

Mark scheme January 2003

GCE

English Language A

Unit EA4W



Unit 4: Language Investigation

Distribution of Assessment Objectives and Weightings

The table below is a reminder of which Assessment Objectives will be tested by the questions and tasks completed by candidates and the marks available for them.

Assessment Objective	1	3ii	4	5ii	Total
Language Investigation	10	20	10	20	60

Language Investigation

- award a mark out of 10 for AO1 and place in the margin
- award a mark out of 20 for AO3ii and place in the margin
- award a mark out of 10 for AO4 and place in the margin
- award a mark out of 20 for AO5ii and place in the margin
- add together and give a ringed total out of 60 for the investigation

E.g.

AO1 5
AO3ii 12
AO4 6
AO5ii 10



Q1	Key Words: Aim-linguistic frameworks – detailed analysis – conclusions – evaluation – further research.		
	Assessment Focuses: Quality of expression – selection/application/evaluation of LFA – exploring issues/concepts – analysing/evaluating language use.		
Mark	AO1 Communicate clearly the knowledge, understanding and insight appropriate to the study of language, using appropriate terminology and accurate and coherent expression.	Mark	AO3ii Apply and explore frameworks for the systematic study of language at different levels, commenting on the usefulness of approaches taken.
9-10	 Controlled use of technical aspects. Precise and deft expression. Cogent, coherent and cohesive. Subtlety of effect. Linguistic flair. 	17-20	 Searching and confident linguistic analysis. Selects enlightening range or depth. Frameworks chosen to enhance and illuminate understanding. Evaluates frameworks and methodology. Perceptive methodology. Explores alternative avenues of investigation. Detailed comments on some of the following: sentence functions, types and structure; mode, modification, stylistic variation, semantic features eg. archaisms, idioms, euphemisms.
7-8	 Rare errors. Clear stylistic shaping. Reader guided through structure. Effective linguistic register. 	13-16	 Illuminating range or depth of features explored. Selects and identifies a range of illuminating frameworks, showing understanding of their value and commenting on their purpose. Detailed objectives. Reflects on methodology. Clear grasp of fruitful linguistic approaches. Clear and accurate description of distinctive language features and patterns. Rare errors. Engages with purpose of sentence types and functions; makes effective use of word classes; looks closely at lexical range.
6	 Firm control of accuracy. Controlled expression of ideas. Line of argument. Controlled linguistic register. 	11-12	 Evidence of some range or depth. Selects a range of frameworks or shows depth. Well focused aim. Explanation of methodology. Describes a range of significant language features or patterns. Largely accurate. Generalised discussion of sentence types and functions; uses a range of word classes; looks at formal and informal features; looks at semantic fields for eg. emotions.
5	 Infrequent technical errors. Clear communication of ideas. Simple list structure; introduction and conclusion present. Definite, if inconsistent, linguistic register. 	9-10	 Consistent application of linguistic frameworks. Purposeful aims. Selects and identifies frameworks. Describes significant language features or patterns. Describes methodology. Basically accurate. Limited but accurate use of word classes. Looks at some lexical features.



4	 Occasional technical errors. Expression suitable for ideas. Structure/organisation emerge. Some control of linguistic register. 	7-8	 Applies a linguistic framework. Clarifies some aims. Identifies and describes relevant language features. Outlines approach. Uncertainty of description – some errors occur. Attempts to use word classes; notes mainly informal features e.g. contracted forms & colloquialisms.
3	 Frequent errors. Conveys basic ideas. Scatter gun structure. Occasional use of linguistic terms. 	5-6	 Attempts to apply frameworks for description. Selects relevant language features. Adopts a linguistic approach. Occasional accuracy of description.
2	 Intrusive basic errors – (sentence punctuation, there/their etc). Simple expression – conveys basic points. Short/incomplete work. Misunderstanding of linguistic terms. 	3-4	 Feature spotting not tied to any analysis. Simply identifying linguistic features and labelling with no sense of purpose for eg. lists noun/verb inflections.
1	Major flaws in language.Communication impeded.Some points are conveyed.	2	Attempts to apply frameworks but minimal accuracy achieved.
0	Total irrelevance/incomprehensible.	1	 Minimal engagement with language or data extracts. Lacks quotations or reference to the language of extracts.
		0	No engagement with the data extracts.



Mark	AO5ii					
	Analyse and evaluate variation in the meanings and forms of spoken and written language					
	from different times according to context.					
17-20	 Analytical grasp of how language works across different levels. Ability to place analysis in wider contexts. 					
	Perceptive/conceptualised/illuminating/open-minded.					
	Interesting and judicious use of examples.					
	Awareness of the effect of different audiences and readers on meaning.					
	Strongly evaluative. Overview on social/cultural dimensions.					
	• Explores issues about text type and functions.					
	• Engages with narrative, voices, characters and setting.					
	Perceptive observations on tone.					
13-16	• Confident analysis of language features, their explanatory context and their communicative impact.					
	 Close detailed points. 					
	 A subtle reading, integrating various levels of description. 					
	 Well integrated use of examples and quotations. 					
	 Exploration of texts' meaning, purpose and effects. 					
	 Evaluative comments are well supported. 					
	Thorough and precise exploration. The support of					
	 Considers how the mythic world is represented. 					
	Looks closely at dialogue and characterisation.					
9-12	Analyses meanings constructed by a range of significant language features.					
	Clear and detailed understanding of contexts' influence.					
	Engagement with texts' communicative intent.					
	Fully supported.					
	Some evaluative comment tied to textual detail.					
	Sustained analysis of texts' meanings.					
	• Explores some salient features.					
	Articulates a response to the texts.					
	Refers to narrative/characters/settings.					
7-8	Begins to analyse what texts are trying to communicate.					
	Illustrated points.					
	Broadly evaluative comments.					
	Begins to analyse how language conveys meanings.					
	Responds to tone and attitudes.					
5-6	Some use of content: specific references/quotation/examples.					
	Broad analysis of how context has influenced language use.					
	Looks at speakers and context. Broad statements.					
3-4	Simple/generalised/descriptive accounts of the content of texts and data.					
•	 Paraphrase. 					
	Excessive quotation.					
	Superficial reactions to texts.					
	Summarises content.					
	Identifies some features of language variation.					
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1-2	Limited understanding/major misunderstanding of audience/purpose/context/content/meaning.					
0	Text or data has no influence on the work.					
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Mark	AO4 Understand, discuss and explore concepts and issues relating to language in use.
9-10	Conceptualised overview of theories and research.
	Analyses and evaluates alternative views.
	Identifies and challenges standpoints.
	Precisely formulates aim(s).
	Exploratory and original investigative approach.
	Strong evaluative comments.
	Perceptive discussion.
	Skilfully integrates theoretical/research knowledge/linguistic concepts and approaches.
	Systematic.
7-8	Good knowledge about the nature of linguistic concepts, theories and research.
	Identifies different views and interpretations.
	Comments on others' ideas.
	Carefully formulated aim(s).
	Clear rationale for data selection.
	Formulates some overviews of issues raised by data.
	Thoughtful evaluative comments.
	Looks closely at for e.g. the relationship between language and text type.
	Analyses language in the context of social/cultural values.
	Usefully incorporates theoretical/research knowledge/linguistic concepts and approaches.
6	Depth or range of knowledge of linguistic ideas, concepts and research.
	Develops views on linguistic issues.
	Well focused aim(s).
	Sound data selection.
	Processes and categorises data well.
	Sustains evaluative comments.
	Able to develop a line of argument from looking closely at the data.
	Refers to theories/research to aid analysis and fulfilment of aim(s)/linguistic concepts and
	approaches.
5	Detailed knowledge of linguistic ideas, concepts and research.
	Outlines views on linguistic issues.
	Aim(s) informed by key concepts.
	Purposeful selection of data.
	Some sensible evaluative comments.
	Begins to develop a line of argument.
4	Familiarity with linguistic ideas, concepts and research.
	Sensible aim(s) formulated.
	Offers some explanations.
	Adopts a linguistic approach to the selection and study of data.
	Evaluates.
	Some identification of key issues e.g. how audience affects language use.
3	Awareness of linguistic ideas, concepts and research.
	Awareness of linguistic approaches.
	General aims(s) established.
	Simplistic evaluation.
	Generates some limited discussion.
	Linguistic notions evident.



2	Anecdotal/descriptive with implicit relevance.
	Uncertain about how to carry out linguistic study.
	• Engages with content only or other non language issues.
	• Lacks clear aim(s).
	Lacks an evaluation.
	Data used but linguistic comment is lay/implicit.
1	Little focus on linguistic issues.
	Data not commented on in a linguistic way.
0	No understanding of anything concerned with the study of language.
	Data not used.