

**Mark Scheme 2850
June 2005**

Question	Expected answers	Marks
2 a i	$200 \times 4.2 \times 20 (= 16800 \text{ J})(1); = 16.8/17 \text{ kJ}(1)$ (second mark for correct conversion to kJ) Ignore signs	2
2 a ii	$1.2/12 (1) (= 0.1 \text{ mole}); \text{ecf } 0.1 \times 394 (= 39.4) (1)$ Ecf 39 (1) mark sig figs independently Ignore sign 39.4 scores 2	3
2 a iii	$17/39 \times 100 = (44)(43.6)\%$ or $16.8/39(39.4) \times 100 = 43(42.6)(1)$ ignore sig figs (Marking process <i>i.e.</i> actual/theoretical $\times 100$) but correct answer needed from candidate values.	1
2 b	Nitrogen(& O ₂) from <u>air/fuel/coal(1)</u> ; react <u>with O₂</u> <u>/combust/oxidized/bond with O₂</u> (1) (ignore refs. to incomplete combustion)	2
2 c i	A = Unbranched alkane; B = unbranched alkene; C = cycloalkane; D = branched alkane (4 x 1)	4
2 c ii	Skeletal (1)	1
2 c iii	Low/reduced tendency. NOT no/doesn't/prevents/ autoignite(ion) (1); to autoignite/pre-ignite/knock (1) Can get max one mark if talk in terms of composition (more branched/shorter molecules)	2
2 d i	Benzene(1)	1
2 d ii	2-methylpentane(1)	1
2 d iii	Hydrogen/H ₂ (not "H") (1)	1
Total question 2 = 18		

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Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the Mark Scheme		/	= alternative and acceptable answers for the same marking point	
		;	= separates marking points	
		NOT	= answers which are not worthy of credit	
		()	= words which are not essential to gain credit	
		<u> </u>	= (underlining) key words which must be used to gain credit	
		ecf	= error carried forward	
		AW	= alternative wording	
		ora	= or reverse argument	
Mark Scheme	Unit Code 2850	Session Jun	Year 2005	Version TL
1 a i	Protons = 82(1); Neutrons = 124(1); Electrons(allow ecf with protons) = 82(1)			3
1 a ii	234 and 4 top line (1); 90 and 2 bottom (1); $(^4_2\alpha)$ /He ⁽²⁺⁾ (1) <u>No ecf.</u> Not α^{2+}			3
1 a iii	Time taken(qualified) to decay(1) but NOT half the time taken(CON) for amount/ count rate to drop by half (from starting point)/ half radioactivity decays/half the atoms decay/half radiation emitted/ half radioactive nuclei decay/half mass of original isotope (1) (AW)			2
1 a iv	β /beta(1) correct symbol(with 0 and -1) OK but wrong way round CON			1
1 b	Gas escapes (1); less final lead isotope, decay has not been going on so long /U:Pb ratio greater/ (1)(Idea that loss of a daughter product seems to suggest radioactive decay has not been going on as long as it really has.)			2
1 c i	Correct labels (4 x 1)clockwise from – sample inlet; ionization chamber; ion detector; deflecting <u>magnetic</u> field			4
1 c ii	Reduce/weaken/lessened/decreased (AW) field			1
1 d	Moles of U 88.1/238 (1) (= 0.37); moles of O 11.9/16 (1) (= 0.74); Formula = UO ₂ (1) NB UO ₂ on its own 3 marks. U ₂ O can score <u>two</u> if ratio clearly shown to be upside down (UrO ₂ = 2.) Any whole number ratio that <u>follows from working</u> can score 1.			3
Question 1 total 19				

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2 a i	200 x 4.2 x 20(= 16800 J)(1);=16.8/17 kJ(1)(second mark for correct conversion to kJ) Ignore signs	2
2 a ii	1.2/12 (1) (= 0.1 mole); ecf 0.1 x 394(=39.4) (1) Ecf 39 (1) mark sig figs independently Ignore sign 39.4 scores 2	3
2 a iii	17/39 x 100 = (44)(43.6)% or 16.8/39(39.4) x 100 = 43(42.6)(1) ignore sig figs (Marking <u>process</u> i.e. actual/theoretical x 100) but correct answer needed from candidate values.	1
2 b	Nitrogen(& O ₂) from <u>air</u> /fuel/coal(1); react <u>with O₂</u> /combust/oxidized/bond <u>with O₂</u> (1) (ignore refs. to incomplete combustion)	2
2 c i	A = Unbranched alkane; B = unbranched alkene; C = cycloalkane; D = branched alkane (4 x 1)	4
2 c ii	Skeletal (1)	1
2 c iii	Low/reduced tendency. NOT no/doesn't/prevents/ autoignite(e)ion (1); to autoignite/pre-ignite/knock (1) Can get max one mark if talk in terms of composition (more branched/shorter molecules)	2
2 d i	Benzene(1)	1
2 d ii	2-methylpentane(1)	1
2 d iii	Hydrogen/H ₂ (not "H") (1)	1
Total question 2 = 18		

3 a i	$\text{CaCO}_3(\text{s}) \rightarrow \text{CaO}(\text{s}) + \text{CO}_2(\text{g})$ LHS(1); RHS(1); appropriate states (1)	3
3 b i	Lime water/ $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$ /suitable indicator (e.g. bicarbonate/Universal Indicator/Methyl Orange) (1)	1
3 b ii	Goes cloudy/milky/white/ precipitate/appropriate indicator change (1) NOT bubbles/murky	1
3 b iii	Idea of fair test (e.g. same amount/mass of carbonate/heating conditions (1); MgCO_3 /it causes lime water/indicator to change quicker/ more gas in a given time/bubbles faster (1) ORA must be an <u>input</u> variable for fair test	2
3 c i	Slaked lime more soluble/leached off more quickly (ora) (1)	1
3 c ii	Basic/alkaline/accepts H^+ /pH > 7/contains OH^- /hydroxide <u>ions</u> NOT OH without – charge. (1)	1
3 c iii	$\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2(\text{s}) + 2\text{HCl}(\text{aq}) \rightarrow \text{CaCl}_2(\text{aq}) + 2\text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$ species(2 x 1); balancing(independent)(1)	3
3 d	2	1
3 e i	$\text{Ca}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Ca}^+(\text{g}) + \text{e}^-$ (1 for correct ionisation); $\text{Ca}^+(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Ca}^{2+}(\text{g}) + \text{e}^-$ (1 for correct ionisation); gaseous (in both) ecf (1) Must be e^- but ignore 0 and -1 if correct way round. Use of wrong elemental (e.g. 'X') symbol loses first mark, but then ecf	3
3 e ii	Ionization enthalpies decrease down group/ease of ion formation increases(1) More reactive down the group (1); electrons held less tightly/lost more readily/less energy to remove (1); more energy/electron shells/ <u>outer</u> electrons further out (AW)(1); attraction to nucleus /protons(AW) (1); <u>more</u> shielding (from inner shells) (1) ORA	6
Total question 3 = 22		

Question	Expected Answers	Marks
4 a i	Full structural (1) must show all bonds	1
4 a ii	$C_3H_8O_2$ any order (1) NOT discrete OH groups	1
4 a iii	Greater/increases (1); more ways to arrange molecules/particles/increased disorder/ more random when mixed (1) NOT more molecules/particles	2
4 b (i)	Speeds up reaction (1); NOT alters By offering an alternative pathway/lower E_A /catalyst unchanged(1); Heterogeneous – in different phases/states (1);	3
4 b ii	3	1
4 b (iii)	Ether/alkoxy (1)	1
4 b iv	109° (+/_ 2) (1); Then 2 out of 3 from..... <u>Four</u> electron regions/pairs of electrons (1) NOT bonds try to get as far away as possible /achieve lowest energy/minimize repulsion (1); NOT repel as much as possible. results in a tetrahedral arrangement (1); Diagram could score this point.	3
4 c i	Liquid (1)	1
4 c ii	-109 scores three; +109 scores two <u>with correct working</u> ; 109 scores two if <u>working</u> shows minus sign has been left off but only one if working would lead to a plus; any number other than 109 can score <u>max</u> 1 if sign follows from working	3
Total question 4 = 16		

(Paper total 75)