GCE

## Electronics

## Advanced GCE F611

## Mark Scheme for June 2010

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| Question | Grade | Expected answer | Mark | Additional guidance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1a | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | $P=I \times V=8 \times 12=96 W$ <br> Units: Watts or W | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Correct numerical answer Correct units |
| 1b | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | NAND gates can only supply about 10 mA Driver amplifies current / switches large current | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Accept answers indicating limited current from gates [1] |
| 1ci | D | IRF630 | 1 |  |
| 1cii | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Can switch 8A (wtte) Not too expensive (wtte) | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1di | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Correct n-MOSFET symbol with correct DS polarity Heater and MOSFET/transistor in series with power supply MOSFET gate connected to output of monostable | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Symbol needs to be correct with arrow pointing in |


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| 1dii | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | Switch between input and 0v Switch and resistor in series across supply | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 1diii | C | To make input high when switch not pressed (wtte) | 1 | Accept sentence with "pull up" <br> Accept "input would float without resistor" wtte Accept sensible answer about function of switch/resistor circuit e.g. "to allow the user to trigger the monostable" |
| 1e | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{D} \\ & \mathrm{D} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & t=0.7 R C \quad \text { (eor) } \\ & t=0.7 \times 180 \times 10^{3} \times 1000 \times 10^{-6} \quad \text { (correct conversion) } \\ & t=126 \mathrm{~s} \quad(\text { calculation accurate }) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | ecf incorrect units conversion for one of R or C |



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| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2ai | E | OR | Additional guidance |  |  |  |
| 2aii | E |  |  | 1 |  |  |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2c | C | $\mathrm{X}=\overline{(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{M}) \cdot(\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{M})}$ | 1 | Valid expression from circuit |
|  | A | $X=\overline{\overline{\overline{\overline{(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{M})}}+\overline{(\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{M})}}} \quad \text { (D.M.T.) }$ | 1 | 1 mark for each of lines 2,3 \& 4 to maximum of 2 marks |
|  | A | $\begin{aligned} & X=(N \cdot M)+(\overline{N+M}) \quad(2 \times \text { double negative }) \\ & X=(N \cdot M)+\overline{\overline{\bar{N}} \cdot \bar{M}} \quad \text { (D.M.T. }) \\ & X=N \cdot M+\bar{N} \cdot \bar{M} \quad \text { (double negative) } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | ACCEPT attempt at reverse argument |
|  |  |  |  | Use of valid rule eg DMT, cancelled, Pair of inversions, reversal/inversion of brackets [1] |


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| 3a | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | Vout=13v <br> Voltage across R is $13-4.2=8.8 \mathrm{~V}$ ecf $15-4.2=10.8 \mathrm{~V}$ $\begin{aligned} & I=15 \mathrm{~mA}=0.015 \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{R}=8.8 / 0.015 \\ & \mathrm{R}=590 \Omega \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Evidence of correct output voltage used Evidence of subtracting 4.2 v from output Correct converstion from milli Correct use of Ohm's law Correct answer (1) allow ecf at each stage $590 \Omega$ allow more sig figs [5] $720 \Omega \text { [4] }$ <br> $4.2 / 0.015=280 \Omega[2]$ |
| 3b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | Analogue: any value (between minimum and maximum) Digital: one of only two values <br> Analogue: voltage at B <br> Digital: Voltage at output of comparator | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Accept voltage from LDR. Not just LDR Accept voltage across LED. Not just LED |
| 3ci | E | Ring around zener | 1 |  |
| 3 cii | D $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | (sharp) rise from zero current in +ve quadrant (sharp) fall from zero current in-ve quadrant departs from 0 V axis at 0.7 V departs from 0 V axis at -3.6 V | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Max 2 if rises not sharp |
| 3ciii | E | 3.6 V | 1 | Do not accept -3.6V |
| 3d | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{E} \end{aligned}$ | Resistance falls with increasing light intensity Line curves to be asymptotic to axes | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 3 e | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | Total resistance is $2.4 \mathrm{k}+6.8 \mathrm{k}=9.2 \mathrm{k}$ Current through LDR is $15 / 9.2 \mathrm{k}=0.0016 \mathrm{~A}$ Voltage across 2.4 k is $0.0016 \times 2.4 \mathrm{k}=3.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 3f | $\begin{aligned} & \hline B \\ & D \\ & C \end{aligned}$ | LED reverse biased Output is -13V because voltage at inverting input $(B)>$ voltage at noninverting input (A) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Accept "saturated negative" comparison of voltages at op-amp inputs |
| 3 g | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | Voltage at inverting input (B) $=3.6 \mathrm{v}$ at 30 Lux Current through 2.4 k is $3.6 / 2.4 \mathrm{k}=0.0015 \mathrm{~A}$ <br> Voltage across LDR is $15-3.6=11.4 \mathrm{v}$ <br> Resistance of LDR is $11.4 / 0.0015=7600 \Omega$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Any evidence of using 3.6 V in calculations ecf from 3cii <br> Use of potential divider rule with $2.4 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ <br> Accept $7.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ for 4 marks |


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| 4a | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{E} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | All possible combinations of $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}$ and S P correct |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Order unimportant |
|  |  | Q | R | S | P |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |  |  |


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| 4b | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{A} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & P=Q \cdot \bar{S}+\bar{Q} \cdot R \cdot \bar{S} \\ & P=(Q+\bar{Q} \cdot R) \cdot \bar{S} \\ & P=(\overline{\bar{Q} \cdot \bar{R}}) \cdot \bar{S} \\ & P=(Q+R) \cdot \bar{S} \quad P=Q \cdot \bar{S}+R \cdot \bar{S} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $\begin{aligned} & P=(Q+\bar{Q}) \cdot R \cdot \bar{S}+Q \cdot \bar{S} \\ & P=R \cdot \bar{S}+Q \cdot \bar{S} \end{aligned}$ <br> OR $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Q} \cdot \overline{\mathrm{~S}}+\overline{\mathrm{Q}} \cdot \mathrm{R} \cdot \overline{\mathrm{~S}} \\ & \mathrm{P}=(\mathrm{Q}+\overline{\mathrm{Q}} \cdot \mathrm{R}) \cdot \overline{\mathrm{S}} \\ & \mathrm{P}=(\mathrm{Q} \cdot(\mathrm{R}+\overline{\mathrm{R}})+\overline{\mathrm{Q}} \cdot \mathrm{R}) \cdot \mathrm{S} \\ & \mathrm{P}=(\overline{\mathrm{Q}} \cdot \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{Q} \cdot \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{Q} \cdot \overline{\mathrm{R}}) \cdot \overline{\mathrm{S}} \\ & \mathrm{P}=((\overline{\mathrm{Q}}+\mathrm{Q}) \cdot \mathrm{R}+\mathrm{Q} \cdot(\mathrm{R}+\overline{\mathrm{R})}) \cdot \overline{\mathrm{S}} \\ & \mathrm{P}=(\mathrm{Q}+\mathrm{R}) \cdot \overline{\mathrm{S}} \quad \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{Q} \cdot \overline{\mathrm{~S}}+\mathrm{R} \cdot \overline{\mathrm{~S}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Any valid Boolean manipulation 1 mark <br> + Any valid result with fewer terms than original 1 mark <br> Allow reverse argument for answer |


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| 4c | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | Correct implementation of $\bar{S}$ <br> Correct implementation of OR function Correct circuit with labels P, Q, R, S <br> OR | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ |  |



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| 5ci | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \mathrm{B} \\ & \mathrm{~B} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Positive spikes remain Negative spikes reduced (disappear) to amplitude of -0.7 V because of clamping diodes in NOT gate | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ecf if signal in 5bi all in region 0 V to 5 V - no change [1] ecf if signal in 5 bi outside 0 V to 5 V - describe clamping with values and explanation to max of [4] if all points covered. |
| 5cii | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \\ & \mathrm{~A} \end{aligned}$ | Lamp flashes with period of 800ms Off for about 15ms (0.7RC) In opposite state for about 785 ms | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Allow if period implied from on time + off time Allow 10ms - 20ms <br> Allow 780ms - 790ms <br> On and off periods reversed [2] |

## Quality of Written Communication

3 The candidate expresses complex ideas extremely clearly and fluently. Sentences and paragraphs follow on from one another smoothly and logically. Arguments are consistently relevant and well structured. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.

2 The candidate expresses straightforward ideas clearly, if not always fluently. Sentences and paragraphs may not always be well connected. Arguments may sometimes stray from the point or be weakly presented. There may be some errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling, but not such as to suggest a weakness in these areas.

1 The candidate expresses simple ideas clearly, but may be imprecise and awkward in dealing with complex or subtle concepts. Arguments may be of doubtful relevance or obscurely presented. Errors in grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive, suggesting weaknesses in these areas.
$0 \quad$ The language has no rewardable features.

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