## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2014 series

## 9691 COMPUTING

9691/23
Paper 21 (Written Paper), maximum raw mark 75

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2014 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.

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1 (a) (i)

| Identifier | Data type | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Ounces | INTEGER | Variable used as control <br> variable in FOR loop |
| Grams | REAL/Float/single/decimal/double | Variable used for storing result <br> of conversion calculation |

1 mark for each data type
(ii) OUTPUT " Conversion Table"

OUTPUT "Ounces Grams"
FOR Ounces $\leftarrow 1$ TO 16
Grams $\leftarrow$ Ounces * 28.35
Grams $\leftarrow$ ROUND (Grams)
OUTPUT Ounces, " ", Grams
ENDFOR // NEXT Ounces
1 mark for each correct line
(b) (i) 20 DIV $6=3$

20 MOD $6=2$
(ii) FUNCTION CalculateNumberOfBoxes (NumberOfEggs : INTEGER)


DECLARE NumberOfBoxes : INTEGER 1 mark
NumberOfBoxes $\leftarrow$ NumberOfEggs DIV $6 \quad 1$ mark
IF NumberOfEggs MOD $6>0 \quad / / 6>=1 \quad 1$ mark THEN


ENDIF
RETURN NumberOfBoxes
ENDFUNCTION
(c) A function always returns a value. A procedure may or may not return one or more values [1]
(d) - indentation

- meaningful identifier names
- annotation
- parameters
- local variables

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2 (a) (i) mark as follows:
1 mark for labels/explanations, heading, customer name and telephone number boxes
1 mark for date choice using calendar or showing required format
1 mark for type of cake as drop-down list or similar
1 mark for delivery required as radio buttons or similar
(ii) suitable explanation of a feature (drop-down box, radio button, etc.)
(b) (i)

(ii) 1 mark for record header

1 mark for record end
1 mark for every three fields correct

## Pascal

TYPE CakeOrder = RECORD
CustomerName: String[24];
TelephoneNumber: String[13];
DateReady: TDateTime;
CakeType: Char;
Price: Currency;
ToBeDelivered: Boolean;
END;

## VB6

TYPE CakeOrder
CustomerName AS String
TelephoneNumber AS String
DateReady AS Date
CakeType AS Char
Price AS Currency
ToBeDelivered AS Boolean
END TYPE

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## VB.NET

```
STRUCTURE CakeOrder
    DIM CustomerName AS String
    DIM TelephoneNumber AS String
    DIM DateReady AS Date
    DIM CakeType AS Char
    DIM Price AS Currency
    DIM ToBeDelivered AS Boolean
END STRUCTURE
```


## Python

```
class CakeOrder :
    def__init__(self) :
        customerName = ""
        telephoneNumber = ""
        dateReady = "" // Datetime.datetime.now()
        cakeType = ""
        price = 0.0
        toBeDelivered = FALSE
```

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31 mark for each flowchart box correctly "translated" 1 mark for REPEAT
1 mark for each ELSE\& matching ENDIF
[max 18]

## Pascal

```
Randomize;

MyNumber := RANDOM(100) + 1;

\section*{EndGame := FALSE;}
```

NumberOfGuesses := 0;1

```
WriteLn('Guess my number. Type 0 (zero) to end game'); ..... 1
REPEAT ..... 1
ReadLn (Guess); ..... 1
IF Guess = 0 ..... 1
THENBEGIN
WriteLn('You gave up after ', NumberOfGuesses); ..... 1
EndGame := TRUE; ..... 1
END
ELSE ..... 1
BEGINNumberOfGuesses := NumberOfGuesses + 1;1
IF Guess = MyNumber ..... 1
THENBEGINWriteLn('Correct - you took ', NumberOfGuesses, 1'to guess my number');
                            EndGame : = TRUE; 1
                    END
                    ELSE1
IF Guess > MyNumber ..... 1THEN
WriteLn('Too high - try again') ..... 1
ELSE ..... 1
WriteLn('Too low - try again') ..... 1
END;
UNTIL EndGame = TRUE; ..... 1
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\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{QBASIC}
```

MyNumber = RND (100) 1
*ndGame (ald1

```
NumberOfGuesses \(=0\) ..... 1
PRINT ("Guess my number. Type 0 (zero) to end game") ..... 1
REPEAT ..... 1
```IF Guess \(=0\) THEN
```

INPUT Guess ..... 1
PRINT("You gave up after ", NumberOfGuesses)

```1
```

EndGame = TRUE
ELSE
NumberOfGuesses = NumberOfGuesses + 1
IF Guess = MyNumber THEN

```PRINT("Correct - you took ", NumberOfGuesses,1
```

"to guess my number")

```EndGame \(=\) TRUE1
```

ELSE ..... 1
IF Guess > MyNumber THEN ..... 1
PRINT("Too high - try again") ..... 1
ELSE ..... 1
PRINT("Too low - try again") ..... 1
ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF
UNTIL EndGame $=$ TRUE ..... 1

## VB6

Randomize
MyNumber $=$ INT (RND * $100+1$ )1
EndGame $=$ FALSE ..... 1
NumberOfGuesses $=0$ ..... 1
MsgBox("Guess my number. Type 0 (zero) to end game") ..... 1
DO WHILE NOT EndGame = TRUE ..... 1
Guess = INPUTBOX("") ..... 1
IF Guess $=0$ THEN ..... 1
MsgBox("You gave up after ", NumberOfGuesses) ..... 1
EndGame = TRUE1
ELSE ..... 1
NumberOfGuesses = NumberOfGuesses + 1 ..... 1
IF Guess = MyNumber THEN ..... 1
MsgBox("Correct - you took ", NumberOfGuesses, ..... 1"to guess my number")EndGame $=$ TRUE1
ELSE1
IF Guess > MyNumber THEN ..... 1MsgBox("Too high - try again")
ELSE ..... 1
MsgBox("Too low - try again") ..... 1
ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF

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## VB.NET

Alternative to get a random number between 1 and 100:
DIM Random AS NEW Random()
MyNumber $=$ Random. Next $(1,100)$

```
MyNumber = CINT(INT((100 * RND()) + 1))
EndGame = FALSE
NumberOfGuesses \(=0\)
Console.Writeline("Guess my number. Type 0 (zero) to end game")
DO
    Guess \(=\) Console.Readline()
    IF Guess \(=0\) THEN

\section*{NumberOfGuesses \(=0\)}

Console.Writeline("Guess my number. Type 0 (zero) to end game") DO

Guess Console.Readine()1

        Console.Writeline("You gave up after ", NumberOfGuesses)
Console.Writeline("You gave up after ", NumberOfGuesses) ..... 1

        EndGame = TRUE
EndGame = TRUE ..... 1
ELSE1
NumberOfGuesses = NumberOfGuesses + 1 ..... 1
IF Guess = MyNumber THEN ..... 1
Console.Writeline("Correct - you took ", ..... 1NumberOfGuesses, "to guess my number")EndGame = TRUE1
ELSE ..... 1Console.Writeline("Too high - try again")
IF Guess > MyNumber THEN ..... 1
ELSE ..... 1Console.Writeline("Too low - try again")
ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIFLOOP UNTIL EndGame = TRUE1

\section*{Python}

Random. seed ()
MyNumber \(=\) random.randint (1, 100)
EndGame = FALSE
NumberOfGuesses \(=0\)
print("Guess my number. Type 0 (zero) to end game")
WHILE EndGame != TRUE :
Guess = int(input())
IF Guess == 0 :

        print("You gave up after ", NumberOfGuesses)
print("You gave up after ", NumberOfGuesses)1
ELSE: ..... 1
NumberOfGuesses = NumberOfGuesses + 1 ..... 1
IF Guess == MyNumber : ..... 1
print("Correct - you took ", NumberOfGuesses, ..... 1"to guess my number")EndGame = TRUE1
ELSE: ..... 1
IF Guess > MyNumber : ..... 1
print("Too high - try again") ..... 1
ELSE: ..... 1
print("Too low - try again") ..... 1
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4 (a) - GUI
- touch screen / WIMP / etc.
- virtual keyboard / pop-up menu
(b) (i) - array
- 2-dimensional // \(9 \times 9\)
(ii) Puzzle \([1,3] \leftarrow 5\)

1 mark for correct index, 1 mark for remainder correct
(c) (Entry>='1') AND (Entry<='9')

1 mark for first bracket \& AND, 1 mark for second bracket.
(d) store the \(x\) - \(y\) co-ordinates of each entry in a serial file / (linked list) / on a stack so they can be accessed in reverse order
[max 4]

5 (i)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{\(\mathbf{x}\)} & ThisValue & \(\mathbf{y}\) & List[y] & \begin{tabular}{c} 
(List [y] \\
ThisValue) \\
AND (y > 0)
\end{tabular} & \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{ List } & [2] \\
\cline { 4 - 11 } & [3] & [4] \\
\hline- & - & - & - & - & 56 & 23 & 67 & 12 \\
\hline 2 & 23 & 1 & 56 & TRUE & & 56 & & \\
\hline & & 0 & & FALSE & 23 & & & \\
\hline 3 & 67 & 2 & 56 & FALSE & & & \((67)\) & \\
\hline 4 & 12 & 3 & 67 & TRUE & & & & 67 \\
\hline & & 2 & 56 & TRUE & & & 56 & \\
\hline & & 1 & 23 & TRUE & & 23 & & \\
\hline & & 0 & & FALSE & 12 & & & \\
\hline & & & & & & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1 mark for each column correct
(ii) (insertion) sort // ascending order```

