Please check the examination de			
	tails below	before ente	ring your candidate information
Candidate surname			Other names
Pearson Edexcel nternational Advanced Level	Centre	e Number	Candidate Number
Monday 11 J	anu	ary	2021
Afternoon (Time: 1 hour 45 min	utes)	Paper Re	eference WGE01/01
Geography			
International Advan Unit 1: Global Challe		ubsidia	ary

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions in Section A. Answer **either** Question 5 **or** Question 6 in Section B.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 90.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶





SECTION A

You must use the Resource Booklet

Answer ALL questions in this section. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

Some questions must be answered with a cross in a box \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

- 1 Study Figure 1 in the Resource Booklet.
 - (a) (i) Which of these defences protects against a tsunami with a 200-year return period?

(1)

X	A Elevated road
X	B Tsunami wall
X	C Evacuation route to high ground
X	D Forested park on embankments

(ii) Explain the role of **two** of the tsunami defences shown in Figure 1.

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2

2

(iii) Explain how some earthquakes can generate tsunamis.	(2)
(b) Describe one scale that measures the magnitude of earthquakes.	(2)
(c) Explain why deaths from natural disasters are falling but numbers of people affected by disasters are rising.	(6)
(Total for Question 1 = 15	marks)



- 2 Study Figure 2 in the Resource Booklet.
 - (a) (i) Identify the year with the highest number of sunspots.

(1)

×	A 1920
×	B 1958
X	C 1963
×	D 1984

(ii) Describe the relationship between the number of sunspots and temperature anomalies shown on Figure 2.

(4)

(b) Explain how tree rings and pollen records provide evidence for past climate change.	(4)
Tree rings	(-1)
Pollen records	
(c) Evoluin why adaptation as a response to fixture distants the second will be a second	ala in
(c) Explain why adaptation as a response to future climate change will be possil some locations but not in others.	ole in
	(6)



3	Study Figure 3 in the Resource Booklet.	
	(a) (i) Which European destination is furthest from Addis Ababa?	
		(1)
	(ii) Suggest one way the international flights shown may benefit the economy	
	of Ethiopia.	(2)
	(b) Explain one reason for high-skill elite migration to global hubs.	(3)

(Total for Ques	tion 3 = 15 marks)
growing diban areas.	(6)
Explain how different groups can help meet the demand for housir growing urban areas.	ng in rapidly
	(3)
	(3)



4	Study Figure 4 in the Resource Booklet. (a) (i) Which country has the greatest economic dependency on remittances?	(1)
	(ii) Describe the relationship between remittances as a percentage of total GDP and income per person.	(2)
	(iii) Explain one disadvantage of being dependent on remittances.	(2)
1	(b) Explain two ways that governments can encourage globalisation.	(4)
2		

	Explain the social and environmental problems caused by deindustrialisation in developed countries.				
ac	croped countries.				(6)
			(Total for C	Question 4 = 15 ma	arks)

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 60 MARKS

SECTION B

Answer ONE question in this section – EITHER Question 5 OR Question 6.

If you answer Question 5 put a cross in the box \square .

Use the evidence provided in the Resource Booklet, your own ideas and examples.

5	Study Figure 5 in the Resource Booklet.	
	(a) Explain why some areas in the Asia-Pacific region are more vulnerable to sea leve rise than others.	l
	rise than others.	(10)
•••••		
•••••		



(b) To what extent do physical factors explain the global pattern of hydro-meteorological disasters?	(00)
	(20)



	If you answer Question 6 nut a grees in the box				
If you answer Question 6 put a cross in the box ☐. 6 Study Figure 6 in the Resource Booklet					
	Study Figure 6 in the Resource Booklet				
(a) Explain how the average population ages result in both opportunities and challenges to countries in the Asia-Pacific region.					
		(10)			
•••					
•••					



(b) To what extent are developments in communications technology the most important factor encouraging globalisation?	(20)
	(20)



(Total for Question 6 = 30 marks)	
TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 60 MARKS TOTAL FOR PAPER = 90 MARKS	



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Pearson Edexcel International Advanced Level

Monday 11 January 2021

Afternoon

Paper Reference WGE01/01

Geography

International Advanced Subsidiary Unit 1: Global Challenges

Resource Booklet

Do not return this Resource Booklet with the question paper.

Turn over ▶





SECTION A The following resource relates to Question 1. **Evacuation route** to high ground Tsunami Warning Forested park on embankments return sirens periods: 200 years 100 years 50 years Residential area Elevated road Tsunami wall

Figure 1

Tsunami defences and tsunami heights for three return periods

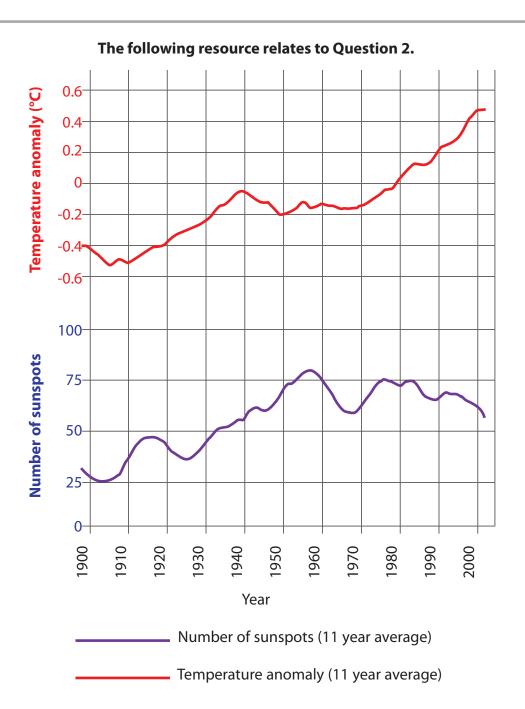


Figure 2
Sunspot numbers and global temperature anomalies, 1900–2004

The following resource relates to Question 3.



Figure 3

A route map showing direct international flights into Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

The following resource relates to Question 4.

Country	Remittances as a percentage of total GDP 2017 (%)	Income per person 2017 (US \$)
Nicaragua	10.1	2,207
Guyana	7.5	4,578
Mexico	2.7	9,318
Brazil	0.1	9, 895
Argentina	0.1	14,462

Figure 4

Data on remittances and income for selected countries in Central and South America

SECTION B

The following resource relates to Question 5.

864 billion (US\$) of infrastructure and property at risk from severe coastal flooding in China and Japan

Low-lying river deltas in Myanmar, India and Bangladesh are at highest risk

Islands such as the Philippines, Vietnam, Indonesia have experienced sea level increases of 3 mm per year from 1951 to 2000

Low-lying nations such as Papua New Guinea, Vanuatu and Fiji could be affected by up to 1 metre of sea level rise by 2100.

Figure 5

The impacts of sea level rise in the Asia-Pacific region

The following resource relates to Question 6. **MONGOLIA** 18 **CHINA** (37)39 TAIWAN **INDIA (27)** PHILIPPINES , **SRI LANKA PAPUA NEW GUINEA MALDIVES INDONESIA** (38) **AUSTRALIA** Average age range: **NEW** Average age for selected countries

Figure 6

Average age of the population for countries in the Asia-Pacific region

2000 km

