

Modified Enlarged 24pt
OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Monday 22 May 2023 – Afternoon

A Level Economics

H460/02 Macroeconomics

Time allowed: 2 hours
plus your additional time allowance

YOU MUST HAVE:
the Resource Book

YOU CAN USE:
a scientific or graphical calculator

Please write clearly in black ink.

Centre number

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Candidate number

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First name(s) _____

Last name _____

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF



INSTRUCTIONS

Use black ink. You can use an HB pencil, but only for graphs and diagrams.

Write your answer to each question in the space provided. If you need extra space use the lined pages at the end of this booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.

Answer ALL the questions in Section A, ONE question in Section B and ONE question in Section C.

INFORMATION

The total mark for this paper is 80.

The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].

Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

SECTION A

Read the stimulus material in the Resource Book and answer ALL parts of Question 1.

- 1 (a) Using information from the stimulus material, calculate the balance on the UK's primary and secondary income in 2019.**

[2]

(b) Using information from the stimulus material, identify TWO causes of an increase in the money supply.

1 _____

2 _____

_____ **[2]**

(c) Explain how a change in working hours is likely to affect productivity.

_____ **[2]**

(d) Using FIG. 1, explain the relationship between international competitiveness and GDP per capita.

[4]

(e) Using information from the stimulus material, evaluate whether the size of Rwanda's multiplier is likely to have increased between 2010 and 2019. [8]

[illegible]

[illegible]

SECTION B

Answer Question 2 OR Question 3.

EITHER

- 2* Consumer expenditure rose in the USA in 2019. In that year, US unemployment fell to a 50-year low of 3.5%.**

Evaluate, with the use of an appropriate diagram(s), whether an increase in consumer expenditure will always reduce a country's unemployment rate. [25]

OR

- 3* Between July 2018 and August 2020, the value of the Turkish lira fell from 4.73 lira to 1 US dollar to 7.32 lira to 1 US dollar. The Turkish central bank spent much of its foreign currency reserves in attempt to stop the decline in the country's exchange rate.**

Evaluate, with the use of an appropriate diagram(s), whether a central bank should try to stop a decline in a country's exchange rate. [25]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

SECTION C

Answer Question 4 OR Question 5.

EITHER

- 4* Since 1978, more than 800 million people have been lifted out of poverty in China. In this period, the Chinese government has made increasing use of supply side policy measures.**

Evaluate the effectiveness of using supply side policy measures to reduce poverty. [25]

OR

- 5* In 2020, the Saudi Arabian government tripled Value Added Tax from 5% to 15%. It did not change the country's corporate tax rate.**

Evaluate whether a government should rely more on indirect or direct taxation as a source of revenue. [25]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

END OF QUESTION PAPER
25

ADDITIONAL ANSWER SPACE

If additional space is required, you should use the following lined page(s). The question number(s) must be clearly shown in the margin(s).

[illegible]



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