 common topic areas	4 defined topic areas (AS)
		7 defined topic areas (A2)
	Out and about:	The world around us: travel and tourism,
		environmental issues:
	 Visitor information 	 Tourist information, travel and
	Basic weather	transport
	 Local amenities 	Weather
	Accommodation	Pollution
		- Tonation
	Public transport	Customs, traditions, beliefs and religions
	• Directions	(A2)
		National & international events: past,
		present & future (A2).
	Customer services and transactions:	Youth culture and concerns
	 Cafés and restaurants 	 Music and fashion
	• Shops	
	Dealing with problems	
	Personal information:	Youth culture and concerns:
	General interests	Music and fashion
	Leisure activities	Technology (e.g. mp3, blogs,
	Family and friends	mobile phones etc)
	Lifestyle (healthy eating & exercise)	 Relationships (family, friends & peer pressure)
		Lifestyle: health & fitness
		Sport & exercise
		Food and diet
		Health issues
		Literature and the arts (A2)
	Future plans, education and work:	Education and employment
	Basic language of the internet	Education (schooling & higher
	 Simple job advertisements 	education)
	' '	The world of work
	Simple job applications and CV School and college	- THE WORLD WOLK
	School and collegeWork and work experience	Youth culture and concerns
		Technology



6. Writing

The table below details progression from GCSE to GCE in different aspects of the Writing assessment.

	GCSE	GCE
i) Skills	Communicate in writing for a variety of purposes.	Communicate effectively & confidently in German for a range of purposes and situations.
	Understand & apply a range of German vocabulary and structures.	Understand and apply the grammatical system and a range of structures of the German language (as defined in the grammar list).
	Develop language learning & communication skills, which can be applied broadly.	Express facts and ideas, present explanations, opinions and information.
ii) Testing	Discrete skill assessment	AS: Discrete skill assessment A2: Integrated assessment (reading is also assessed via writing)
iii) Requirement	2 tasks at min 200 words each	AS: 1 task at 200-220 words A2: 1 translation at 80 words 1 language essay: 240-270 words 1 research-based essay at 240-270 words
iv) Outcomes	Untiered: differentiation by outcome	Differentiation by outcome
v) Assessment availability	Opportunities to submit candidate work in January and May.	AS: assessment opportunities in January and May.
vi) Content	One or more theme(s) from the following 5 options:	4 themes (AS) 7 themes (A2: translation & language essay) 4 themes (A2: research-based essay)
	Media and culture E.g.	Youth culture and concerns
	 Music/film/reading Tokio Hotel Lola rennt (15) Die Welle (15) Ich fühl mich so fifty:fifty 	 Music and fashion Technology (e.g. mp3, blogs, mobile phones, internet, games etc)
	Fashion/celebrities/religion	Customs, traditions, beliefs and religions (A2 only)
	Heidi Klum Franke Potenta Cornelia Funke	Literature & the arts (A2 only) e.g. Mozart, Franke Potenta,
	Blogs/internet	Cornelia Funke Geographical area (A2: RBE only)
		Aspects of modern German-speaking society (A2: RBE only).



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Sport and Leisure	Lifestyle: health and fitness
E.g.	
 Hobbies/interests 	 Sport and exercise
 Sporting events 	Food and diet
Lifestyle choices	Health issues (e.g. smoking)
Travel and Tourism	The world around us: travel,
E.g.	tourism, environmental issues:
Holidays	Tourist information, travel and
 Accommodation 	transport
 Eating, food and drink 	L'Gratala la salda and Characa
	Lifestyle: health and fitness:
	 Food and diet
	Geographical area (A2: RBE only)
	Aspects of modern German-speaking
	society (A2: RBE only)
Business, work and employment	Education and employment:
E.g.	
Work experience/part-time jobs	The world of work (e.g. job
 Product or service information 	opportunities)
- Troddet of Service information	opportunities)
	Geographical area (A2: RBE only)
	Aspects of modern German-speaking society (A2: RBE only).
Centre-devised option	Youth culture and concerns:
(Students choose a theme which	
corresponds to their interests)	 Relationships (family/
E.g.	friendships & peer pressure)
Family and friends	Drink, drugs, sex
 Teenage drinking and drugs issues 	- Diffin, drags, son
l conage armining and drugs issues	The world around us: travel,
	tourism, environmental issues:
The environment and environmental	
	Pollution & recycling
issues	Education and employment:
• School	Education (schooling & higher education)
	Education and student issues
• Doc gotoilte Doutechland	National & international events:
Das geteilte Deutschland	past, present & future (A2 only)
Die Wiedervereinigung	past, present & rature (Az only)
	Literature and the arts (A2 only and
Am kürzeren Ende der Sonnenallee	A2: RBE)
• Lola rennt (15)	,
• Die Welle (15)	Geographical area (A2: RBE only)
Eine Stadt in Österreich	Historical study (A2: RBE only)
	mistorical study (AZ, NDL Offig)



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	Die Wiedervereinigung	Aspects of modern German-speaking
	 Rassismus 	society (A2: RBE only).
vii) Overlap	Formal assessment in writing may be on the same theme as the formal assessment in speaking. There should be no direct overlap of <i>content</i> and <i>purpose</i> .	There are no constraints concerning overlap across the units
viii) Approaches	All students in a teaching group attempt same written task on the same thematic aspect e.g. a German film or a past holiday. Teachers adapt the stimulus to allow for differentiation in ability but the generic task is the same. Task requires students to provide individual & distinctive content with a common brief e.g. a review of a book in German. Students would be free to choose which book to review, which would invite different information, opinions & questions.	All students study same literary text or film for RBE Read text/watch film in class, follow with discussion & written work and additional research &/or higher-level reading in German. Personalised learning: Each candidate chooses own topic to allow use of skills & knowledge from other subjects e.g. History, Economics & Geography Additional research and/or higher-level reading in German.
	Students across different teaching groups undertake one writing assessment on a common theme and one writing assessment on a different theme.	Tovor roading in corman.
ix) Pathways for personalised learning	E.g. Students taking Business Studies could write an evaluation of a business created at school as part of the Young Enterprise Scheme under the theme <i>Business</i> , work and employment.	
	E.g. Students following a course in Leisure and Tourism might complete an evaluation of the tourist attractions of a town of their choice within the theme of <i>Travel and tourism</i> .	E.g. Students interested in a career working for international organisations or in the travel industry might choose to write a discursive essay (A2) with an international dimension.
	E.g. Students interested in Media Studies might choose to write a review of a particular film under the theme of <i>Media and Culture</i> .	Students interested in a career in media might write a journalistic piece as a creative essay in A2 writing. They might also choose a German-medium film (<i>Literature and the arts</i>) for the RBE in A2.

7. Grammar structures

GCSE and GCE students will be expected to have acquired knowledge and understanding of German grammar during the course of their studies. In Speaking and Writing assessments, they will be required to apply accurately a range of grammatical structures appropriate to the task set, drawn from the following lists.

	GCSE	GCE
	The case system	The Case System
Nouns	Gender	Gender
	 Singular and plural forms, including 	Singular and plural forms,





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	genitive singular and dative plural		including genitive singular and
	Weak nouns: nominative & accusative		dative plural
	singular (Herr, Junge, Mensch, Name)	•	Weak nouns
	Adjectives used as nouns (ein Deutscher)		
Articles	Definite and indefinite	•	Adjectives used as nouns
		•	Definite and indefinite, including
	• Kein		kein
Adjectives	 Adjectival endings: predicative and attributive usage, singular & plural, used after definite & indefinite articles, demonstrative & possessive adjectives 	•	Adjectival endings
	 Adjectival endings after etwas, nichts, viel, wenig, alles. 	•	Comparative and superlative
	Comparative and superlative, including	•	Demonstrative (dieser, jeder)
	common irregular forms (besser, höher,	•	Possessive
	näher)	•	Interrogative (welcher)
	• Demonstrative (dieser, jeder)		3 , ,
	• Possessive		
Adverbs	• Interrogative (welcher)		
Adverbs	Comparative and superlative, including common irregular forms (basser ligher)	•	Comparative and superlative
	common irregular forms (besser, lieber, mehr)		Laborate and Programme and Commence and Comm
	• Interrogative (wann, warum, wo, wie, wie	•	Interrogative (<i>wann, warum, wo,</i>
	viel)		wie, wie viel)
	 Adverbs of time and place (manchmal, oft, hier, dort) 		
	• Common adverbial phrases (ab und zu, dann und wann, letzte Woche, nächstes Wochenende, so bald wie möglich)		
Quantifiers	• sehr, zu, viel, ganz, ziemlich, ein wenig, ein bisschen	•	sehr, besonders, kaum, recht, wenig
Particles	• n/a	•	doch, eben, ja, mal, schon
Pronouns	Personal, including man	•	Personal
	Reflexive: accusative and dative	•	Reflexive
	• Relative: all cases and use of was	•	Relative
	• Indefinite: <i>jemand, niemand</i>	•	Indefinite (jemand, niemand)
	• Interrogative: wer, was, was für, wen,	•	Interrogative: wer, wen, wem was
	wem	•	Position and order
Verbs	Regular and irregular verbsReflexive	•	Weak, strong, mixed & irregular forms of verbs
	 Modes of address: du, Sie, ihr 	•	Reflexive usages
	• Impersonal (e.g. <i>es gibt, es geht, es tut</i>	•	Modes of address: du, Sie, ihr
	weh)	•	Impersonal verbs
	Separable/inseparable	•	Separable/inseparable
	 Modal: present and imperfect tenses, 	•	Modal verbs: present & imperfect
	imperfect subjunctive of <i>mögen, können,</i> sollen		tenses, imperfect subjunctive of mögen and können
	• Infinitive constructions (um zu; verbs	•	Infinitive constructions: (um zu



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	with zue.g. beginnen, hoffen,	; verbs with zu; lassen with
	versuchen)	infinitive)
	Negative forms	Negative forms
	Interrogative forms	Interrogative forms
	Tenses:	Tenses:
	Present	Present
	Perfect: excluding modals	Perfect
		 Perfect modal verbs (A2)
	 Imperfect/simple past: haben, sein, modals, and common verbs 	Imperfect/simple past (all verbs)
	Future	Future
	Conditional: würde with infinitive	Conditional
	• n/a	Future perfect (A2)
	• n/a	Conditional perfect (A2)
	Pluperfect	Pluperfect
	Imperfect subjunctive in conditional clauses: haben and sein	Subjunctive in conditional clauses (imperfect)
	• Imperative forms	Incompatible
	• n/a	Imperative
		 Passive voice (verbs with direct or indirect object - A2)
Prepositions	• Fixed case and dual case with accusative and/or dative with genitive (e.g. außerhalb, statt, trotz, während, wegen)	Fixed case and dual case
Clause structures	Main clause word order	Main clause word order
	 Subordinate clauses, including relative clauses 	Subordinate clauses (including relative clauses)
Conjunctions	Coordinating (e.g. aber, oder, und)	Coordinating
	• Subordinating (e.g. <i>als, obwohl, weil, wenn</i>)	Subordinating: most common, including damit, ob, so dass
		• Subordinating: als ob, seitdem (A2)
Number, quantity, dates and time	 Including use of seit with present and imperfect tenses 	Including use of seit, seitdem

8. Research skills

At GCSE students are encouraged via the speaking and writing assessments to engage in independent learning, to take greater responsibility for their own achievements and the outcomes of their assessments. In short, they are being encouraged at this stage to develop research skills, which will stand them in good stead at GCE. For the GCSE speaking and writing assessments, students could engage in independent research on the pop start of their choice, a ski resort in Austria, a German film etc so that they are better informed and can sustain a more developed discussion or produce a more detailed piece of writing, expressing reasoned opinions.

At GCE AS U1 speaking promotes independent research as students choose their topic area for discussion and then investigate the linked subtopics in some detail in preparation for their oral.



Research skills play an important part in GCE A2: students will be expected to research in some depth their chosen issue for debate in the U3 oral. Clearly, success in the research-based essay relies in no short measure on the amount of research students have done in preparation. Teachers should refer to the research-based essay guide (listed in the Resources section below), which contains invaluable hints and tips for both students and teachers.

9. A*/stretch and challenge

At GCSE, students are required to develop an awareness and understanding of countries and communities where German is spoken. More able learners could therefore undertake the study of a piece of literature in German and a couple of suggestions for suitable texts have been made above. Student would then be able to use the literary text as the basis for a speaking or writing assessment. Similarly, an aspect of historical or geographical significance might provide more stretch students and again, suggestions have been made above (e.g. The Berlin Wall, an area or a town in Austria etc). In addition, for speaking and writing, centres have the freedom to select themes appropriate to the capabilities and abilities of their students. More able learners might find a theme such as environmental issues a more suitable challenge. In the Higher Tier Reading paper, the final question (A*) is in German and this represents a level of stretch and challenge as it prepares students for the reading section of the GCE AS U2 paper.

At GCE A2, there are several opportunities for stretch and challenge: In U4, the translation from English into German enables students to demonstrate their ability to manipulate complex language, drawing on appropriate vocabulary and structures to produce a translation which is accurate and natural. In the U4 section B creative/discursive essay, students are able to demonstrate their ability to produce fluent and relevant language using a range of vocabulary and structures, and to convey opinions and express themselves accurately. In GCE U3, being able to present and defend an issue successfully requires students to use higher-level German language skills: they must persuade and convince as well as engage with the examiner and accurately deploy a wide range of vocabulary and structures.

As with GCSE, at GCE students are expected to develop awareness & understanding of the contemporary society, cultural background & heritage of German-speaking countries & communities and the Research-based essay affords ample opportunities for this.

Teachers may find the following information useful:

To be awarded A* at GCE A Level, a candidate must

1. Achieve grade A overall for the A Level (this can also be described as having to achieve 80% of total UMS)

AND

2. Achieve 90% of combined UMS for A2 units

Therefore, for a 4 unit A Level, a candidate must achieve (a) at least 320 of 400 uniform marks <u>and</u> (b) 180 of 200 uniform marks for A2 units.

10. Resources

Below is a list of resources available to support both GCSE and GCE.

GCSE	GCE
Edexcel GCSE German	Edexcel German for A Level
(Pearson Education Ltd 2009):	(Hodder Education 2008):
Students Book	Student's Book





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Workbook	
Teacher's Guide & CD -Rom	Teacher's Resource Book
Assessment pack	
Audio CD pack	Audio CD Set
Active Teach CD-Rom	Dynamic Learning Student Edition
Active reacti ob-itom	
An den Critere Device de ditien	Dynamic learning Network Edition
An der Spitze Revised edition	Research-based essay guide
(Philip Allan Updates (part of Hodder	
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