UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS
General Certificate of Education
Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

## LITERATURE IN ENGLIS

Paper 4 Drama

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

## READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.
Write in dark blue or black pen.
Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.
Answer two questions.
You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.
All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

## PETER SHAFFER: Equus

1 Either (a) Discuss the presentation and significance of Alan's relationship with his mother in the play.

Or (b) With close reference to language, discuss Shaffer's presentation of Dysart here.
DYSART: We were. It actually worked for a bit. I mean for both of us. We worked for each other. She actually for me through a kind of briskness. A clear, red-headed, inaccessible briskness which kept me keyed up for months. Mind you,
if you're kinky for Northern Hygienic, as I am, you can't find anything much more compelling than a Scottish Lady Dentist.
HESTHER: It's you who are wicked, you know!
DYSART: Not at all. She got exactly the same from me. Antiseptic proficiency. I was like that in those days. We suited each other admirably. I see us in our wedding photo: Doctor and Doctor Mac Brisk. We were brisk in our wooing, brisk in our wedding, brisk in our disappointment. We turned from each other briskly into our separate surgeries; and now there's damn all.
HESTHER: You have no children, have you?
DYSART: No, we didn't go in for them. Instead, she sits beside our salmon-pink, glazed brick fireplace, and knits things for orphans in a home she helps with. And I sit opposite, turning the pages of art books on Ancient Greece. Occasionally, I still trail a faint scent of my enthusiasm across her path. I pass her a picture of the sacred acrobats of Crete leaping through the horns of running bulls - and she'll say: 'Och, Martin, what an absurred thing to be doing! The Highland Games, now there's norrmal sport!' Or she'll observe, just after l've told her a story from the Iliad: 'You know, when you come to think of it, Agamemnon and that lot were nothing but a bunch of ruffians from the Gorbals, only with fancy names!' [He rises.] You get the picture. She's turned into a Shrink. The familiar domestic monster. Margaret Dysart: the Shrink's Shrink.
HESTHER: That's cruel, Martin.
DYSART: Yes. Do you know what it's like for two people to live in the same house as if they were in different parts of the world? Mentally, she's always in some drizzly kirk of her own inheriting: and I'm in some Doric temple - clouds tearing through pillars - eagles bearing prophecies out of the sky. She finds all that repulsive. All my wife has ever taken from the Mediterranean - from that whole vast intuitive culture - are four bottles of Chianti to make into lamps, and two china condiment donkeys labelled Sally and Peppy.
[Pause.]
[More intimately.] I wish there was one person in my life I could show. One instinctive, absolutely unbrisk person I could take to Greece, and stand in front of certain shrines and sacred streams and say 'Look! Life is only comprehensible through a thousand local Gods. And not just the old dead ones with names like Zeus - no, but living Geniuses of Place and Person! And not just Greece but modern England! Spirits of certain trees, certain curves of brick wall, certain chip shops, if you like, and slate roofs - just as of certain frowns in people and slouches'... l'd say to them - 'Worship as many as you can see - and more will appear!'... If I had a son, I bet you he'd come out exactly like his mother. Utterly worshipless. Would you like a drink?
HESTHER: No, thanks. Actually, l've got to be going. As usual ...
DYSART: Really?
HESTHER: Really. I've got an Everest of papers to get through before bed.
DYSART: You never stop, do you?
HESTHER: Do you?
DYSART: This boy, with his stare. He's trying to save himself through me.
HESTHER: I'd say so.
DYSART: What am I trying to do to him?
HESTHER: Restore him, surely?
DYSART: To what?
HESTHER: A normal life.
DYSART: Normal?
HESTHER: It still means something.
DYSART: Does it?

2 Either (a) Discuss the presentation and significance of relationships between parents and children in The Winter's Tale.

Or (b) With close reference to the passage's language and action, discuss the presentation of Leontes's state of mind.

LEONTES: To your own bents dispose you; you'll be found, Be you beneath the sky. [Aside] I am angling now, Though you perceive me not how I give line.
Go to, go to!

How she holds up the neb, the bill to him!
And arms her with the boldness of a wife To her allowing husband!
[Exeunt Polixenes, Hermione, and Attendants. Gone already!
Inch-thick, knee-deep, o'er head and ears a fork'd one!
Go, play, boy, play; thy mother plays, and I
Play too; but so disgrac'd a part, whose issue
Will hiss me to my grave. Contempt and clamour
Will be my knell. Go, play, boy, play. There have been, Or I am much deceiv'd, cuckolds ere now;
And many a man there is, even at this present, Now while I speak this, holds his wife by th'arm That little thinks she has been sluic'd in's absence, And his pond fish'd by his next neighbour, by Sir Smile, his neighbour. Nay, there's comfort in't, Whiles other men have gates and those gates open'd, As mine, against their will. Should all despair That have revolted wives, the tenth of mankind Would hang themselves. Physic for't there's none; It is a bawdy planet, that will strike
Where 'tis predominant; and 'tis pow'rful, think it, From east, west, north, and south. Be it concluded, No barricado for a belly. Know't, It will let in and out the enemy With bag and baggage. Many thousand on's Have the disease, and feel't not. How now, boy!
MAMILLIUS: I am like you, they say. LEONTES:

Why, that's some comfort.
What! Camillo there?
CAMILLO: Ay, my good lord.
LEONTES: Go play, Mamillius; thou'rt an honest man.
[Exit Mamillius.
Camillo, this great sir will yet stay longer.
CAMILLO: You had much ado to make his anchor hold; When you cast out, it still came home.

CAMILLO: He would not stay at your petitions; made His business more material.
LEONTES: Didst perceive it?
[Aside] They're here with me already; whisp'ring,45rounding,'Sicilia is a so-forth'. 'Tis far goneWhen I shall gust it last. - How came't, Camillo,That he did stay?
CAMILLO: At the good Queen's entreaty. ..... 50
LEONTES: 'At the Queen's' be't. 'Good' should be pertinent;
But so it is, it is not. Was this taken
By any understanding pate but thine?
For thy conceit is soaking, will draw in
More than the common blocks. Not noted, is't, ..... 55
But of the finer natures, by some severalsOf head-piece extraordinary? Lower messesPerchance are to this business purblind? Say.
CAMILLO: Business, my lord? I think most understand Bohemia stays here longer. ..... 60
LEONTES:
Ha ?Stays here longer.
LEONTES: Ay, but why?
CAMILLO: To satisfy your Highness, and the entreaties Of our most gracious mistress. ..... 65LEONTES:SatisfyTh' entreaties of your mistress! Satisfy!Let that suffice.

Act 1, Scene 2

3 Either (a) 'Falstaff: God be thanked for these rebels - they offend none but the virtuous; I laud them, I praise them.'

To what extent, and with what effect, does Shakespeare create sympathy for Hotspur and the rebels in Henry IV, Part 1?

Or (b) With close reference to language and action, show how Shakespeare establishes both the characters of Prince Henry and Falstaff and their relationship here.
[London. The Prince's lodging.
Enter the PRINCE OF WALES and SIR JOHN FALSTAFF.
FALSTAFF: Now, Hal, what time of day is it, lad?
PRINCE: Thou art so fat-witted with drinking of old sack, and
unbuttoning thee after supper, and sleeping upon
benches after noon, that thou hast forgotten to demand that truly which thou wouldest truly know. What a devil hast thou to do with the time of the day? Unless hours were cups of sack, and minutes capons, and clocks the tongues of bawds, and dials the signs of leapinghouses, and the blessed sun himself a fair hot wench in flame-coloured taffeta, I see no reason why thou shouldst be so superfluous to demand the time of the day.
FALSTAFF: Indeed, you come near me now, Hal; for we that take purses go by the moon and the seven stars, and not by Phoebus, he 'that wand'ring knight so fair'. And, I prithee, sweet wag, when thou art a king, as, God save thy Grace - Majesty, I should say; for grace thou wilt have none -
PRINCE: What, none?
FALSTAFF: No, by my troth; not so much as will serve to be prologue to an egg and butter.
PRINCE: Well, how then? Come, roundly, roundly.
FALSTAFF: Marry, then, sweet wag, when thou art king, let not us
that are squires of the night's body be called thieves of the day's beauty; let us be Diana's foresters, gentlemen of the shade, minions of the moon; and let men say we be men of good government, being governed, as the sea is, by our noble and chaste mistress the moon, under whose countenance we steal.
PRINCE: Thou sayest well, and it holds well too; for the fortune of us that are the moon's men doth ebb and flow like the sea, being governed, as the sea is, by the moon. As, for proof, now: a purse of gold most resolutely snatch'd on Monday night, and most dissolutely spent on Tuesday morning; got with swearing 'Lay by' and spent with crying 'Bring in'; now in as low an ebb as the foot of the ladder, and by and by in as high a flow as the ridge of the gallows.
FALSTAFF: By the Lord, thou say'st true, lad. And is not my hostess of the tavern a most sweet wench?
PRINCE: As the honey of Hybla, my old lad of the castle. And is not a buff jerkin a most sweet robe of durance?

FALSTAFF: How now, how now, mad wag
What, in thy quips and thy quiddities?
What a plague have I to do with a buff jerkin?
PRINCE: Why, what a pox have I to do with my hostess of the tavern?
FALSTAFF: Well, thou hast call'd her to a reckoning many a time and oft.
PRINCE: Did I ever call for thee to pay thy part?
FALSTAFF: No; l'll give thee thy due, thou hast paid all there.
PRINCE: Yea, and elsewhere, so far as my coin would stretch; and where it would not, I have used my credit.
FALSTAFF: Yea, and so us'd it that, were it not here apparent that thou art heir apparent - but, I prithee, sweet wag, shall there be gallows standing in England when thou art king, and resolution thus fubb'd as it is with the rusty curb of old father antic the law? Do not thou, when thou art king, hang a thief.
PRINCE: No; thou shalt.
Act 1, Scene 2

## TOM STOPPARD: Rosencrantz and Guildenstern Are Dead

4 Either (a) 'Both individuals and a couple; both different and the same.
How helpful do you find this comment on Stoppard's presentation of Ros and Guil?
Or (b) With close reference to the passage, discuss the clash between Ros and Guil's world and Hamlet's world at this point in the play.

ROS: To sum up: your father, whom you love, dies, you are his heir, you come back to find that hardly was the corpse cold before his young brother popped on to his throne and into his sheets, thereby offending both legal and
natural practice. Now why exactly are you behaving in this extraordinary manner?
GUIL: I can't imagine! [Pause.] But all that is well known, common property. Yet he sent for us. And we did come.
ROS [alert, ear cocked]: I say! I heard music -
GUIL: We're here.

- Like a band - I thought I heard a band.

GUIL: Rosencrantz ...
ROS [absently, still listening]: What?
Pause, short.
GUIL [gently wry]: Guildenstern ...
ROS [irritated by the repetition]: What?
GUIL: Don't you discriminate at all?
ROS [turning dumbly]: Wha'?
Pause.
GUIL: Go and see if he's there.
ROS: Who?
GUIL: There.
Ros goes to an upstage wing, looks, returns, formally making his report.
ROS: Yes. 25
GUIL: What is he doing?
Ros repeats movement.
ROS: Talking.
GUIL: To himself?
Ros starts to move. Guil cuts in impatiently. 30
Is he alone?
ROS: No.
GUIL: Then he's not talking to himself, is he?
ROS: $\quad$ Not by himself ... Coming this way, I think. [shiftily] Should we go?
GUIL: Why? We're marked now.
Hamlet enters, backwards, talking, followed by Polonius, upstage. Ros and Guil occupy the two downstage corners looking upstage.
HAMLET: ... for you yourself, sir, should be as old as I am if like a 40 crab you could go backward.
POLONIUS [aside]: Though this be madness, yet there is method in it. Will you walk out of the air, my lord?
HAMLET: Into my grave.
POLONIUS: Indeed, that's out of the air. ..... 45Hamlet crosses to upstage exit, Polonius asidingunintelligibly until -My lord, I will take my leave of you.HAMLET: You cannot take from me anything that I will morewillingly part withal - except my life, except my life,50except my life ...POLONIUS [crossing downstage]: Fare you well, my lord. [to Ros]You go to seek Lord Hamlet? There he is.
ROS [to Polonius]: God save you sir. Polonius goes. ..... 55GUIL [calls upstage to Hamlef]: My honoured lord!
ROS: My most dear lord!Hamlet centred upstage, turns to them.
HAMLET: My excellent good friends! How dost thou Guildenstern?Coming downstage with an arm raised to Ros, Guil60meanwhile bowing to no greeting. Hamlet correctshimself. Still to Ros.Ah Rosencrantz!They laugh good-naturedly at the mistake. They all meetmidstage, turn upstage to walk, Hamlet in the middle,65arm over each shoulder.
HAMLET: Good lads, how do you both? Blackout.

## TENNESSEE WILLIAMS: A Streetcar Named Desire

5 Either (a) 'Stella:What have I done to my sister? Oh, God, what have I done to my sister?'
To what extent does Stella contribute to Blanche's destruction, in your view?
Or (b) With close reference to the passage below, discuss Williams's presentation of tension between Blanche and Stanley at this point in the play.
[STANLEY appears around the corner of the building. He still has on the vivid green silk bowling shirt. As he rounds the corner the honkytonk music is heard. It continues softly throughout the scene.

He enters the kitchen, slamming the door. As he peers in at

BLANCHE, he gives a low whistle. He has had a few drinks on the
way and has brought some quart beer bottles home with him.]
BLANCHE: How is my sister?
STANLEY: She is doing okay.
BLANCHE: And how is the baby?
STANLEY: [grinning amiably]:The baby won't come before morning so they told me to go home and get a little shut-eye.
BLANCHE: Does that mean we are to be alone in here?
STANLEY: Yep. Just me and you, Blanche. Unless you got somebody hid under the bed. What've you got on those fine feathers for?
BLANCHE: Oh, that's right. You left before my wire came.
STANLEY: You got a wire?
BLANCHE: I received a telegram from an old admirer of mine.
STANLEY: Anything good?
BLANCHE: I think so. An invitation.
STANLEY: What to? A fireman's ball?
BLANCHE: [throwing back her head]: A cruise of the Caribbean on a yacht!
STANLEY: Well, well. What do you know?
BLANCHE: I have never been so surprised in my life.
STANLEY: I guess not.
BLANCHE: It came like a bolt from the blue!
STANLEY: Who did you say it was from?
BLANCHE: An old beau of mine.
STANLEY: The one that give you the white fox-pieces!
BLANCHE: Mr Shep Huntleigh. I wore his ATO pin my last year at college. I hadn't seen him again until last Christmas. I ran in to him on Biscayne Boulevard. Then - just now - this wire - inviting me on a cruise of the Caribbean! The problem is clothes. I tore into my trunk to see what I have that's suitable for the tropics!
STANLEY: And come up with that - gorgeous - diamond - tiara?
BLANCHE: This old relic! Ha-ha! It's only rhinestones.
STANLEY: Gosh. I thought it was Tiffany diamonds. [He unbuttons his shirt.]
BLANCHE: Well, anyhow, I shall be entertained in style.
STANLEY: Uh-huh. It goes to show, you never know what is coming.
BLANCHE: Just when I thought my luck had begun to fail me STANLEY: Into the picture pops this Miami millionaire.
BLANCHE: This man is not from Miami. This man is from Dallas.
STANLEY: This man is from Dallas?

BLANCHE: Yes, this man is from Dallas where gold spouts out of the ground!
STANLEY: Well, just so he's from somewhere! [He starts removing his shirt.]
BLANCHE: Close the curtains before you undress any further.
STANLEY: [amiably] This is all I'm going to undress right now. [He rips the sack off a quart beer-bottle.] Seen a bottleopener?
[She moves slowly towards the dresser, where she stands with her hands knotted together.]
I used to have a cousin who could open a beer-bottle with his teeth. [Pounding the bottle cap on the corner of table.] That was his only accomplishment, all he could do - he was just a human bottle-opener. And then one do - he was just a human bottle-opener. And then one
time, at a wedding party, he broke his front teeth off! After that he was so ashamed of himself he used t' sneak out of the house when company came ...
[The bottle cap pops off and a geyser of foam shoots up. STANLEY laughs happily, holding up the bottle over his head.]
Ha-ha! Rain from heaven! [He extends the bottle towards her.] Shall we bury the hatchet and make it a loving-cup? Huh?
-

No, thank you.

6 Either (a) Discuss the presentation and significance of role reversals between the men and the women in The Importance of Being Earnest.

Or (b) With close reference to the extract below, discuss Wilde's presentation of the first meeting between Cecily and Algernon.

CECILY: I have never met any really wicked person before. I feel rather frightened. I am so afraid he will look just like every one else.
[Enter ALGERNON, very gay and debonair.]
He does!
ALGERNON [raising his hat]:You are my little cousin Cecily, I'm sure.
CECILY: You are under some strange mistake. I am not little. In fact, I believe I am more than usually tall for my age. [ALGERNON is rather taken aback.] But I am your cousin Cecily. You, I see from your card, are Uncle Jack's brother, my cousin Ernest, my wicked cousin Ernest.
ALGERNON: Oh! I am not really wicked at all, cousin Cecily. You mustn't think that I am wicked.
CECILY: If you are not, then you have certainly been deceiving us all in a very inexcusable manner. I hope you have not been leading a double life, pretending to be wicked and being really good all the time. That would be hypocrisy.
ALGERNON [looks at her in amazement]: Oh! Of course I have been rather reckless.
CECILY: I am glad to hear it.
ALGERNON: In fact, now you mention the subject, I have been very bad in my own small way.
CECILY: I don't think you should be so proud of that, though I am sure it must have been very pleasant.
ALGERNON: It is much pleasanter being here with you.
CECILY: I can't understand how you are here at all. Uncle Jack won't be back till Monday afternoon.
ALGERNON: That is a great disappointment. I am obliged to go up by the first train on Monday morning. I have a business appointment that I am anxious ... to miss!
CECILY: Couldn't you miss it anywhere but in London?
ALGERNON: No: the appointment is in London.
CECILY: Well, I know, of course, how important it is not to keep a business engagement, if one wants to retain any sense of the beauty of life, but still I think you had better wait till Uncle Jack arrives. I know he wants to speak to you about your emigrating.
ALGERNON: About my what?
CECILY: Your emigrating. He has gone up to buy your outfit.
ALGERNON: I certainly wouldn't let Jack buy my outfit. He has no taste in neckties at all.
CECILY: I don't think you will require neckties. Uncle Jack is sending you to Australia.
ALGERNON: Australia! I'd sooner die.
CECILY: Well, he said at dinner on Wednesday night, that you would have to choose between this world, the next world, and Australia.
ALGERNON: Oh, well! The accounts I have received of Australia and the next world are not particularly encouraging. This world is good enough for me, cousin Cecily.
CECILY: Yes, but are you good enough for it?
ALGERNON: I'm afraid I'm not that. That is why I want you to reform me. You might make that your mission, if you don't mind, Cousin Cecily.
CECILY: I'm afraid l've no time, this afternoon.
ALGERNON: Well, would you mind my reforming myself this afternoon?
CECILY: It is rather Quixotic of you. But I think you should try.
ALGERNON: I will. I feel better already.
CECILY: You are looking a little worse. 65
ALGERNON: That is because I am hungry.
CECILY: How thoughtless of me. I should have remembered that when one is going to lead an entirely new life, one requires regular and wholesome meals. Won't you come in?

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