

General Certificate of Education

English Literature 6741

Specification A

LTA6 Reading for Meaning

Mark Scheme

2007 examination - June series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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The Assessment Objectives

- Assessment in English Literature is unlike that in most other subjects where Assessment Objectives can be assessed discretely.
- Experience of examining in this subject along with research conducted into how candidates approach answering questions show that there is never an occasion where one can assess a single assessment objective discretely.
- Some assessment objectives, such as AO1, 2 and 3 are always present.
- In this specification, the Assessment Objectives do have different weightings in different units.
- In some modules the AOs are more or less equal; in others there is a dominant AO.
- The specification and its units have been constructed and the questions have been framed so that the Assessment Objectives are targetted in the proportions set out in the specification.

Question 1 (a)

Basing your answer on **Extract A** and **Extract B**, you should:

- write a comparison of the ways the poets present a picture of England and the English people
- say how far you agree with the view that Coleridge seeks to persuade his readers with logical argument whereas Freeman appeals merely to his readers' emotions.

Focus

From Fears in Solitude and Happy is England Now

Key Words

Comparison, ways, presents, picture of England and English people, logical argument, appeal to emotions

AOs 1, 2ii and 3	AO4	
Knowledge and understanding.	Different interpretations.	Marks/
Tracing connections.	Informed personal response.	Bands
Clear communication.		
Form, structure, language.		
 Simple narration/description. Assertion. Irrelevance. Inaccuracies and misreadings. Frequent lapses in spelling, etc. Little or no reference to features of language. Little sense of comparison. 	 Little understanding of different interpretations given: logical argument/appeal to emotions. Limited personal response. Confused response, unclear line of argument. 	Band 1 0-6
 Little sense of comparison. Appropriate but generalised evidence to support. Some inaccuracy in expression. Some awareness of importance of form, structure and language in shaping meaning. General awareness of writers' techniques in presentation of picture of England. General comparison. 	 Reasonable understanding of two positions laid out in question-logical argument/appeal to emotions. Listing rather than exploring. General line of argument. Not always balanced or consistent. 	Band 2 7-10
 Increasingly detailed understanding of text and ability to evaluate and consider issues of question. Argument supported by detailed reference to text. Accurate expression. Critical vocabulary used appropriately. Exploration of form, structure and language and how they inform meaning. Increasingly assured comparison. 	 Consideration of each new point within construction of argument with detailed reference to text. Clear, developing line of argument for each case- logical argument/appeal to emotions. Coherent, informed judgements including own position. 	Band 3 11-15
 Analysis of texts in detail. Technically accurate. Telling and accurate use of appropriate critical vocabulary. Sophisticated analysis of ways in which form, structure and language inform meaning. 	 Cogent, well-structured argument. Mature and confident judgement based on informed consideration of various possibilities. 	Band 4 16-20

Question 1 (b)

By comparing **Extracts C**, **D** and **E**, and by referring to your wider reading, examine how typical in both style and treatment of subject matter these writings are of literature from and about The First World War.

You should consider:

- language, form and structure
- the writers' thoughts and feelings about war and contemporary society
- the influence of the time of composition
- the gender of the writers.

Focus

Extracts C, D and E and wider reading.

Key Words

Comparing, how typical, style, subject matter, and all in bullet points.

AOs 1, 2ii and 3	AO5ii	
Knowledge and understanding.	Evaluating significance of cultural,	Marks/
Tracing connections.	historical and other contextual	Bands
Clear communication.	influences on literary texts and	
Form, structure, language.	study.	
 Simple narration/description. Assertion and/or irrelevance. Inaccuracies and misreadings. Frequent lapses in spelling, grammar etc. Little or no sense of comparison. Little or no reference to features of language. Appropriate but generalised evidence to support. 	 Very limited awareness of typicality of <i>Littlewood</i>, <i>Graves</i> and <i>Read</i> or of influences on them or attitudes to war. Some awareness of period context. Awareness of <u>attitudes to war</u> and influence of society on all 	Band 1 0-6 Band
 Some inaccuracy in expression. Some awareness of importance of structure and language in shaping meaning. General awareness of all writers' techniques in communicating their thoughts and feelings. Starting to make basic comparisons between texts. Little attention given to genre. 	 three writers. Use of wider reading and understanding of context. Some recognition of time and gender issues. 	2 7-10
 Increasingly detailed understanding of texts and ability to evaluate and consider issues of the question. Accurate expression. Critical vocabulary used appropriately. Sustaining comparisons across all texts. Understanding of how choice of genre affects meaning. 	 Demonstrating detailed knowledge of relevant context in establishing how typical each text is as an example of WWI Literature. Assessing significance of time of composition and gender issues. Detailed comparative analysis of attitudes to war. 	Band 3 11-15
 Extended and illuminating comparison. Telling and accurate use of appropriate critical vocabulary. Sophisticated analysis of ways writers' use form, structure and language to shape meaning. 	 Specific detailed and illuminating connections between texts and context. Understanding of texts in tradition. Analysis of importance of contextual factors in writing. 	Band 4 16-20