

General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Examination June 2014

# General Studies (Specification A)

**GENA1** 

Unit 1 AS Culture and Society

Monday 12 May 2014 9.00 am to 10.30 am

# For this paper you must have:

- a Source Booklet for Section A and Section B (enclosed)
- an objective test answer sheet for Section A
- an AQA 8-page answer book for Section B.

## Time allowed

1 hour 30 minutes

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book for Section B. The Paper Reference is GENA1.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer Section A (Questions 1.1 to 1.30) using the answer sheet provided and Section B (Questions 2, 3, 4 and 5) in your separate answer book.
- Do all rough work in your answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Hand in **both** your answer sheet **and** your answer book separately at the end of the examination.

## Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 65.
- This paper consists of two sections.

**Section A** contains 30 objective test questions based on **Source A**. There is 1 mark for each question.

**Section B** contains structured questions based on **Sources B**, **C** and **D**. Marks are shown after each question and total 35.

M/SEM/102300/Jun14/E4 GENA1

## Section A

# Answer Questions 1.1 to 1.30

There is 1 mark for each question.

Read **Source A** entitled '**Feminism's global challenge**' which is printed in the separate Source Booklet and answer **Questions 1.1** to **1.30** by choosing the answer represented by the letter **A, B, C** or **D**, that you think best. Mark your responses on your objective test answer sheet.

- **1.1** 'emancipation' (paragraph 1) means
  - A wealth.
  - **B** freedom.
  - **C** justice.
  - **D** power.
- **1.2** The 'perceived demands of Middle England' (paragraph 1) are most likely to include which of the following?
  - 1 Complete equality between the sexes should exist.
  - 2 Children should be brought up in a religious household.
  - **3** Children should be brought up primarily by their mothers.
  - 4 Fathers should be the breadwinners.

# Answer

- A if 1 alone is correct.
- **B** if **2** and **3** only are correct.
- **C** if **3** and **4** only are correct.
- **D** if **all** are correct.
- **1.3** Which of the following points are made by the author in paragraph 1?
  - 1 Bra-burning was a key symbol of the feminist movement's success.
  - Women are in a small minority in the House of Commons.
  - 3 The male atmosphere of the Commons deters females.
  - 4 The last two prime ministers needed the support of their wives.

- A if 1 and 2 only are correct.
- B if 2 and 3 only are correct.
- C if 1, 3 and 4 only are correct.
- **D** if **all** are correct.

- **1.4** By using the phrase 'the F word' (paragraph 2) the writer is implying that feminism as a concept could be
  - A taboo.
  - B rude.
  - **C** confrontational.
  - **D** abusive.
- **1.5** The reference to *Top Gear* (paragraph 2) is most likely to imply an attitude which
  - **A** sympathises with feminism.
  - **B** wants to see more women MPs.
  - **C** is unsupportive of women's equality.
  - **D** believes women are bad drivers.
- 1.6 Emmeline Pankhurst and Germaine Greer
  - A achieved success as female MPs.
  - **B** achieved notoriety as militant suffragettes.
  - **C** are both important political journalists.
  - **D** are feminists belonging to different generations.
- **1.7** Howard Jacobson and Tim Lott (referred to in paragraph 3) are both
  - A successful novelists.
  - **B** pro-feminist MPs.
  - **C** prominent geographers.
  - D anti-feminist writers.
- **1.8** An example of 'the aggressive histrionics of popular perception' (paragraph 4) is
  - A women burning their bras.
  - **B** refuges for abused women.
  - c petitions against sex discrimination.
  - **D** strikes for equal pay for women.
- **1.9** In paragraph 4 the author suggests that International Women's Day
  - A is a true reflection of feminist ideals.
  - **B** should be celebrated every day.
  - **C** allows women a range of lifestyle choices.
  - **D** has very little general impact.
- **1.10** The author argues in paragraph 5 that women suffer because of each of the following **except** 
  - **A** abuse from violent partners.
  - **B** inequality before the law.
  - **C** limited access to top jobs.
  - **D** sexual exploitation.

- **1.11** The author uses statistics in paragraphs 5 and 6 to
  - **A** make a vigorous attack on the failure of male politicians.
  - **B** demonstrate the insurmountable nature of the problems faced.
  - **C** indicate why continued support for equal rights is essential.
  - **D** show that gender inequality is worse in Britain than in other countries.
- **1.12** Which of the following points about women in less-developed countries are made by the author in paragraphs 6 and 7?
  - 1 Their achievements are often ignored.
  - 2 Their health is often at risk.
  - **3** Their economic potential is not being realised.
  - 4 They are often unable to feed their children.

- A if 1 and 2 only are correct.
- **B** if **1** and **4** only are correct.
- C if 2, 3 and 4 only are correct.
- **D** if **all** are correct.
- **1.13** The phrase 'creating havoc with the status quo' (paragraph 7) is most likely to mean
  - A challenging existing ways of doing something.
  - **B** seeking to change a country's government.
  - **C** helping to spread the feminist message.
  - **D** establishing a new social class structure.
- **1.14** In paragraph 7 the author's main point is that the efforts of feminists in the developing world are
  - **A** making a huge difference to the progress of women's health.
  - **B** not receiving the attention they deserve.
  - **C** unable to change anyone's point of view.
  - **D** influencing economic communities throughout Africa.
- **1.15** Which of the following points are made in paragraphs 8 and 9?
  - 1 The BBC routinely ignores the issue of sex discrimination.
  - **2** Fewer than one in five UK MPs are women.
  - **3** Abuse of women is a world-wide problem.
  - 4 Most women are protected in law.

- A if 1 and 2 only are correct.
- **B** if **1** and **4** only are correct.
- C if 2 and 3 only are correct.
- **D** if **3** and **4** only are correct.

- **1.16** Which of the following reasons are given in paragraph 9 for the scale of violence against women?
  - **1** political under-representation
  - **2** the aggressive nature of many men
  - 3 the uncaring attitude of society as a whole
  - 4 lack of legal protection

- A if 1 and 2 only are correct.
- **B** if **1** and **4** only are correct.
- C if 2 and 3 only are correct.
- **D** if **3** and **4** only are correct.
- 1.17 In the context of paragraph 10 the author is most likely to regard sexist jokes as
  - **A** inappropriate.
  - B irrelevant.
  - **C** outmoded.
  - **D** pathetic.
- 1.18 Someone would be labelled as 'triumphalist' (paragraph 10) if he/she primarily
  - **A** took pleasure in a rival's discomfort.
  - **B** boasted about his/her ability.
  - **C** ridiculed someone less fortunate.
  - **D** indulged in an excessive victory celebration.
- **1.19** In the context of paragraph 11 'the bounty of our lives' implies that women in the western world
  - **A** are ignoring the problems in developing countries.
  - **B** are giving more financial aid to charities in developing countries.
  - **C** have higher living standards compared to women in developing countries.
  - **D** experience far less discrimination than women in developing countries.
- **1.20** 'charity-fatigue' (paragraph 11) is most likely to be a result of
  - **A** the number of causes seeking public support.
  - **B** a lack of sympathy for groups seeking aid.
  - **C** the belief that governments should do more to help.
  - **D** tiredness brought on by too much voluntary work.
- **1.21** 'Great' as used in the first line of paragraph 12 is
  - **A** a synonym.
  - **B** a paraphrase.
  - **C** a simile.
  - **D** an acronym.

- **1.22** The author implies in paragraph 12 that for women in developing countries 'economic empowerment' means that they
  - **A** are receiving a higher standard of education.
  - **B** would have greater control over their working lives.
  - **C** are more likely to be promoted to top jobs.
  - **D** would have no influence on government policies.
- **1.23** In paragraph 12 the suggestion is that women are effective
  - A peacemakers.
  - **B** innovators.
  - C organisers.
  - **D** thinkers.
- **1.24** In paragraph 12 which of the following developments does the author appear to find encouraging?
  - 1 the financial backing of famous people
  - 2 the growth of broad support for change
  - 3 increased approval from politicians
  - 4 the prospect of economic improvement for women

- A if 1 and 2 only are correct.
- B if 1 and 3 only are correct.
- C if 2 and 4 only are correct.
- **D** if **3** and **4** only are correct.
- **1.25** The phrase 'to leave nearly 50% of them in penury' in paragraph 13 implies that many women
  - **A** do not have the right to vote.
  - **B** have a low life expectancy.
  - **C** are ignorant of their rights.
  - **D** live in extreme poverty.
- **1.26** The last paragraph could best be described as
  - A a desperate appeal.
  - **B** a call to arms.
  - **C** a pessimistic finale.
  - **D** an attack on the male gender.

- **1.27** Which of the following views are put forward by the author of the passage?
  - 1 Women are becoming less interested in politics.
  - **2** The impact of feminism has been exaggerated.
  - 3 In Britain some women experience violent abuse.
  - **4** Sexism towards women is on the increase.

- A if 1 and 2 only are correct.
- **B** if **1** and **4** only are correct.
- **C** if **2** and **3** only are correct.
- **D** if **3** and **4** only are correct.
- **1.28** The author at different times employs each of the following **except** 
  - A statistical evidence.
  - B irony.
  - **C** emotive language.
  - **D** quotes from experts.
- **1.29** The argument presented in the passage is
  - A balanced.
  - **B** over-emotional
  - **C** comparative.
  - **D** one-sided.
- **1.30** The main message that the author is seeking to convey in the article is that
  - A more events like International Women's Day are needed to publicise feminism.
  - **B** renewed efforts are necessary to sustain awareness of gender inequality.
  - **C** feminism has failed largely because of the active opposition of men.
  - **D** most crimes throughout the world have gender-based causes.

# **END OF SECTION A**

**Turn over for Section B** 

# Section B

Study **Sources B** to **D** provided in the Source Booklet and then answer **all** the following questions.

Wherever possible use your own words to show you understand the arguments.

You will be marked on your ability to use good English, to organise information clearly and to use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

## **Read Source B**

- **O 2** Give **three** reasons from **Source B** why Charles Saatchi is critical of fellow art collectors. **[3 marks]**
- Using **your own knowledge**, briefly outline **three** reasons why an individual may choose to purchase a piece of artwork.

[5 marks]

# **Read Source C**

Using evidence from **Source C** and **your own knowledge**, discuss the extent to which the criticisms of modern artists are justified.

[13 marks]

## **Read Source D**

Using evidence from **Source D** and **your own knowledge**, discuss the importance of the role played by artists in society.

[14 marks]

# **END OF QUESTIONS**