UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level Advanced International Certificate of Education

LANGUAGE & LITERATURE IN ENGLISH LITERATURE IN ENGLISH (HALF CREDIT)

8695/09 0397/01

Paper 9 Poetry, Prose and Drama Paper 1 Poetry, Prose and Drama

October/November 2005

2 hours

Additional Materials: Answer Booklet/Paper

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

If you have been given an Answer Booklet, follow the instructions on the front cover of the Booklet. Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer two questions, each from a different section.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

All questions in this paper carry equal marks.

You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.

Section A

JOHN KEATS: Selected Poems

1 **Either** (a) 'The weariness, the fever, and the fret' 'More happy love! more happy, happy love!'

In what ways does Keats present human life in his poetry? Refer to **two** poems in your answer.

Or (b) Comment closely on the language and form of the following poem.

To Autumn

1.

SEASON of mists and mellow fruitfulness,
Close bosom-friend of the maturing sun;
Conspiring with him how to load and bless
With fruit the vines that round the thatch-eves run;
To bend with apples the moss'd cottage-trees,
And fill all fruit with ripeness to the core;
To swell the gourd, and plump the hazel shells
With a sweet kernel; to set budding more,
And still more, later flowers for the bees,
Until they think warm days will never cease,
For Summer has o'er-brimm'd their clammy cells.

2.

Who hath not seen thee oft amid thy store?
Sometimes whoever seeks abroad may find
Thee sitting careless on a granary floor,
Thy hair soft-lifted by the winnowing wind;
Or on a half-reap'd furrow sound asleep,
Drows'd with the fume of poppies, while thy hook
Spares the next swath and all its twined flowers:
And sometimes like a gleaner thou dost keep
Steady thy laden head across a brook;
Or by a cyder-press, with patient look,
Thou watchest the last oozings hours by hours.

3.

Where are the songs of Spring? Ay, where are they?
Think not of them, thou hast thy music too,—
While barred clouds bloom the soft-dying day,
And touch the stubble plains with rosy hue;
Then in a wailful choir the small gnats mourn
Among the river sallows, borne aloft
Or sinking as the light wind lives or dies;
And full-grown lambs loud bleat from hilly bourn;
Hedge-crickets sing; and now with treble soft
The red-breast whistles from a garden-croft;
And gathering swallows twitter in the skies.

Ed. HYDES: Touched with Fire (Sections A and B)

- **2 Either (a)** A number of the poems in your selection concern memory or the past. Compare the ways the poets treat this subject in **two** poems.
 - **Or (b)** Comment closely on the following poem, discussing how effectively it suggests the 'human position' of 'suffering'.

Musée des Beaux Arts

About suffering they were never wrong, The Old Masters: how well they understood Its human position; how it takes place While someone else is eating or opening a window or just walking dully along; How, when the aged are reverently, passionately waiting 5 For the miraculous birth, there always must be Children who did not specially want it to happen, skating On a pond at the edge of a wood: They never forgot That even the dreadful martyrdom must run its course 10 Anyhow in a corner, some untidy spot Where the dogs go on with their doggy life and the torturer's horse Scratches its innocent behind on a tree. In Brueghel's *Icarus*, for instance: how everything turns away Quite leisurely from the disaster; the ploughman may 15 Have heard the splash, the forsaken cry, But for him it was not an important failure; the sun shone As it had to on the white legs disappearing into the green Water; and the expensive delicate ship that must have seen Something amazing, a boy falling out of the sky, 20 Had somewhere to get to and sailed calmly on.

W.H. Auden

STEVIE SMITH: Selected Poems

- **3 Either (a)** Discuss the ways in which Smith's poetry makes ordinary events and experiences remarkable, with reference to **three** poems.
 - **Or (b)** Comment closely on the following poem, discussing how it expresses its ideas about being 'A Man'.

A Man I Am

I was consumed by so much hate
I did not feel that I could wait,
I could not wait for long at anyrate.
I ran into the forest wild,
I seized a little new born child,
I tore his throat, I licked my fang,
Just like a wolf. A wolf I am.

I ran wild for centuries Beneath the immemorial trees. Sometimes I thought my heart would freeze, 10 And never know a moment's ease, But presently the spring broke in Upon the pastures of my sin, My poor heart bled like anything. The drops fell down, I knew remorse, 15 I tasted that primordial curse, And falling ill, I soon grew worse. Until at last I cried on Him, Before whom angel faces dim, To take the burden of my sin 20 And break my head beneath his wing.

Upon the silt of death I swam And as I wept my joy began Just like a man. A man I am.

Section B

ELIZABETH GASKELL: North and South

- **4 Either (a)** Discuss the presentation of Bessy Higgins and the contribution her character makes to the novel.
 - **Or (b)** Comment closely on the following passage, discussing the presentation of Mr Hale's announcement to Margaret and the importance of his decision in the novel.

He made her take a chair by him; he stirred the fire, snuffed the candles, and sighed once or twice before he could make up his mind to say—and it came out with a jerk after all—'Margaret! I am going to leave Helstone.'

'Leave Helstone, papa! But why?'

Mr. Hale did not answer for a minute or two. He played with some papers on the table in a nervous and confused manner, opening his lips to speak several times, but closing them again without having the courage to utter a word. Margaret could not bear the sight of the suspense, which was even more distressing to her father than to herself.

'But why, dear papa? Do tell me!'

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He looked up at her suddenly, and then said with a slow and enforced calmness:

'Because I must no longer be a minister in the Church of England.'

Margaret had imagined nothing less than that some of the preferments which her mother had so much desired had befallen her father at last—something that would force him to leave beautiful, beloved Helstone, and perhaps compel him to go and live in some of the stately and silent Closes which Margaret had seen from time to time in Cathedral towns. They were grand and imposing places, but if, to go there, it was necessary to leave Helstone as a home for ever, that would have been a sad, long, lingering pain. But nothing to the shock she received from Mr. Hale's last speech. What could he mean? It was all the worse for being so mysterious. The aspect of piteous distress on his face, almost as imploring a merciful and kind judgment from his child, gave her a sudden sickening. Could he have become implicated in anything Frederick had done? Frederick was an outlaw. Had her father, out of a natural love for his son, connived at any—

'Oh! what is it? do speak, papa! tell me all! Why can you no longer be a clergyman? Surely, if the bishop were told all we know about Frederick, and the hard, unjust—'

'It is nothing about Frederick; the bishop would have nothing to do with that. It is all myself. Margaret, I will tell you about it. I will answer any questions this once, but 30 after to-night let us never speak of it again. I can meet the consequences of my painful, miserable doubts; but it is an effort beyond me to speak of what has caused me so much suffering.'

'Doubts, papa! Doubts as to religion?' asked Margaret, more shocked than ever.

'No! not doubts as to religion; not the slightest injury to that.'

He paused. Margaret sighed, as if standing on the verge of some new horror. He began again, speaking rapidly, as if to get over a set task:

'You could not understand it all, if I told you—my anxiety, for years past, to know whether I had any right to hold my living—my efforts to quench my smouldering 40 doubts by the authority of the Church. Oh! Margaret, how I love the holy Church from which I am to be shut out!'

Chapter 4

KATHERINE MANSFIELD: Short Stories

5 Either (a) 'Mansfield sheds a vivid light onto ordinary lives.'

In what ways, and how effectively, do you think Mansfield achieves this? Refer to **one** or **two** stories in your answer.

Or (b) Comment closely on the presentation of Laura in the following passage, paying particular attention to how Mansfield combines the internal and external worlds of the character.

Four men in their shirt-sleeves stood grouped together on the garden path. They carried staves covered with rolls of canvas, and they had big tool-bags slung on their backs. They looked impressive. Laura wished now that she was not holding that piece of bread-and-butter, but there was nowhere to put it, and she couldn't possibly throw it away. She blushed and tried to look severe and even a little bit short-sighted as she came up to them.

'Good morning,' she said, copying her mother's voice. But that sounded so fearfully affected that she was ashamed, and stammered like a little girl, 'Oh—er—have you come—is it about the marquee?'

'That's right, miss,' said the tallest of the men, a lanky, freckled fellow, and he shifted his tool-bag, knocked back his straw hat and smiled down at her. 'That's about it.'

His smile was so easy, so friendly, that Laura recovered. What nice eyes he had, small, but such a dark blue! And now she looked at the others, they were smiling too. 'Cheer up, we won't bite,' their smile seemed to say. How very nice workmen were! And what a beautiful morning! She mustn't mention the morning; she must be business-like. The marquee.

'Well, what about the lily-lawn? Would that do?'

And she pointed to the lily-lawn with the hand that didn't hold the bread-and-butter. They turned, they stared in the direction. A little fat chap thrust out his under- 20 lip, and the tall fellow frowned.

'I don't fancy it,' said he. 'Not conspicuous enough. You see, with a thing like a marquee,' and he turned to Laura in his easy way, 'you want to put it somewhere where it'll give you a bang slap in the eye, if you follow me.'

Laura's upbringing made her wonder for a moment whether it was quite 25 respectful of a workman to talk to her of bangs slap in the eye. But she did quite follow him.

'A corner of the tennis-court,' she suggested. 'But the band's going to be in one corner.'

'H'm, going to have a band, are you?' said another of the workmen. He was 30 pale. He had a haggard look as his dark eyes scanned the tennis-court. What was he thinking?

'Only a very small band,' said Laura gently. Perhaps he wouldn't mind so much if the band was quite small. But the tall fellow interrupted.

'Look here, miss, that's the place. Against those trees. Over there. That'll do 35 fine.'

Against the karakas. Then the karaka-trees would be hidden. And they were so lovely, with their broad, gleaming leaves, and their clusters of yellow fruit. They were like trees you imagined growing on a desert island, proud, solitary, lifting their leaves and fruits to the sun in a kind of silent splendour. Must they be hidden by a 40 marquee?

They must. Already the men had shouldered their staves and were making for the place. Only the tall fellow was left. He bent down, pinched a sprig of lavender, put his thumb and forefinger to his nose and snuffed up the smell. When Laura saw that gesture she forgot all about the karakas in her wonder at him caring for things 45 like that—caring for the smell of lavender. How many men that she knew would have done such a thing? Oh, how extraordinarily nice workmen were, she thought.

The Garden Party

NGUGI: A Grain of Wheat

- 6 Either (a) Discuss the characterisation and role of Karanja.
 - **Or (b)** In what ways, and how effectively, does the following passage present Gikonyo's feelings for Mumbi at this point in the novel?

Early the next day Gikonyo started work on the handle. Low waves of excitement left his heart in a glow as he chose a piece of wood on which to work. The touch of wood always made him want to create something. But now he felt as if his life depended on giving himself wholly to the present job. His hands were firm. He drove the plane (he had recently bought it) against the rough surface, peeling off rolls and rolls of shavings. Gikonyo saw Mumbi's gait, her very gestures, in the feel and movement of the plane. Her voice was in the air as he bent down and traced the shape of the panga on the wood. Her breath gave him power.

And now he exerted that power on the podo-wood. He chiselled and scooped out the unwanted parts to make two pieces of the right shape. He took particular pains over boring the holes. Worms of wood wriggled along the cyclic grooves of the drill-bit and heaved themselves on to the table. The holes were ready. Next he cut three nails with which he riveted the two pieces of wood to the panga. As he hammered the thin ends of the nails into caps, another wave of power swept through him. New strength entered his right hand. He brought the hammer down, up, and brought the hammer down. He felt free. Everything, Thabai, the whole world was under the control of his hand. Suddenly the wave of power broke into an ecstasy, an exultation. Peace settled in his heart. He felt a holy calm; he was in love with all the earth.

He thought of taking the panga on Sunday morning. Came the time and doubts began to stab his complacency. He found faults; the smoothness and the fitting had fallen short of the vision in his mind. The handle appeared ordinary, the sort of thing that any carpenter could make. And the wood? It would surely blister a woman's hands within a few minutes of use. He changed into a defiant mood. What did it matter if Mumbi liked it or not? If she did not like the clumsy offering, she ought to do the carpenter's work herself or ask Karanja to help her. In any case she might not be at home. Yes. He would love to find her absent. But as he came to the narrow path leading into the yard through the hedge, he began fearing that she might not be at home; his work would not be complete without her participation.

He found her sitting on a four-legged stool outside her mother's hut. Gikonyo affected a nonchalant air.

'Is your mother in?' he asked casually, his hands itching to show the panga to Mumbi.

'What do you want with mother? Don't you know that she has got a husband?' Her eyes were laughing at him. Gikonyo would not respond to her smile. He became more solemn, with difficulty.

'Sit down,' she said, rising to give him her seat. Then she saw the panga. She rushed forward and took it from his hands. For a moment she stood there, admiring the new handle. Suddenly she pranced towards the hut shouting, 'Mother! Mother! Come and see!'

Sweet warmth swelled up in Gikonyo. Joy pained him. His work was done. For Mumbi's smile, for that look of appreciation, he would go on making chairs, tables, cupboards; restore leaking roofs and falling houses; repair windows and doors in all Thabai without a cent in return. He would never make money, he would remain poor, but he would have her.

Chapter 7

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Section C

CARYL CHURCHILL: Serious Money

- **7 Either (a)** What dramatic effects do you think Churchill gains by writing much of the play in verse?
 - **Or (b)** In what ways, and how effectively, does the following passage dramatise the issues at the centre of the play?

[OTHERS on phones.]

This works as a round, i.e. each starts at slash in previous speech and continues with all speeches as long as required. At end of each speech, each shouts out the amount of stock the person at the other end of the phone has agreed to buy, e.g. 5 twenty thousand, a hundred thousand.

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If you were interested in acquiring some Corman stock / there is a considerable sum on deposit with Klein Merrick so in the event of any subsequent fall in the share price you would be guaranteed against loss — 20,000

If you were interested in buying some Albion stock / there would be no question of being unable to dispose of them at a price at least equal to what you gave — 100,000

If you were able to see your way to supporting the bid / the new Albion under Corman management would naturally look 15 favourably at any tenders for office cleaning that compared

favourably with our present arrangements —

If you should be interested in following our recommendations to acquire Corman stock, an interest-free loan could be arranged at once with which the purchase could be made —

Meanwhile:

ZAC (on phone) Remember me to Vanessa and the boys.

Listen, Corman, this may just be a rumour,

But if it's true it doesn't appeal to my sense of humour, I've just had a word with a colleague in Atlanta & Gulf.

Marylou's been dealing with Biddulph. I think it's time you spoke to her yourself.

CORMAN Dealing with Biddulph? I just sent her some flowers.

What does she think —? She's meant to be one of ours.

I tried to call her this morning but I got the machine.

Leave a message after the tone? I'll leave something obscene.

[CORMAN phones MARYLOU.]

CORMAN Marylou? You got the flowers? A tragic bereavement.

MARYLOU Yes, TK made a real pretty arrangement.

CORMAN And our pretty arrangement's still OK?

I did dispose of a large holding today.

CORMAN You what? Disposed? A large Albion holding?
I gave you that on the clear understanding —

MARYLOU No, Corman, don't pursue it. Anything I do I just happen to do because I want to do it. 40 CORMAN You owe me, Marylou. MARYLOU I owe you? I'm not even certain that I know you. Unnoticed by CORMAN or ZAC, SCILLA arrives, explaining herself quietly to one of Corman's team. 45 **SCILLA** Kissogram for Mr Corman from Marylou Baines. Meanwhile CORMAN and MARYLOU continue. CORMAN How much Albion did you have? 15%. MARYLOU CORMAN Can I just ask you where the hell it went? 50 Don't be slow, Bill. That's quite upsetting, **MARYLOU**

I like to think I'm dealing with an equal.

Act One

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE: Macbeth

8 Either (a) Discuss the dramatic significance of references to illness and disease in the play.

Or (b) Comment closely on the following scene, paying particular attention to how it prepares for the downfall of Macbeth.

The country near Dunsinane.

[Drum and colours. Enter MENTEITH, CAITHNESS, ANGUS, LENNOX, and Soldiers]

MENTEITH The English pow'r is near, led on by Malcolm,

His uncle Siward, and the good Macduff. 5

Revenges burn in them; for their dear causes Would to the bleeding and the grim alarm

Excite the mortified man.

ANGUS Near Birnam wood

Shall we well meet them; that way are they coming.

CAITHNESS Who knows if Donalbain be with his brother?

LENNOX For certain, sir, he is not; I have a file

Of all the gentry. There is Siward's son, And many unrough youths that even now

Protest their first of manhood. 15

MENTEITH What does the tyrant? CAITHNESS Great Dunsinane he strongly fortifies.

Some say he's mad; others, that lesser hate him,

Do call it valiant fury; but, for certain

He cannot buckle his distemper'd cause 20

Within the belt of rule.

ANGUS Now does he feel

His secret murders sticking on his hands; Now minutely revolts upbraid his faith-breach; Those he commands move only in command

Those he commands move only in command, 25

Nothing in love. Now does he feel his title

Hang loose about him, like a giant's robe

Upon a dwarfish thief.

MENTEITH Who then shall blame

His pester'd senses to recoil and start, 30

When all that is within him does condemn

Itself for being there?

CAITHNESS Well, march we on,

To give obedience where 'tis truly ow'd.

Meet we the med'cine of the sickly weal; 35

And with him pour we in our country's purge

Each drop of us.

LENNOX Or so much as it needs

To dew the sovereign flower and drown the weeds.

Make we our march towards Birnam. 40

[Exeunt, marching.]

Act 5 Scene 2

8695/09/O/N/05 [Turn over

TENNESSEE WILLIAMS: The Glass Menagerie

9 Either (a) 'There is much to admire in Amanda, and as much to love and pity as there is to laugh at.'

How far would you agree with Williams' description of Amanda?

Or (b) Discuss how effectively Williams dramatises Tom's expression of his frustrations in the following extract.

AMANDA You're going to listen, and no more insolence from you! I'm at the end of my patience!

[He comes back toward her.]

TOM What do you think I'm at? Aren't I supposed to have any patience to reach the end of, Mother? I know, I know. It seems unimportant to you, what I'm doing — what I want to do — having a little difference between them! You don't think that —

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AMANDA I think you've been doing things that you're ashamed of. That's why you act like this. I don't believe that you go every night to the movies. Nobody goes to the movies night after night. Nobody in their right mind goes to the movies as often as you pretend to. People don't go to the movies at nearly midnight, and movies don't let out at two a.m. Come in stumbling. Muttering to yourself like a maniac! You get three hours' sleep and then go to work. Oh, I can picture the way you're doing down there. Moping, doping, because you're in no condition.

TOM [wildly] No, I'm in no condition!

AMANDA What right have you got to jeopardize your job? Jeopardize the security of us all? How do you think we'd manage if you were —

Listen! You think I'm crazy about the warehouse? [He bends fiercely toward her slight figure.] You think I'm in love with the Continental 20 Shoemakers? You think I want to spend fifty-five years down there in that — celotex interior! with — fluorescent — tubes! Look! I'd rather somebody picked up a crowbar and battered out my brains — than go back mornings! I go! Every time you come in yelling that God damn 'Rise and Shine!' 'Rise and Shine!' I say to myself, 'How lucky dead 25 people are!' But I get up. I go! For sixty-five dollars a month I give up all that I dream of doing and being ever! And you say self — self's all I ever think of. Why, listen, if self is what I thought of, Mother, I'd be where he is — GONE! [Pointing to father's picture.] As far as the system of transportation reaches! [He starts past her. She grabs his arm.] Don't 30 grab at me, Mother!

AMANDA Where are you going?
TOM I'm going to the *movies!*AMANDA I don't believe that lie!

TOM

[crouching toward her, overtowering her tiny figure. She backs away, gasping] I'm going to opium dens! Yes, opium dens, dens of vice and criminals' hang-outs, Mother. I've joined the Hogan gang, I'm a hired assassin, I carry a tommy-gun in a violin case! I run a string of cathouses in the Valley! They call me Killer, Killer Wingfield, I'm leading a double-life, a simple, honest warehouse worker by day, by night a dynamic tsar of the underworld, Mother. I go to gambling casinos, I spin away fortunes on the roulette table! I wear a patch over one eye and a false moustache, sometimes I put on green whiskers. On those

occasions they call me - El Diablo! Oh, I could tell you things to make you sleepless! My enemies plan to dynamite this place. They're going to blow us all sky-high some night! I'll be glad, very happy, and so will you! You'll go up, up on a broomstick, over Blue Mountain with seventeen gentlemen callers! You ugly — babbling old — witch... [He goes through a series of violent, clumsy movements, seizing his overcoat, lunging to the door, pulling it fiercely open. The women watch him, aghast. His arm 50 catches in the sleeve of the coat as he struggles to pull it on. For a moment he is pinioned by the bulky garment. With an outraged groan he tears the coat off again, splitting the shoulder of it, and hurls it across the room. It strikes against the shelf of LAURA's glass collection, there is a tinkle of shattering glass. LAURA cries out as if wounded.]

Scene 3

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