

GCE AS/A level

1111/03

DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY SYSTEMS AND CONTROL TECHNOLOGY DT1

P.M. WEDNESDAY, 18 May 2011 2 hours

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this examination paper, you will need a 12 page answer book.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen.

Answer **five** questions from Section A.

Answer **one** question from Section B.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

When and where appropriate, answers should be amplified and illustrated with sketches and/or diagrams.

Section A is designed to demonstrate your breadth of knowledge in Systems and Control Technology.

Your **Section B** answer should be substantial and demonstrate your **depth** of knowledge in Systems and Control Technology.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account the quality of written communication used in answers that involve extended writing (Section B).

SECTION A

Answer **five** questions from this section.

This section is designed to demonstrate your **breadth** of knowledge in Systems and Control Technology.

Each question carries 8 marks.

1.	(a)	Explain the difference between <i>qualitative</i> and <i>quantitative</i> performance criteridrawing up a design specification.	a when [4]		
	<i>(b)</i>	For a named product, state two examples of <i>qualitative</i> performance criteria a examples of <i>quantitative</i> performance criteria.	and two 2 × [2]		
2. Both ergonomics and anthropometrics make an important contribution to the suddesign of products.					
	Describe two examples where:				
	(a)	ergonomics are important within working environments;	2 × [2]		
	<i>(b)</i>	anthropometrics are important in the design of products.	2 × [2]		
3. Circuit diagrams, block diagrams and flow diagrams can be used to describe cont					
	(a)	Describe how one of the above methods can be used to design electronic systems	. [4]		
	<i>(b)</i>	Describe how one of the other methods can be used to design pneumatic systems	s. [4]		
4. Some materials used in electronics may be classified into either <i>semi conductors</i> or <i>d</i> .					
	(a)	Name two specific materials within each category.	2 × [2]		
	<i>(b)</i>	For each category describe how one of your materials is used in a named component			

5. Describe the features and benefits of the following *Intellectual Property Rights* with reference

	to specific products within each:			
	(a)	patents;	[4]	
	<i>(b)</i>	trade marks.	[4]	
6.	(a)	Name two materials commonly used to make the cases for hand held electronic devi	ices.	
	<i>(b)</i>	Describe a method used to manufacture cases using one of these materials.	[6]	
7.	BSI (British Standards Institute) and ISO (International Organisation for Standardisation are quality standards applied to a range of products.			
		ribe two different types of product testing and discuss the positive effects they have esign of specific products.	ve on × [4]	
8.	Performance modelling is a process used by designers which includes bread board modelli and CAD (Computer Aided Design) simulations.			
	Descr	ribe these two modelling processes and state the advantages of each .	× [4]	

(1111-03) **Turn over.**

SECTION B

Answer one question from this section.

Your answer should be substantial and show the **depth** of your knowledge in Systems and Control Technology.

Each question carries 30 marks.

9. Successful designers create products using their understanding of technology, production methods and market needs.

Discuss the validity of this statement in relation to a specific product or range of products.

[30]

10. Identify a process device that you are familiar with and which could be replaced by a microcontroller in a control system.

Describe this process device, its functionality and the implications for the manufacturer and consumer if it were replaced by a microcontroller. [30]

- 11. When designing products, designers consider the implications of:
 - (a) material and component selection;
 - (b) product disposal.

Discuss the importance of these areas in relation to product design.

[30]