

RECOGNISING ACHIEVEMENT

Subject: Gases, Liquids and Solids Code: 2815/05

Session: June Year: 2002

Final Mark Scheme

MAXIMUM	MARK	45	

Question	Exp	ected	d Answers	Marks
1	(a)	(i)	The number of moles in KC <i>l</i> divided by the total number of moles in the mixture	
			or <u>moles KCl</u> moles KCl + moles H ₂ O (1)	
		(ii)	(1-0.088) = 0.912 (1)	
		(iii)	$\frac{32.8/74.6}{32.8/74.6 + 100/18} = 0.440 = 0.440$	[4]
			$= 0.073 \pm 0001$ (1)	
	(b)			
	- - -			
				[3]
			Points (1) Line 0 => 0.053 (1) Curve 0.053 => 0.120 (1)	[3]
		(c)	(i) ice (1) (ii) eutectic (1) (iii) KCl solid (1)	
			Total	[10]

Question	Exp	bected Answers		Marks
2	(a)	Perfume is partitioned between the water in the plant and the fa There is a chemical similarity between the perfume and the fat (· · ·	
				[2]
	(b)	By dissolving in an organic solvent and then evaporating the solvent	(1) (1)	[2]
	(c)	The oils (are esters and) hydrolyse in water/react with water	(1)	[1]

(d)

		Total	[11]
(f)	Oils are in contact with water/steam for shorter period of time / at lower temperature (1)		[1]
(e)	Mixture boils when total vapour pressure reaches atmospheric pressure Since water is the major component this will be at <100°C	(1) (1)	[3] [2]

Oursetien	F				Marka
Question	Ехр	ected Answers			Marks
3	(a)	pV = nRT (or variants)		(1)	[1]
	(b)	They have no attractive forces between atoms/molec They have negligible volume etc.	cules	(1) (1) Any two	[2]
	(c)		All three for one error	• •	[2]
	(d)	High pressure force molecules together Allows dipole-dipole interaction to become significan	t	(1) (1)	[~]
					[2]
	(e)	$p_1 V_1 = P_2 V_2$			
		$95 \times 500 = P_2 \times 25$ (1)			
		$\frac{95 \times 500}{25} = P_2 = 1900 \text{ kPa} $ (1)			[2]
	(f)	pV = nRT			
		pV = m RT(1) therefore 95 x 10 ⁻⁴ = 0.186 x 700 x 8. M _r	<u>31</u> (1)		
		therefore M = $\frac{0.186 \times 700 \times 8.31}{95 \times 10^4}$ = 114 (1)			
		95 x 10⁴			[3]
	(g)	Ethanol forms hydrogen bonds with the water (1)			[4]

[1]

Total [13]

Question Expected Answers

4	(a)	(i)	Alloy has a lower m.p. Plumber's solder solidifies over a range Electrician's solder has a sharp m p. (f.p.) Alloy is stronger than metals Melting point can be varied by changing comp	osition Any 3 points	
		(ii)	Hardness/durability/resistance to wear Colour can be varied by composition Resistance to corrosion Difficult to forge	Any 3 points	
				Quality of language (1)	[7]

(b)

Axes	(1)	
m.p.'s	(1)	
eutectio	: (1)	[4]
3 areas	(1)	

Total [11]

Marks