

Examiners' Report/ Principal Examiner Feedback

January 2012

GCE English Language & Literature (6EL03)
Varieties in Language and Literature

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Introduction

This unit comprises the examined component of A2 Language and Literature. Students are expected to apply their skills and knowledge of literary and linguistic concepts gained in the AS units, as well as wider reading, to explore varieties of language and literature. They need to synthesise their learning and make observations about how language works across a spectrum of written and spoken production. They choose one of four topic areas and answer two corresponding questions: one on an unseen extract in Section A and one on two prepared texts in Section B.

Section A involves the analysis of one unseen extract. Candidates are expected to present a continuous commentary on the writer's or speaker's choice of structure, form and language and draw conclusions on attitudes, values and ideas conveyed in the text.

Section B assesses candidates' knowledge of the contribution made by contextual factors to the understanding of either two chosen drama texts or two chosen poetry texts. Students are expected to compare writers' use of linguistic and literary devices.

Overall, there was a mixed range of responses for this series. Higher band candidates showed an ability to present integrated, well-informed answers, detailed knowledge of the texts and confident use of a wide range of terminology. Answers placed in the lower bands tended to be descriptive and did not tackle the writers' attitudes, values and ideas in any real depth. A large number of candidates could have spent more time looking carefully at the key terms of the question, considering the relevant concerns of their chosen topic and then planning their answers accordingly. When supporting their points, a significant proportion of candidates tended to rely on long, memorised quotations, rather than selecting examples that were appropriate to the demands of the question.

From a practical point of view, candidates must remember to answer both questions relating to their choice of topic (e.g. Family Relationships). A significant number of candidates tackled one topic area on Section A and another on Section B. The paper is designed to help students to prepare themselves efficiently: they will have been studying a variety of texts relating to a chosen topic and this encourages them to focus on a range of relevant features, contexts and ideas; they should also save time and unnecessary stress by going straight to the relevant unseen passage at the beginning of the examination instead of reading through all four passages.

Section A: Question 1

General

Overall, candidates showed some encouraging approaches to the task, with even lower band responses showing some range of application of their knowledge and understanding, or at least being able to express themselves clearly. High-scoring answers demonstrated a wide range of analytical skills and discussed a variety of features in a confident fashion.

However, lower-band candidates often misread the extracts or spent too much time focusing on seemingly-trivial aspects. There was a tendency to feature spot rather than to engage with the attitudes or values of the texts. Many candidates did not really consider why the texts were written and thus did not grasp how the language had been shaped for particular purposes.

A Sense of Place

The Bill Bryson extract was a popular choice and on the whole students were able to respond to the nostalgic tone and comment on the warmth of the writer's memories. The majority of candidates were able to identify a range of interesting features but very few chose to discuss the use of hyperbole or to fully explore the precise tone of the piece. Even some seemingly adept candidates missed too many opportunities on discussing both language use and attitudes/values hand-in-hand with Bryson's stimulation of the senses. A small number of candidates analysed ways in which the tone of the piece was used to re-create the sense of childhood excitement. Most answers discussed the generic features of the memoir/autobiography. Very few students had problems understanding the text, although a large number of answers concentrated on the opening paragraphs and did not get to grips with the last two.

The Individual in Society

Candidates seemed confident dealing with the Mary Bethune piece, although only a few considered the radio audience and how this might have affected the way that the text was constructed. Most candidates preferred to focus on going through the piece chronologically and listing the main linguistic features. Most were able to discuss the use of abstract nouns and how the overall concept of the text was conveyed. However, they did not often explore the speaker's attitudes and value, and therefore missed an opportunity to engage with the rhetorical power of the speech.

Love and Loss

The Katy Guest piece was the most problematic of the four unseen texts, probably because of the way that the topic of Love and Loss was represented here. Many candidates were unable to detect the writer's use of irony and took the whole piece at face value. Not many answers explored the variety of attitudes expressed by the different participants in this article. There was also a reluctance to analyse linguistic features. The inclusion of the three book extracts created confusion and a number of candidates were unable to consider the overall purpose of the text. In fact, some responses seemed to suggest that the article was a PR exercise for Mills and Boon. There were attempts to grasp the nature of the audience but these were often reduced to generalised references to social class.

Family Relationships

The Ballard extract was also challenging for a considerable number of candidates who offered a very descriptive account of the content. Only a small number of answers were able to engage with the slightly detached

quality of much of the writing. Stronger answers analysed the portrayals of the grandparents (the reference to the "relics of the Victorian world" proving popular) and a large number of responses considered the war-time context. However, many answeres suffered from a basic misreading of the relationships between those mentioned. Higher-scoring answers began to explore emotional, as well as geographical distances but, on the whole, candidates had difficulty with the overall tone of the piece.

At AO1, high-scoring candidates wrote fluently and used a wide range of appropriate terminology. They remained focused on the question throughout and discussed a wide range of linguistic approaches in a confident manner. Middle-range answers were written fluently but did not include a wide enough range of relevant terminology. Answers that fell in the lower band category displayed a number of technical inaccuracies and a narrow range of terminology.

At AO2, high-scoring answers engaged confidently with the texts, analysed relevant features in a confident manner and showed a detailed appreciation of the writers' attitudes, values and ideas. Lower band answers tended to be descriptive and avoided analytical discussion of structure, form and language.

Here is an extract from an answer that was awarded full marks for AO1:

A sense of place.
Bill Brysons first person account of this experiences of youth
In Iowa are included in his childhood memoir, The life
and times of the thunderboth kid. The text wo most likely
to interest needers who enjoy Brypons previous writing,
Such as Brick Lane
The piece, though written in a Caurly low negister
"Well, actually, who could say, praintains a polysyllabic and articulate idiolect "the most vivilly delicious."
including creative collocations of words "tentime of inspired
brilliance" The book feature of the text is nosbalgia
rooted in food and establishments for Bryson; " nouter -
pleasing banance cream pie" ubilising asyndebic
Listing to heighten the joyons and reminiscent tone of
the text "department shores restained, clothing shores."
Byson recreabed the ambience of youth by contrasting
the mature syntax with chilellike nepetition, using
anaphera with the personal pronoun "we" and "we had"
at the beginning of many sentances purougnout one
of the piece. This is also officeed to with the farmiliar
terms of advess used in the best, when raming the
establishments " cream pie at Todolle House" "cheeseake
at Johnny and Kays"

Examiner comment:

The candidate employs a wide range of appropriate linguistic and literary terms in a persuasive manner. Expression is sophisticated, fluent and accurate.

Examiner tip:

Use a wide range of relevant terminology in an integrated fashion.

The following extract is from an answer that was awarded a mark in the middle band for AO1:

a near plan of euros. The purpose of this puice might he to brok not accord at the time of the man, surat society and England was we as a whole, how it affected people. Also to lear about eurits at that time that not only took place in England but in Thangrai too, as il has changed immenly much then. Its context is that of family difference post model mar or and two, England and its practice difficulties and the problems faced in other countries. This puce wald thingsoe be swattle to a wing wared and under spread anderce, comisting of both gerders, people of aged mid-keens and au, possibly a greater direct for know with and experienced the was and for shore who are warsted in pre and port war living. The survive was very associpture larguage of pegale and places throughout the extract. In particular rouced his une of sexual survey whoughout which changed depending on his attituous and ideas taurans curtain people or peaces, "I trink they distracted me or signe" and "Bar my sister and I caught amount ayountry and were securely in: Dy the worth making wase percents, short and semple, il indicales to me these were times surior distremed or upset him as he does not

une disciplifica jarquige a compaira sentinas livi pis other suttennes ## ## Sultrin short pertence when lirquisto lechrique corror lo some. His larguage is very nigatual roses such as rigid, uniduant minda. ectuis hu "universited, heavy, wiconfatable" a dark and regardice patroyal grandparents. The audience can tell from alore trat his time with his grand parents was unpresent, "bruy glimpnes of the sur" and cuin breatred" was rationed. It direction them as being lucing relics of the lurior I faired mas a audience that how better occupy was after the

Examiner comment:

This candidate expresses ideas in a clear, fluent fashion but there is an absence of relevant linguistic terminology.

Examiner tip:

Use appropriate terminology to identify key linguistic and literary features.

This answer was placed at the top of Band 3 for AO2:

This piece comes from the Arts section of the Independent Therefore it would have quite a wide readership, it is for people who are bothing to find gut more about iterature. It was written in 2009, tun'ng the recognism, giving a centain tome to the price. The writer will discuss why Romantic novely a had become more popular and also envedescriptions and recommendations on a few. The title 'We're all heroine addicty now ... grabs the readers aftertion. It looks very similar to the word heroin being a play on word related to dragaddict, drawing the reader in with this controversial statement. Elipses are used, leading the reader into the piece. There is also a sup-heading giving a more detailed view of what will becovered in the article. 'Kudy Guest reports on the boom in romantic fiction, this sets the agender and gives thoundience expectations. Subject-specific adjectives are used 'steamy' following with the The article begins with three seperate descriptions of romantic hovels. The first presents a downcer that many of the readers may feel somy for, there

is hyperbole used in descriping her changes

Examiner comment:

The candidate has attempted to address attitudes and values to varying degrees of success. There is some acknowledgement of structure, form and language but features could have been analysed in greater detail.

Examiner tip:

Consider how a writer's choice of features might convey attitudes, values and ideas.

Here is an extract from an answer that was placed in Band 5 for AO2:

The best partrays the times attitude to children in a publicularly barourable light, relping to one 1950's as a confortable, happy time for Bryson Speaking of eability ice cheam after swingning as a chilal being " the firest feeling of well-being a person can have. The there of class is also bouched agron in The text, although no direct comments one made, there is a brief mentioning of the opulance surrounding a young Bryzon " handsomest, most elegant pushic successing pool in one world, with the Shinnash towness french li legnards:" Although a non-fiction piece Broken glemonstrates experience with writing in his account, lackeding liquidine language in the best with metaphors such as "into bue beruels of the earth" The piece begins with a fairly colleguial syntax, using initial position conjunctions " But then nost things In Des Mories" giving a more personal feel to the crafted text not unlike heal speach in style. Bryson succesfully transports the reader to his nosbaly's childhood memories, engaging the recience with accessible concepts such as food and drawing the neader in with a clear devotion to his home four "... they were at least ours," appealing to reacles it's accessibility.

notably, Bryson nevisits a chilellike manner of speaking by incheling a plethora of comparative language and suffixes "tashiest Based goods" "Cippiest fried chicken" Municipality the text with negularity and an innerbune pride. Boyson dominables the text with his inner child and strong nostalgia using casual contractions "good" dated Americanisms " Just Good" and Aubject nather occassionally neging on takes "(And the best forth after words." creating an excitable young character for the neaders to relate The lest contains an annuable justoper trion of combent with the collocation of the semantic field of Good and a piece of Ast about "Dahli's Supermarket, in which Bryson was parenthesis to and hyperbole to weale an mage of the alliteratine "Kieldle Corrals" playper describing the production of comic books as "produced in massive numbers 12... bue 1950's - one billion of them ... - " Byson also uses person fication of the nanimable groceries "positively negreshed" to bring the childlike way of brinking through the text, as well ast collective berows "everyone loved and admired to anyway" in Sweeping

Examiner comment:

The candidate has explored a wide range of values and attitudes, showing a good appreciation of Bryson's intentions and approaches. The candidate is able to evaluate the effects created by Bryson's choice of linguistic features.

Examiner tip:

Discuss a wide range of features and their effects in an integrated fashion.

Section B: Questions 2-5

General

As usual, the plays proved more popular than the poetry texts, with Love and Loss being the most popular topic area. High-scoring answers showed that contexts had been well-researched and knowledge was applied appropriately. These candidates adopted an integrated approach to the task and skilfully compared the texts throughout. However, lower-scoring candidates depended on communicating taught knowledge rather than on displaying applied skills. A worrying number of students failed to include any contextual knowledge whatsoever. Their analysis and exploration of the texts was often perceptive but the essence of the task was not completed.

In addition, comparison between texts was often tenuous. Generally speaking, a significant number of poetry answers candidates analysed the poems in considerable depth but neglected to offer an integrated comparison between texts.

A Sense of Place

There were some very convincing answers on the poetry, with candidates able to select contextual information and use it to discuss the specifics of some well-chosen poems. Lower-scoring answers tended to discuss individual poems, instead of adopting a broader approach to the poets' work. Candidates who wrote about the plays often focused on Powell and Vietnam in *Stuff Happens*, as well as the impact of history in *Translations*. Lower-band answers compared individual characters, rather than analysing a range of dramatic features. References to context were often narrow and were not always tailored the demands of the question. There were a number of rehearsed answers and some candidates clearly had an agenda, regardless of the wording of the question. It was however pleasing to see that *Stuff Happens* had been well-taught and most candidates were equally at home with this, as well as *Translations*.

The Individual in Society

High-scoring students of *Othello* and *Equus* offered focused responses, with some pertinent, detailed references to a range of contextual factors and an ability to explore language in some depth. They also analysed dramatic features in a persuasive manner. The study of Othello and Alan offered the chance to look at the question in detail but candidates also used the opportunity to explore lago and Dysart, and also the female characters.

Lower band candidates had difficulty with the terms of the question and tended to ignore the key terms entirely. They made only basic references to context and tended to offer only rudimentary discussion of language. These answers tended to focus only on Othello and Alan; Dysart was hardly mentioned. There was also a reluctance to acknowledge these texts as plays, so marks were lost at AO2.

There were no poetry answers in this topic area.

Love and Loss

This question was a popular choice and a large proportion of candidates answered on *Betrayal* and *The Glass Menagerie* (perhaps influenced by recent productions of both plays.) The best answers were often a pleasure to read, demonstrating a sophisticated knowledge of the texts and making detailed, cogent comparisons. Many high-scoring candidates were able to show how the autobiographical elements of both plays would have been unknown to their original audiences and so the life-changing elements contextually happened later.

A significant number of candidates were actually able to discuss the irony implicit in Pinter's reverse chronology and relate it specifically to the wording of the question. There was also some very effective discussion of Williams' biography but it wasn't always relevant. The best answers here used the contextual information selectively and concentrated on effective comparisons.

Lower-scoring answers tended to rely heavily on rehearsed contextual material; indeed the discussion of context often obscured references to the texts themselves. There were a number of poetry answers here and these tended to be stronger on Plath than the Metaphysical Poets, with plenty of detailed analysis of the former but some fairly superficial treatment of the latter. Again, there was a tendency to discuss individual poems, as opposed to adopting a broader view of the set texts.

Family Relationships

This was also a popular choice but responses were mixed. Although the majority of candidates demonstrated secure knowledge and understanding of both texts, a considerable number found it difficult to present an integrated analysis of structure, form, language and context. The question offered plenty of opportunity to explore a range of contextual factors, as well as analyse a variety of dramatic features. However, many candidates overlooked the key terms of the question, preferring to copy out rehearsed answers about the American Dream and patriarchal "Victorian" society.

Many low-scoring answers ignored the wording of the question but highband responses tackled the word "nature" and discussed different levels of communication (and the lack of it.). Again, a significant number of candidates copied out quotations but did not discuss the specific lexical or syntactical choices. Discerning answers explored communication as a means of control and communication which went unsaid, the theme of secrecy.

There were no poetry answers in this topic area.

At AO1, high-scoring candidates wrote fluently and used a wide range of appropriate terminology. They remained focused on the question throughout and discussed a wide range of linguistic approaches in a confident manner. Lower-scoring answers were usually coherent but used a limited range of terminology.

At AO2, high-scoring answers engaged confidently with the texts, analysed generic features in a confident manner and showed a detailed appreciation of the writers' attitudes, values and ideas. Lower band answers tended to be descriptive and avoided analytical discussion of structure, form and language.

At AO3, high band answers presented detailed comparisons of the texts, in an integrated fashion, and referred to a wide range of contextual features. Lower-scoring answers tended to make generalised references to contexts and tended to discuss texts separately. Here is an extract from an answer that was awarded full marks for AO1:

as Shokespeare challengs early modern views of sondier being almost synanymau with trust, thus, as well as top bung white, again a conow synonymou with I showing how bogo breaks many from the Doctor strectipes is he remains musuales had and morrielles in his achorizate infirms ofhello didoctrosly of Desdemons's suspected inhidelyty This can be unked to Equui' central protogonist. Alon. Alon is supersed by the "consensive society as Lawree weekes to be undershood, hus a mundershood supressor is highlighted as Dolfon- who personales 1970s society- states "The boy should be locked up" This highlights han the "purch do instead of cur strikes of the 1970s copillet occepy Cesal to Abor being munder bood. The mediade stand of Alse Unlike 1000, who wishes to remoin mornely as in his Machavellian settlers ochow. Along subconcious cres out in his rightmores as he exchangles the moray/bbc neologism "EK! ... EK! "aRkano & shortered verso vescor of the hell name of his assumon oringonic onrepresent "Goodslac". The shows how Mor withouto be undertood by his right-way roccely a subconcious / However, Alon unusally does not wish to be understood by sugar as to harbornesto Dignot when he hast meets sort he kes anchords the me problem of power

This is write Ohello, where he epayma wishes Kr Ler potriorchal sudience and he misagosynishe kucha society

Examiner comment:

This candidate's articulate expression demonstrates confident knowledge of the texts and the ability to construct a convincing argument. A wide range of appropriate terminology has been used throughout.

Examiner tip:

Remember to use linguistic terminology for the Section B answer.

The following extract is from an answer that was awarded a middle band mark for AO2:

because as selfish; "the characters would like wheep Heir current 11ves De same yet induge man offair and fall into a new love, " this isn't a have "" you have a home. I have ahome ... Ad And Children. Two Children in two homes There are no Children here, so it's not the same Kind of home?" The use of Sytactic parallelism allows direct campaisons to be made, ridiculing the new environment they have created at an escape attempt of escapism From their lives. Graphastony Emphrysising each mugt return to their normal life and must not cause this afrain to interfer with and putentially Change their life. However It does not change the dynamics in their 'normal' lives, breating tre maniage between Ruser and Guma. The tag question reveals how Jem's reats about the array, "itis not a manage. However contracting to this constasts greatly to The glass Menagene, Williams's setting of a par lung standard, "hive-like provides a the classrophobic environment with building tension and spress on Tim's dreams live for Soventine, "blirdpeaceful st cois". The desperation for money, (Annanda) conducted a vigorous campaigh an

the telephone , roping in subscribers to ... "This Mulitary time semantic lexis adds to her focused desperation ar money - Bokh Plays appear tube slightly autobiographical presents his play in reverse chronolo williams opes For a retenspective approach. Williams is and Comment on how his like changed, uses the alienation technique in order to TUM OISO PNICES CONTEGEN INSIG into the family, by " we were some how separated he is revealing how whe seperated from reality. This is able has Intern Kevealing the motif behind the "The Glass Menagone" passion, but it is the metaphonical Imprisament from which these waratters were Lava and Tom were been into

Examiner comment:

This candidate demonstrates confident knowledge and understanding of both texts. He or she presents a convincing argument overall, although discussion of texts, their generic features and their contexts is not always integrated. Generic features could have been analysed in greater depth.

Examiner tip:

Remember to explore generic features in detail.

Here is an extract from an answer that was awarded a Band 6 mark for AO3:

of his societ Double you pleasure, Double bused societ This is write Ohello, where he examples xdeen appearace - based society solve and from his stereoffe 100sl-prejudice here builta wisher it her potriorchal sudience and he misage youthe known society to understand he effects of the objects hooken of women. In Stockespears to crook a female character with such subveyive will such subveyive will have be under bod in an attempt to be sele from the suggestion women we such closs cutions who can only be "Thumpets" of the population of the populat

(* 2) will as breaking the stereoffer inflicted on a "Moor" by the sudience-Shakepoore orly of the Moor in black characte was the villamous Ason the Moor in Titus Androucus trues showing how of mollo worts to be understood not only by his Vorethon society but also by the judging Trabeon sudience.

Equis' hrough Dissit's confessional dialogue hrough.

Core man aroques with direct andrence address as he brooke he four house and he piece to in a despoiste place to be understood by an also judging andrence.

His short, declarative sertence a "You see; I'm (ast" employs he hist plisa and direct andrence soldress to show how Dissit wishes to be understood hrough confessional mandrogues with he andrence. His Dissit, like Emilia and Ornello, wishes to break from hee form he care trants thrust on him from his judging society.

This is seen house his confession to the trans of his

Jeslowy & Alar and his cincum of the 1970s

He we want is he has felt a passion more feoreaus

more line felt in any screed of my life." However, whose

happensing such as then lust Taylor argue shaffer merely

when to "committee moderness." Romane has our

Nex suggest Dysoft's subvessive news ordered as the committee or be wised to "Original" as both playing this overtee

chosicles who greation here appearance based societies.

White Ohello Fendin and Dysort's receively to be undestood by society from he beginning of the play, Alon, on he one hord, when to remain meurales bed by his society honever her progresses to exching to be understood. Alors organd while to remain musurderstood by his society is shown hough his ochors a in hie Phylocks. However the court golde string stor This con be shown hough his achor's reorgan than sultented redogum, chinkle-charkee "and his charles of genesloges minicking he Bible, Flarkus begot Janky. My shows how Alor breaks may from he combust 1970s society to have he own world with his own longuage and on unbrolled prescon. De parposition of However, Alon her gow the necessity to be undershood by Dysot se le 14 cateses airyhing to Dysot in a cloustrophobic sering.

Furthermore Alon and Dysort together born with to be understood by their collection society and brook down the right way nearly of otherwise in the 1970s.
This is creativeably unked to otherwise in the 1970s.
This is creativeably unked to otherwise in the 1970s.
This is creativeably unked to otherwise in the 1970s.
This is creativeably unked to otherwise bout blackness and received for any and the second that we see and his position of authority as well as his also uphon as the 'notice' Moor. This shows have an more untellectual (evel as apposed to a colour-bessed to by his society on a more untellectual (evel as apposed to a colour-bessed to by his deep to be seed to be bedon as a colour-bessed to be deep to be deep

This is her liked to Emilio, she is the cobyst for the body down bil affects is not 1 as her thehild a bold granker decisiohue strenget. But I do hunk it is their husbandie tout fit were do bill, "here Emilio cholleges han he patriachol assumptions of society hough he well of the verb "thunk", an actor as I well as he passesse pronour "their" arbano as she objections mer in bursey grown apposition to the views of her audience. Although this sections of the views of her audience. Although this sections of the views of an an unhouse solveguy with Desdemons, here suggesting Emilio knows she will rever be undershed by he whosh y was sexiet Varehor society, she does however such to be under shoot spilor equality.

sexut Ma sudience.
Cos In carret to Envis, showshes to be
understood by predoministry mounty he sudverce,
by Act 2 Scene 35, Also were to be understood
by his society so well as the complicit sudience of
Le blu Le s placebo drug ord me true effects of his
distribut of worship love and sest are revealed to Dyrett
and he audience. Alor wishes to highlight how his
Lochar was not mornelles (ses Theobern and right-
wing 1970 society would believe but instead his
consequences of his socialist the religious mome and
he necessly to carlorn.
Alon whee he hy
Sunsy, Alandrata son socoxy frustrahou
with society to be understood but instead feels he
his to hade his agastic right rading hidden become
of me judgements the whicked on him if he tells
ryone Athough, Alon feels he will now be undershed,
Le bles condrt in his emposing with Lorses, no one
understande eccept cowboys; hue shows how Alon
feels united with houses in water to the idea no one
will undowned him, a he hought of hoses. However
hyster Assertation to the second
April recessify to be understood on be muintep-
() I was a survey of the control of

Examiner comment:

This candidate draws interesting and sophisticated comparisons between characters in both texts. He or she demonstrates detailed knowledge of the context of production and reception. He or she considers a range of contextual features in a sophisticated way.

Examiner tip:

Remember to apply knowledge of the context of reception to the demands of the question.

The following extract is from an answer that was awarded a Band 4 mark for AO3:

because of the uproof that it caused It was not of the play but Iloren had a cleu usy of presenting it ble disigned the back ago to a repuece of an ordinary have as that ame, to make the andure to the play. He aho aid this with the claring that the characters mand have mon and the proportioned. The lighters broughout was and a significant but less aswas feature ATADA SAACED STOR ASSOCIATION STORES SHOWING SOCIATION and fund unequoted rank on stage, almost committing and and Noa leaving his the home and jamely Luc Imen, Muir uned similar flatures of suggescope and dramatic techniques, have ur his time period was have man Ihnen. All My non was set in the late 1940s in madie America. Decelles then was sownere MOZE WASOLONGED OF IL MAS BOCK IN 1879 PM truce was rain a rust of made superiority. Mull fell the effects that suored war two braight. genation fulled with taking aur rocally, they marked hondy and an sene of community. The last of nousey and communication during the war had ended sures, people manced dramatic change. plays have being smular themes thoughout, the

Lack of housty mustin formly relationsips, the prenues from socilly that indusiduals face; many, parenta and familial obligation and the buisted nature of communication. From the very begining of A Dass Have, Nea is never horest week Jouald, clown to travial topics we # Lating macaroom, "The stuffer the bog of macaroom in her pocket and mipes her matt" formadating, the fact trace see no sometring to ride Ibness use of sanguage for Naos pravoces in Act One May the audure to believe wat kon in a rappy and somal marriage Illmin in of pet sames "skyrork" and "my presey withe per" portray to the auditice that they are normal and starte the realistic tre stage direction induced paralinguistic features to all Male to Moros suckey letters utterances [taying with his cook buttons I" The mous use nature of their communication 'normal' but and it main hau Ordaline and manipulature Noo is much the moods Ore can easily course Helm into giving ne money. Morey that she is alcostry pulling towards he augus, one unes flutacion and affectionall communation de cour up her sucres AM Later Me Noa halving with Monderal about ran Son Ludy has had be wark and find to humby and he family. Nea seem asonot jedlan of Tinderde for raising

Duch way eraina, "sa wal live a man" this is suren Noa bugun sa hungar for her aun mous induce. It is son hinds allowing Now to bake to he pointly that mans I ca receive unal she mans from he maricge and life lillthall this chance to communicate ten trust puly with someone Non may not have began he savny of self discoury Law in the play we are was behavior and attitudes cranging. Dre has will communication with Helm in you of question re night on he draw he Cranging persona. Haween one form of communication that Na acouste is that of the taxantilla. The allows he have to fall look (contained at the time Thous the is trying to break the mould that rockly has not for mer) and dances in a may that express what she sand bring runing to ray. Ins a is a Key rane trac elucidales the rature of the communication inendued in their relationship. In act stree were the little arrives, it exposes ellegaring, all todt Noa has her hairg from Helme, all of what she cause news prynoally say. The letter in a calaught in the play, it brings about complete rde rumal, Now is calm and collected unive Jouald "strugging to keep his composure" Fre communication Between the couple has never been better, they are being

houst such lack other, something that has never brui relationing negore. 9 prin LUL LUM LOUNG and smark to improve the sack of count trail filler now has the nature of their communication had been board nd have fell to greatly straw browing 411 My soos is the same, howey is not the hous all My ron Once again it is or keeper egolicity admit their nevers upfrok in both groups families mould not have hurt and wus warder have her no afficult. It is

Examiner comment:

Some comparisons have been made between the two texts but the candidate does not present a discussion in an integrated way. Contextual knowledge has been demonstrated but this is not often applied to the demands of the question.

Examiner tip:

Plan your answer carefully so that you can compare and contrast texts in an integrated manner.

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