



## **General Certificate of Education**

# **Environmental Science 5441**

**ESC1      Energy, Atmosphere and  
Hydrosphere**

## **Mark Scheme**

*2008 examination – June series*

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**Environmental Science**

**June 2008**

**ESC1**

**Instructions: ; = 1 mark / = alternative response A = accept R = reject**

**Question 1**

- 1** D;  
K;  
F;  
J;  
G;

**Total marks = 5**

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**Question 2**

2 (a) Carbon dioxide in atmosphere;  
respiration/combustion;  
(dead) organic matter; 3  
[R lithosphere]

2 (b) Balanced processes/maintained concentration/inputs = outputs;  
photosynthesis – respiration/identified balancing processes; 2

2 (c) **Named human activity;**  
**process that changes carbon in dead organic matter;**

eg deforestation/harvesting  
increased litter/OM removal

**OR**

ploughing  
increased loss in decomposition

**OR**

use of organic manures  
increased DOM

**OR**

drainage  
increased aerobic decay 2

0 for activity with no explanation

1 for activity with wrong explanation

2 (d) **Named effect (of CO<sub>2</sub> release by human activities);;**  
**named change/process;;**  
**description of change/process;;;**

increased temperature

increased carbon dioxide/hydrogen carbonate in water

increased carbonate sedimentation

increased photosynthesis

increased rate of decay/respiration

increased rates of growth

increased methane releases

change in carbon in named reservoir

[R change in DOM]

ref to equilibrium

ref to residence times

MAX 3

**Total marks = 10**

**Question 3**

- 3 (a) Less energy to force air apart/push car through the air;  
friction;  
conversion to heat;  
reduced drag/air resistance/turbulence; MAX 2
- 3 (b) **Any suitable example;**  
**detail;**
- eg detail of engine design that increases combustion efficiency  
valve control  
temperature control  
choke control  
fuel injection  
ignition control
- energy recovery  
hybrid fuels/energy recovery/recovered energy stored in batteries
- more efficient fuel choice/energy density  
eg diesel instead of petrol
- vehicle weight  
aluminium/thinner steel/fibre glass/better power to weight ratio MAX 2
- [R answers related to car usage]
- 3 (c) Increased;  
accurate use of data to show fuel used per unit distance; 2
- eg  $3320/6880 = 0.48$   
 $3970/10800 = 0.37$   
 $0.37 < 0.48$
- 3 (d) Negative correlation; 1
- 3 (e) Increasing thickness of insulation increases cost;  
  
(increasing thickness) reduces heat loss/heating cost;
- ref to (concept of) declining benefit of increasing thickness/  
increasing payback time/  
law of diminishing returns/  
money better spent on other energy-saving procedures; 3

**Total marks = 10**

**Question 4**

- 4 (a) Harnessing does no damage/no pollution;  
equipment extraction/manufacture/installation/habitat loss;  
named damaging process/material required;  
aesthetics; MAX 2
- 4 (b) Carbon dioxide released on combustion;  
balanced by that absorbed during growth;  
agricultural methods may release greenhouse gases/named method;  
[A change of previous land use with impact on carbon dioxide] MAX 2
- 4 (c) Tidal power is intermittent;  
flow/times can be predicted/regular lunar cycles;  
energy only harnessed when water flows;  
changing daily times;  
spring and neap tides/varying tidal range; MAX 2
- 4 (d) Low energy density/yield;  
too much land required/demand too great;  
competition with food crops;  
some vehicles can't use biofuels; MAX 2
- 4 (e) Supply reduced if use exceeds replacement;  
Maximum Sustainable Yield;  
overexploitation of wood/poor catchment management/geothermal power; MAX 2

**Total marks = 10**

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**Question 5**

- 5 (a) Oxides of nitrogen/ozone/water (vapour); [A formulae] 1
- 5 (b) (i) **Named process/activity;;  
how activity increases atmospheric levels;**
- eg landfill sites  
rice padi fields/waterlogged fields  
anaerobic respiration/anaerobic bacteria
- livestock farming  
anaerobic bacteria
- coal mine ventilation  
methane from coalification
- use of (natural) gas  
leaks/releases from drilling/pipelines
- melting ice (by human activity)  
methane release from permafrost MAX 2
- 5 (b) (ii) **Named process/activity/use;;**
- eg aerosol propellants  
solvents/de-greasing  
refrigerant  
expanded plastic
- how it increases atmospheric levels /change of state/escape on waste disposal; MAX 2
- 5 (c) Melting land ice/ice caps/named location of ice(on land);  
thermal expansion; 2
- 5 (d) (i) Not combustible;  
lacking technology to exploit / technology too expensive;  
can't be stored/unreliability (to match demand); MAX 1
- 5 (d) (ii) **Named method;;  
detail;**  
cables/power lines/grid
- high voltage/  
low current/  
overhead/underground/  
cooling/insulation
- hydrogen production/electrolysis of water/conversion to chemical energy
- storage method (eg pressurised/metal hydride)/  
transport method (eg pipeline/cylinders/metal hydride)/  
named method of use at destination MAX 2

**Total marks = 10**

**Question 6**

- |   |     |  |   |  |   |
|---|-----|--|---|--|---|
| 6 | (a) | Seawater<br>Groundwater<br>river water<br>upland reservoir water   | C<br>D<br>A<br>B                            | 1 correct – 1 mark<br>2/3 correct – 2 marks<br>4 correct – 3 marks | 3 |
| 6 | (b) | (i)  | Sterilisation/kill bacteria/kill pathogens; |  | 1 |
| 6 | (b) | (ii)   | Dental health;                              |  | 1 |
| 6 | (c) | <i>Quality of Written Communication is assessed in this answer</i> |   |  |   |

**Up to 4 named processes;;;;  
1 each for specific purposes;;;;  
1 each for details of process;;;;**

screens

remove large floating objects/paper/plastics  
mesh/grill/filter

grit traps

remove road grit/stones  
slower flow

primary treatment

remove/separate organic solids/faeces  
sedimentation/slow flow

secondary treatment

removal of remaining organic matter  
aeration tank/oxidation pond / trickling filter bed  
secondary sedimentation  
action of aerobic bacteria

tertiary treatment

microscreens / phosphate removal / chlorination/UV  
collect bacteria / precipitation / kill pathogens  
filtration / iron sulphate / toxic

sludge treatment

reduce volume/destroy odours/kill pathogens  
anaerobic digestion/bacterial action/heat

sludge disposal

reduce quantity / simple disposal / beneficial use/food production  
incineration / landfill / agricultural fertiliser use

MAX 8

[R water treatment processes: sand filter/flocculation/coagulation/carbon filter/fluoridation]



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*Quality of Written Communication*

Mark	Descriptor
2	All material is logically presented in clear, scientific English and continuous prose. Technical terminology has been used effectively and accurately throughout. At least half a page of material is presented.
1	Account is logical and generally presented in clear, scientific English. Technical terminology has been used effectively and is usually accurate. Some minor errors. At least half a page of material is presented.
0	The account is generally poorly constructed and often fails to use an appropriate scientific style to express ideas.

MAX 2

**Total marks = 15**

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