UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

8291/02

Hydrosphere and Biosphere

Paper 2

October/November 2005

1 hour 30 minutes

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs, table or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Section A

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided on the question paper.

Section B

Answer one question from this section.

Answer the question on the separate answer paper provided.

At the end of the examination,

- 1. fasten all separate answer paper securely to the question paper;
- 2. enter the question number from Section B in the grid opposite.

If you have been given a label, look at the details. If any details are incorrect or missing, please fill in your correct details in the space given at the top of this page.

Stick your personal label here, if provided.

For Exam	iner's Use
Section A	
1	
2	
Section B	
TOTAL	

This document consists of **10** printed pages and **2** blank pages.



Section A

Answer all questions in this section.

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1 (a) Fig. 1.1 shows water withdrawals for domestic, agricultural and industrial use within the major continental regions. Water withdrawals are given as a volume and as a percentage of the potential water supply for each region. For example: World water withdrawal amounts to 3000 cubic kilometres which is 9% of

For example: World water withdrawal amounts to 3000 cubic kilometres which is 9% of the potential supply.

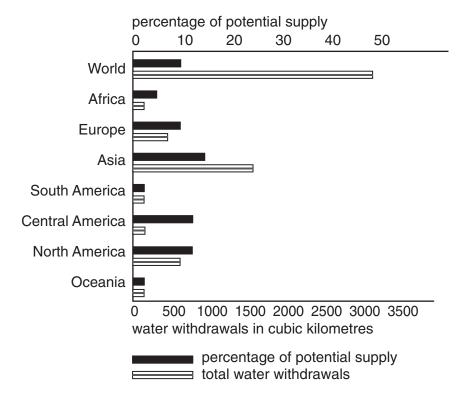


Fig. 1.1

Describe the withdrawals and the potential supply of water for Asia, Europe and Africa
--

Asia	
Europe	
Africa[3	

(b) Fig. 1.2 shows how regions of the world are likely to be vulnerable to a scarcity of water in 2025.

Projected Water Vulnerability in 2025, Taking into Account National Economic Status

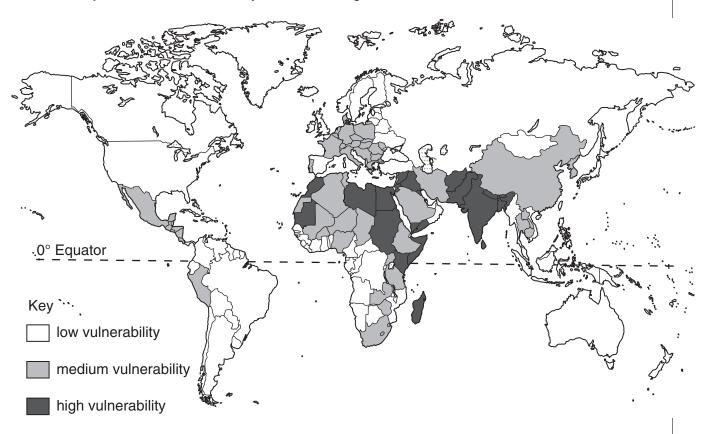


Fig. 1.2

Using Fig. 1.2 and Fig. 1.1, suggest why certain areas of the world are likely to have

 a high vulnerability to water scarcity in 2025, a low vulnerability to water scarcity in 2025.
rol

(c) Fig. 1.3 contains information on water management within the Colorado Basin and its effects upon water discharge and sediment discharge at point **A** on the map.

Simplified Map of the Colorado River Basin

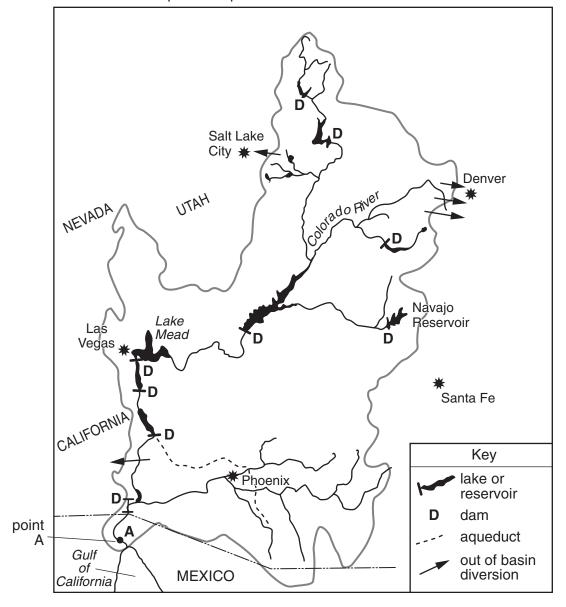
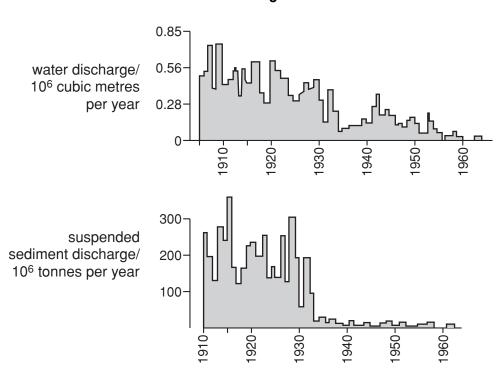


Fig. 1.3



(i)	Describe the pattern of water management within the Colorado River Basin.
	[4]

(ii)	Explain the impact of the Colorado water management scheme on water and sediment discharge at point A on the map.
	[7]
	[20 marks

2 (a) All organisms need a source of energy to live.

(ii)

(i) Photosynthesis is described by the equation

$6\text{CO}_2 + 6\text{H}_2\text{O} = \text{C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 + 6\text{O}_2$ Use the equation to describe the process of photosynthesis.
Why is photosynthesis important in a food web?
[2]

(iii)	Why is photosynthesis connected to the gaseous composition of the atmosphere?
	[2]

))		ny areas of the world are experiencing deforestation. Explain how deforestation that lead to
	•	a reduction in animal diversity,
		[2]
	•	local climatic change,
		[2]
	•	soil erosion,
		[2]
	•	changes to aquatic ecosystems,
		[2]
	•	a reduction in soil fertility,
		[2]
	•	changes to river discharge and flooding.
		[2]
		[20 marks]

Section B

Answer one question from this section.

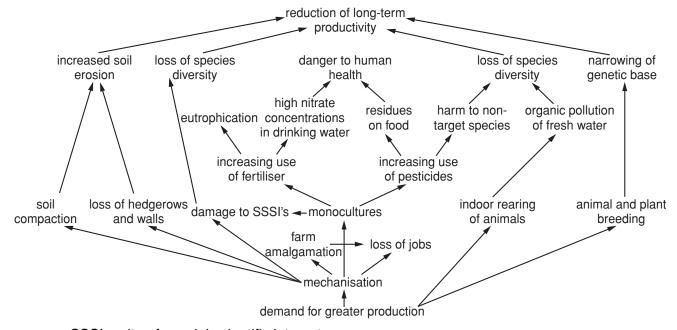
Answers must be in continuous prose.

Write your answers on the separate answer paper provided.

- 3 (a) Outline three different ways in which the oceans are important for life on Earth. [10]
 - (b) Outline the major sources and effects of marine pollution. Assess the effectiveness of measures aimed at reducing marine pollution. [30]

[40 marks]

4 (a) Fig. 4.1 depicts environmental problems caused by agricultural intensification.



SSSI = site of special scientific interest

Fig. 4.1

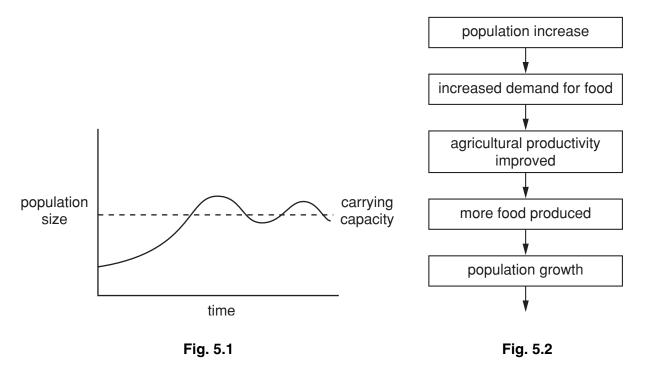
Describe **three** routes by which long-term productivity may be reduced.

(b) Using examples you have studied, describe and evaluate the conservation strategies that have been introduced to protect an area of ecological importance. [30]

[40 marks]

[10]

5 (a) Figs. 5.1 and 5.2 illustrate two different models relating population growth to resources. Describe how the models offer different views of the way in which the population of an area may change over time. [10]



(b) In 1987 the Brundtland Commission defined sustainable development as,

"development which meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs".

Describe the policies and priorities, which target sustainable development in a country or area of your choice. Give reasons to justify the extent to which have they been achieved. [30]

[40 marks]

BLANK PAGE

BLANK PAGE

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.