UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the June 2004 question papers

8682 FRENCH LANGUAGE (AS LEVEL) 8670 FRENCH LITERATURE (AS LEVEL) 9716 FRENCH (A LEVEL)

8682/01, 9716/01	Paper 1 (Speaking), maximum raw mark 100
8682/02, 9716/02	Paper 2 (Reading and Writing), maximum raw mark 70
8682/03, 9716/03	Paper 3 (Essay), maximum raw mark 40
8670/04, 9716/04	Paper 4 (Texts), maximum raw mark 75

These mark schemes are published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. They show the basis on which Examiners were initially instructed to award marks. They do not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began. Any substantial changes to the mark scheme that arose from these discussions will be recorded in the published *Report on the Examination*.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the *Report on the Examination*.

• CIE will not enter into discussion or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the June 2004 question papers for most IGCSE and GCE Advanced Level syllabuses.



	maximum	minimum mark required for grade:			
	mark available	А	В	E	
Component 1	100	78	68	46	
Component 2	70	46	39	23	
Component 3	40	32	28	17	
Component 4	75	51	45	33	

Grade thresholds taken for Syllabus 9716 in the June 2004 examination.

The thresholds (minimum marks) for Grades C and D are normally set by dividing the mark range between the B and the E thresholds into three. For example, if the difference between the B and the E threshold is 24 marks, the C threshold is set 8 marks below the B threshold and the D threshold is set another 8 marks down. If dividing the interval by three results in a fraction of a mark, then the threshold is normally rounded down.

Boundaries for 8682 AS Language and 8670 AS Literature are lower than for the A level syllabus.

GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME
MAXIMUM MARK: 100
SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8682/01, 9716/01 FRENCH (Speaking)



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Section 1: Presentation

The presentation will be marked out of 20 marks: Content/Presentation 10; Pronunciation/Intonation 5; Language 5.

Candidates who make no reference to the contemporary society or cultural heritage of a country where the language is spoken will have their mark for content/presentation halved.

Content/Presentation Knowledge of facts; ability to express opinions and raise issues for discussion.	Pronunciation/Intonation	Language
9/10 Full and well organised coverage of the topic; ideas and opinions included as well as factual points; lively presentation; examiner's interest sustained.	5 Outstanding pronunciation and intonation; an occasional slight mistake or hesitation. Not necessarily a native speaker.	5 Has a very good feeling for the language; speaks fluently and accurately; shows good use of relevant idiom and uses a wide range of structures and vocabulary.
7/8 Good exposition and sound organisation of the topic; makes relevant factual points though may be less good in ideas and opinions; presentation somewhat stilted though keeps examiner's interest.	4 Good pronunciation, makes a fair attempt at correct intonation and expression; some mistakes and/or hesitation.	4 Speaks fairly fluently and accurately; uses idiom with a reasonable range of structures and vocabulary.
5/6 Adequate exposition of the topic; few ideas or opinions; evidence of preparation but presentation pedestrian.	3 A fair degree of accuracy in pronunciation; quite a number of errors; some attempt at intonation and expression.	3 May speak with hesitation; adequate range of structures and vocabulary; no ambiguity of meaning.
3/4 Material thin; rambling, repetitious; hardly any ideas or opinions; in danger of losing the examiner's interest.	2 Intelligible but shows marked influence of mother tongue and very many errors of pronunciation.	2 Marked hesitation; limited range of structures and vocabulary; leading to some ambiguity of meaning.
0/1/2 Very little factual information; material irrelevant; vague, arguments incoherent; little effort at presentation.	0/1 Very poor; many gross errors; frequently incomprehensible.	0/1 Very marked hesitation; severe limitations of structures and vocabulary; thought processes basically influenced by mother tongue.

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Section 2: Topic Conversation and Section 3: General Conversation

Examiners will mark out of 40 for each part: Comprehension and Responsiveness (10 marks), Accuracy (10 marks), Feel for the Language (10 marks), Range of Vocabulary and Structures (total out of 10, divided between Providing Information and Opinions and Seeking Information and Opinions – see below).

Comprehension and Responsiveness	Accuracy	Feel for the Language
9-10 Very good No problems of comprehension. Prompt response to examiner's questions. Very forthcoming in developing topics: able to guide the discussion, offering/seeking opinions as appropriate.	9-10 Very good Consistently accurate. Only occasional minor slips.	9-10 Very good Has a very good feeling for the language and is able to express concepts fluently in appropriate idiom. Negligible influence from the mother tongue.
 7-8 Good Few problems of comprehension. Responds readily and without undue hesitation. Reasonably forthcoming but tends to follow examiner's lead. 5-6 Satisfactory Understands questions on basic situations and concepts, but has difficulty with more complicated 	 7-8 Good Accuracy generally good, with more frequent errors than in the very best candidates. Shows a sound basic understanding of grammatical usage. 5-6 Satisfactory Accuracy indicates a measure of competence but with some obvious and 	 7-8 Good Has a very good feeling for the language. Shows competent use of relevant idiom. Avoids significant influence from mother tongue. 5-6 Satisfactory Feeling for the language evident with some occasional use of relevant idiom. Thought
ideas. Some delay in response. Needs encouragement to develop topics.	significant gaps in grammatical usage.	processes and expression are influenced by mother tongue.
3-4 Weak Has general difficulty in understanding. Limited response to questions on the majority of topics raised.	3-4 Weak Generally inaccurate use of the language.	3-4 Weak Has scant feeling for the foreign idiom. Generally translates literally from the mother tongue.
0-2 Poor Severe problems of comprehension. Very marked hesitation. Limited responsiveness.	0-2 Poor No grasp of grammatical accuracy. Errors constant and repeated.	0-2 Poor Has no feeling for the foreign language.

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Range of Vocabulary and Structures

Providing Information and Opinions	Seeking Information and Opinions*
5 Very good	5 Very good
Extensive range of appropriate	More than one question asked with confidence. Spontaneous or
vocabulary. Able to use a wide	prompted, but arising out of conversation and relevant to topic
range of structures with confidence.	under discussion. High level of accuracy, using a range of question forms.
4 Good	4 Good
Has sufficient range of vocabulary	Asks more than one question confidently. Spontaneous or
and structures to handle	prompted, but arising out of conversation and relevant to topic
reasonably mature subjects.	under discussion. Questions largely accurate, but forms may be
	limited.
3 Satisfactory	3 Satisfactory
Limited expression of ideas (but	Capable of asking a minimum of one question. Spontaneous or
not ambiguity) caused by	prompted, but arising out of conversation and relevant to topic
limitations in range of vocabulary and some structures.	under discussion. Has difficulty in formulating questions, but
	questions comprehensible. 2 Weak
2 Weak	
Severe limitations of vocabulary	Severe limitations in asking questions – possibly one question
and structures restrict discussion	only. Question(s) will probably not arise naturally or be relevant
to a very basic level.	to the topic under discussion. Question(s) difficult to understand.
0-1 Poor	0-1 Poor
Very restricted vocabulary. Only	Questions attempted, but incomprehensible (1).
simple sentences and no variety	No questions, even when prompted (0).
of structure.	

* In the case of candidates who do not ask any questions by the end of the Topic Conversation, Examiners must prompt by asking 'Do you have any questions to ask of me?' in the appropriate language. The same prompt should be used at the end of the General Conversation. Candidates will not be penalised for being prompted in this way.

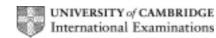
GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME

MAXIMUM MARK: 70

SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8682/02, 9716/02

FRENCH (Reading and Writing)



	Page			Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		A/AS LEV	<u>IEL E</u>	XAMINATIONS – JUNE 2004	8682, 9716	2
				Section 1		
I	(a)	inexorable (I.8):	(iii)	irrésistible		[1]
	(b)	ségrégations (l.11):	(vi)	discriminations		[1]
	(c)	percée (l.17):	(vii)	réussite		[1]
	(d)	bouleverser (l.18):	(ii)	perturber radicalement		[1]
	(e)	amoindri (l.28):	(viii)	diminué	17 - 4 - 1	[1]
					[Total	: 5]
	(a)	Ce sont les filles qu étages de l'édifice s		portent aujourd'hui sur les garçon re.	s aux quatre	
				i dominent les garçons		[1]
	(b)	Malgré la percée trie bouleverser l'effet d		ale des filles, celles-ci n'ont pas e	ncore réussi	à
				sociale n'a pas encore été boulev	ersé.	[1]
	(c)	U		de l'origine sociale sur la scolarité	est plus	
		accentué que chez				[1]
	(d)	Tout en se dévelop	pant,	l'instruction féminine a changé de	signification.	[1]
	(e)	Presque toutes les	ancie	nnes étudiantes travaillent.	[Total:	[1] 5]
		Minor spelling mi	stako	s are tolerated but not gramma	-	-1
				-		
5	(a)	Any three from the 1. Elles traversent l'		p wing : primaire dans le temps prévu.		
		2. Elles ne se font p	as ex	pulser du collège si souvent pour		•
		3. Leurs resultats so garçons au bac.	ont m	eilleurs au bac/elles sont plus per	formantes qu	e les
		4. Elles arrivent plus		breuses dans l'enseignement sup	périeur.	701
		5. Il y a plus de filles	s que	de garçons au lycée.		[3]
	(b)	Any four from the		wing :		
		 Le progrès fémin a complètement (ué la vie		
		3. pour toute la soci	été.	-		
		 Les programmes Les écoles sont r 				[4]
		5. Les écoles sont i	IIIXLES			[4]
	(c)			sociale est déterminante		
		 pour la réussite s La réussite des fi 				
		4. Le progrès des fi	lles e	st évident dans toutes les classes		
		5. Les effets de l'ori marqués chez les	-	ne sont pas aussi marqués chez le cons.	es filles/sont	plus [5]
	(H)	Any three from the	• •			
	(u)	-		es éduquées travaillent.		
		Le chômage n'a pas				
				iccès au marché du travail. e profession/il y a l'égalité des cha	nces	[3]
				bridge International Examinations 20		[~]

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Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	A/AS LEVEL EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2004	8682, 9716	2

Quality of Language: Accuracy (also for Questions 4 and 5)

5 Very Good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order)

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 Below average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions often incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0-1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

For questions 3 and 4, the marks for the quality of language will be awarded globally for the whole performance on the set of answers to a text. With regard to length, a concise answer containing all mark-bearing components for content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the quality of language mark. An answer scoring 0 for Content cannot score any language marks, and the total available on the whole set of answers will therefore be affected. The final total for language will be reduced on the following scale:

Answer(s) worth 2 or 3 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by -1; Answer(s) worth 4or 5 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by -2; Answer(s) worth 6 or 7 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by -3; Answer(s) worth 8 or 9 scoring 0: reduce final assessment by -4;

Note: A minimum of 1 mark for quality of language should be awarded if there are any content marks at all (i.e. 0 language marks only if 0 content marks).

[Total: 15 + 5 = 20]

(For quality of language: Accuracy marks, see grid with Question 3)

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Section 2

4	(a)	 Il y a toujours des tâches domestiques. C'est presque toujours la femme qui doit entreprendre la plus grande partie de ces tâches. 	[3]
	(b)	Elles partagent leur temps également.	[1]
	(c)	 Ce sont les tâches faites ou par la femme ou par l'homme par exemple la cuisine/la vaisselle/les vitres « négociables » parce que la décision dépend d'un accord entre et femme. 	homme [3]
	(d)	 Les hommes sont plus prêts/ à faire des tâches domestiques Ces changements ne sont pas si évidents chez les agriculteurs/artisans/commerçants. 	[3]
	(e)	 Dans les familles où homme et femme ont chacun un diplôme, l' entreprend davantage de tâches. Plus le niveau de diplôme est haut, plus l'homme fait des tâches domestiques y compris les tâches « féminines »/négociables. 	
	(f)	 Les évolutions sont sans doute les machines à laver et les autre machines qui aident avec le travail dans un ménage moderne. A cause de ces machines, il n'y a pas autant de tâches à faire. Autres évolutions ou exemples – le fast-food. Not education 	25 [2] [Total: 20]

(For quality of language: Accuracy marks, see grid with Question 3)

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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5 Summary should include the following points:

Dans le système éducatif

E1 Les filles l'emportent sur les garçons.

- E2 Elles réussissent à chaque niveau/à l'école primaire/au collège etc
- E3 L'effet de l'origine sociale
- E4 L'effet est moins accentué chez les filles.
- E5 Les programmes scolaires ont été modifiés.
- E6 Le diplôme donne accès au travail/Presque toutes les femmes travaillent.
- E7 L'évolution que l'on voit à l'école reflète l'évolution de la société entière.
- E8 Malgré le chômage qui monte, de plus en plus de femmes travaillent.
- E9 Les filles et les garçons ne sont plus séparés à l'école, les classes sont mixtes.
- E10 L'éducation a une valeur professionnelle plutôt que domestique.

A la maison

M1 Le travail domestique reste.

- M2 Les femmes consacrent autant de temps au travail domestique
- M3 qu'à leur activité professionnelle.
- M4 Une des tâches remplies par les femmes.
- M5 Partage avec l'homme selon le niveau d'éducation.
- M6 Les hommes font plus de tâches/les hommes et les femmes partagent les tâches (négociables).
- M7 La technologie réduit le nombre de tâches à faire à la maison.
- M8 La femme fait la plupart du travail domestique. [10]
- (For quality of language: Accuracy marks, see grid with Question 3) [5]

Page 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	A/AS LEVEL EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2004	8682, 9716	2

Opinions and Response to the text

Mark like a mini-essay according to the variety and interest of the opinions and views expressed, the response to the original text stimulus, and the ability to express a personal point of view.

5	Very Good Varied and interesting ideas, showing an element of flair and imagination, a capacity to express a personal point of view.
4	Good Not the flair and imagination of the best candidates, but work still shows an ability to express a range of ideas, maintain interest and respond to the issues raised.
3	Sound A fair level of interest and ideas. May concentrate on a single issue, but there is still a response to ideas in the text.
2	Below average Limited range of ideas; rather humdrum. May disregard the element of response to the text, and write a largely unrelated free-composition.
1	Poor Few ideas to offer on the theme. Banal and pedestrian. No element of personal response to the text.

[Total: 10 + 5 + 5 = 20]

(For quality of language: Accuracy marks, see grid with Question 3)

GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME
MAXIMUM MARK: 40
SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8682/03, 9716/03 FRENCH (Essay)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	A/AS LEVEL EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2004	8682, 9716	3

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	Language (out of 24)		Content (out of 16)
21-24	Very good Confident use of complex sentence patterns, generally accurate, extensive vocabulary, good sense of idiom.	14-16	Very good Detailed, clearly relevant and well illustrated; coherently argued and structured.
16-20	Good Generally sound grasp of grammar in spite of quite a few lapses; reads reasonably; some attempt at varied vocabulary.	11-13	Good Sound knowledge and generally relevant; some ability to develop argument and draw conclusions.
10-15	Adequate A tendency to be simple, clumsy or laboured; some degree of accuracy; inappropriate use of idiom.	7-10	Adequate Some knowledge, but not always relevant; a more limited capacity to argue.
5-9	Poor Consistently simple or pedestrian sentence patterns with persistent errors; limited vocabulary.	3-6	Poor Some attempt at argument, tends to be sketchy or unspecific; little attempt to structure an argument; major misunderstanding of question.
1-4	Very poor Only the simplest sentence patterns, little evidence of grammatical awareness, very limited vocabulary.	1-2	Very poor Vague and general, ideas presented at random.

GCE ADVANCED SUBSIDIARY AND ADVANCED LEVEL

MARK SCHEME
MAXIMUM MARK: 75
SYLLABUS/COMPONENT: 8670/04, 9716/04 FRENCH (Texts)



Page 1	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	A/AS LEVEL EXAMINATIONS – JUNE 2004	8670, 9716	4

Candidates will write their answers in the foreign language. Examiners will look for a candidate's ability to communicate effectively and will ignore linguistic errors that do not impede communication.

Passage based questions: examiners should consider the extent to which candidates have been able to identify the significant issues raised in the passage and, where appropriate, have applied these to the text as a whole. The passage is a stimulus passage, to be used as a springboard to give candidates a starting point for their answer. Examiners should allow candidates to use the passage as they choose, and ask themselves how successfully the candidates have manipulated their material and to what extent they have shown depth of awareness and knowledge of the workings of the text under discussion. This is not an exercise in literary criticism: examiners should reward candidates whose answers show good understanding of how a text works and how an author has conveyed the key issues.

Essay questions: a prime consideration is that candidates show detailed knowledge and understanding of the text.

Extracts from Examiners' Notes

This paper is intended to test candidates' knowledge of a text and their ability to use this knowledge to answer questions in a clear and focused manner. A sophisticated literary approach is not expected (though at the highest levels it is sometimes seen), but great value is placed on evidence of a firsthand response and thoughtful, personal evaluation of what candidates have read. Candidates may have been encouraged to depend closely on prepared notes and quotations: quotation for its own sake is not useful, though it will not be undervalued if used appropriately to illustrate a point in the answer.

Candidates do not tend to show **all** the qualities or faults described in any one markband. Examiners attempt to weigh all these up at every borderline, in order to see whether the work can be considered for the category above. At the lower levels, the answer may mention a few 'facts' but these may be so poorly understood, badly organised and irrelevant that it falls into category 10-11; or there may be just enough sense of understanding and focus for the examiner to consider the 12-13 band. Again, at a higher level, an answer may be clear, solid and conscientious (perhaps 18-19), without showing quite the control and attention to perceptively chosen detail which would justify 20 or more.

Examiners take a positive and flexible approach and, even when there are obvious flaws in an answer, reward evidence of knowledge and especially any signs of understanding and careful organisation.

Candidates are expected to write 500-600 words for each of their answers. Candidates who write more than 600 words cannot be placed higher than the 16-17 category in the marking scheme.

Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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Marks	Description
22+	Exceptional work. Excellent ability to organise material, thorough knowledge, considerable sensitivity to language and to author's intentions, understanding of some literary techniques. Really articulate and intelligent answers should be considered in this band even if there are still flaws and omissions.
20-21	Very good. Close attention to detail of passages, controlled structure, perceptive use of illustration, good insight when discussing characters. Ability to look beyond the immediate material and to show some understanding of author's intentions and of underlying themes.
18-19	Thoroughly solid and relevant work. Candidate does not simply reproduce information: can discuss and evaluate material and come to clear conclusion. Good focus on passages. Some limitations of insight but coherent, detailed approach and aptly chosen illustrations.
16-17	Painstaking. Sound knowledge of texts; mainly relevant. Some attempt to analyse and compare, some sense of understanding. Possibly not in full control of material; solid but indiscriminate. Many very conscientious candidates fall into this category: they tend to write far too much as they are reluctant to leave out anything they have learnt. Coherent essays which lack really solid detail but convey a good understanding of the text should also be considered for this band.
14-15	Fair relevance and knowledge. Better organised than in previous band: the candidate probably understands the demands of the question without being able to develop a very thorough response. Still a fairly simple, black and white approach. Some narrative and 'learnt' material but better control and focus than below. Many candidates probably fall into this category.
12-13	Sound, if simple and superficial, knowledge of plot and characters. Makes assertions without being able to illustrate or develop points. Probably still too dependent on narrative and memorised oddments but there may be a visible attempt to relate these to the question. Can extract one or two relevant points from a set passage.
10-11	Some very basic material but not much sense of understanding or ability to answer question. The candidate rarely reads the set passage but uses it as a springboard for storytelling and memorised bits and pieces about characters. Very general, unspecific approach. Random, bitty structure. Signs of organisation and relevance should be looked for in case the answer can be considered for the next category.
6-9	Marginally more knowledge here. The candidate may have read the text but is probably unable to see beyond the barest bones of the plot or half-remembered notes. Insubstantial; very little relevance. The candidate may have problems with the language and will be unable to express ideas comprehensibly.
0-5	No discernible material. Often very inadequate language. Marks in this section are awarded almost on the basis of quantity: up to 3 for a sentence or two showing a glimpse of knowledge, 4 or 5 where there is also a hint of relevance to the question. It is possible for a candidate to write a whole page demonstrating no knowledge at all (have they read the book?), or only misunderstood background facts or very vague general remarks unrelated to either text or question.