



General Certificate of Education

Environmental Science 5441

**ESC1 Energy, Atmosphere and
Hydrosphere**

Mark Scheme

2007 examination – June series

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Environmental Science

June 2007

ESC1

Instructions: ; = 1 mark / = alternative response A = accept R = reject

Question 1

Gas	Human activity	Global climate change?	Ozone depletion?
		Yes	No
Chlorofluorocarbons/ CFCs/freon			
		Yes	
	Nitrate fertiliser (use)/combustion/ vehicle exhaust emissions		

Total marks = 5

Question 2

- (a) Reduced (downstream);
deposition/trapped in reservoir/static water; 2
- (b) Reduced flow fluctuations;
reduced flow due to storage for later use;
increased flow due to deliberate release;
reduced volume due to evaporation;
reduced flow causes river bed friction to cause further flow reduction;
lowered sediment burden reduces friction and increases flow; MAX 2
- (c) Effect;
explanation;
- eg
increased humidity;
greater surface area for evaporation/increased evaporation;
increased cloud cover/fog/mist;
less insolation;
increased precipitation;
- lower temperature range/warmer at night/in winter/cooler in day/in summer;
heat/thermal capacity/heat absorption;
coastal breeze effect;
- increased windspeed;
reduced surface friction;
- increased albedo reduces temperature;
reduced albedo increases temperature; MAX 2
- (d) Sandstone/chalk/limestone; 1
- (e) Reduced contamination (risk)/cleaner;
named example of contaminant;;
[A two different examples]
reduced treatment costs/fewer processes;
low set-up/construction costs/equipment required/equipment maintenance;
little surface disruption/land-use conflict/lower aesthetic impact;
higher dissolved mineral content;
no evaporation losses; MAX 3

Total marks = 10

Question 3

- (a) Photosynthesis;
 DOM/dead organic matter; 2
- (b) Fossil fuels/carbonate rocks; 1
 [A lithosphere/sediments]
 [R underground/in soil]
- (c) Change in named process;
 change in second named process;
 rebalance; 3
- (d) Named activity with effect on carbon movement/amount in reservoir/named material;;;
 eg fossil fuel combustion;
 named activity using fossil fuel;
 deforestation;
 increased soil decomposition;
 marine pollution killing phytoplankton;
 global warming increasing rate of named process;
 change in vegetation type; MAX 3
- (e) Any suitable difficulty;
 population size estimates;
 DOM estimates;
 deep oceans/soil organisms/other hard to find organisms;
 area estimates;
 different carbon contents of different types/sizes of organism;
 speed of change/residence times; MAX 1

Total marks = 10

Question 4

(a) Slows neutrons/absorbs (kinetic) energy of neutrons;
 neutron absorption;
 worker/people protection/prevention of named effect of radiation on humans; 3
 [R environmental protection]

(b) **Advantage**
 advantageous feature of nuclear power;
 comparative/explanatory comment; (no need to mention both resources)

eg
 high energy density;
 NP higher (energy density);

OR

compact site;
 NP more compact site/more local landscape impact;

OR

reliable supply;
 NP available when required/more reliable;

OR

controllable supply;
 NP more controllable/output can be changed as required;
 [A opposite comments about windpower]

MAX 2

Disadvantage

disadvantageous feature of nuclear power;
 comparative/explanatory comment;

eg
 non-renewable resource;
 reference to depletion of reserves;

OR

pollution risk/waste disposal;
 NP has greater risk/produces radioactive waste;

OR

level of technology required;
 NP is more complex;

OR

cost;
 NP more expensive;

OR

landscape impact;
 NP larger (local) impact;
 [A opposite comments about windpower]

MAX 2

- (c) Fission uses U/Pu/fusion uses H;
fusion higher/fission lower temperature;
fission splitting/fusion joining (of nuclei);
fission commercial/fusion experimental;
fusion naturally occurring/fission due to human activities;
greater energy potential for fusion/lower for fission;
less radioactive waste from fusion/more from fission;
no high level waste from fusion/amount/high level waste from fission; MAX 1
- (d) Sunlight causes pressure/temperature differences/heating of air;
causing air movement/wind/convection current/to balance pressures; 2

Total marks = 10

Question 5

- (a) (i) Purpose:
removal of colloids/clay/suspended fine/small particles;
- Process:
coagulation/neutralisation of repelling charges/addition of named flocculant/alum/polyelectrolytes; 2
- (ii) Purpose:
kills/removal of bacteria/pathogens/named pathogen/microorganisms;
- Process:
addition of toxin/chlorine/ozone/UV; 2
[A both marks in one part]
- (b) Grit trap;
screens;
filtration;
flocculation;
sedimentation; MAX 2
- (c) Named industrial water use;;
water quality requirement;;
- eg
coolant/heat transfer;
low suspended solids/reactive chemicals;
OR
boiler water;
very high purity to prevent mineral build-up;
OR
textile washing;
soft to reduce scum formation;
OR
brewing;
hardness of water;
OR
food processing;
no pathogens/bad taste/toxic chemicals;
OR
geothermal power;
low dissolved mineral content;
OR
ballast water;
no large solids;
OR
irrigation;
low salinity/no toxins;

OR

named leisure industry;

no pathogens/toxic chemicals;

[R use without justification]

[A use with wrong justification as long as plausible]

MAX 2 + MAX 2 MAX 4

Total marks = 10

Question 6

- (a) (i) 570 (\pm) 20; 1
- (ii) 270 (\pm) 10; 1
- (b) (i) Faults/fissures/fractures cause extraction/safety problems;
(overburden) depth/hardness increases mining difficulty/subsidence risk;
low (reservoir rock) permeability/porosity;
increased extraction costs reduce use; MAX 1
- (ii) Any cause of increasing costs;
examples;
carbon tax/extraction costs/transport costs;
cheaper alternatives; MAX 1
- (iii) Any suitable example;
GCC/acid rain/oil pollution/habitat damage during extraction/
photochemical smogs/smogs/aesthetics/noise/dust;
legislative/public pressure/pressure group activity/mechanism; MAX 1
- (c) *Quality of Written Communication is assessed in this answer*

Up to 2 methods from each area (industry, transport systems, domestic users);
1 mark max for detail of how each method reduces energy use

MAX 4 + MAX 4 + MAX 4 up to MAX 8

Quality of Written Communication

Mark	Descriptor
2	All material is logically presented in clear, scientific English and continuous prose. Technical terminology has been used effectively and accurately throughout. At least half a page of material is presented.
1	Account is logical and generally presented in clear, scientific English. Technical terminology has been used effectively and is usually accurate. Some minor errors. At least half a page of material is presented.
0	The account is generally poorly constructed and often fails to use an appropriate scientific style to express ideas.

MAX 2

Total marks = 15