

Centre Number						Candidate Number				
Surname										
Other Names										
Candidate Signature										

For Examiner's Use	
Examiner's Initials	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
TOTAL	



General Certificate of Education
Advanced Level Examination
January 2012

Mathematics

MFP2

Unit Further Pure 2

Friday 20 January 2012 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:

- the blue AQA booklet of formulae and statistical tables.

You may use a graphics calculator.

Time allowed

- 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Pencil should only be used for drawing.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Write the question part reference (eg (a), (b)(i) etc) in the left-hand margin.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page.
- Show all necessary working; otherwise marks for method may be lost.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 75.

Advice

- Unless stated otherwise, you may quote formulae, without proof, from the booklet.
- You do not necessarily need to use all the space provided.



J A N 1 2 M F P 2 0 1

- 2 (a)** Draw on an Argand diagram the locus L of points satisfying the equation $\arg z = \frac{\pi}{6}$. (1 mark)
- (b) (i)** A circle C , of radius 6, has its centre lying on L and touches the line $\operatorname{Re}(z) = 0$. Draw C on your Argand diagram from part **(a)**. (2 marks)
- (ii)** Find the equation of C , giving your answer in the form $|z - z_0| = k$. (3 marks)
- (iii)** The complex number z_1 lies on C and is such that $\arg z_1$ has its least possible value. Find $\arg z_1$, giving your answer in the form $p\pi$, where $-1 < p \leq 1$. (2 marks)

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE

Dotted lines for answer writing.



QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE

A large rectangular area with a vertical line on the left side and horizontal dotted lines extending across the rest of the page, intended for writing answers.

Turn over ►



5 Find the smallest positive integer values of p and q for which

$$\frac{\left(\cos \frac{\pi}{8} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{8}\right)^p}{\left(\cos \frac{\pi}{12} - i \sin \frac{\pi}{12}\right)^q} = i \quad (7 \text{ marks})$$

QUESTION
PART
REFERENCE

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ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED**

