GCE
Edexcel GCE
Chemistry (Nuffield) (8086, 9086) 6251/ 01

## Summer 2005

Mark Scheme (Results)

## SECTION A

1 (a) Any two
(Misty) steam / water droplets / condensation (on upper part of the test tube)
(1)

NOT water vapour
NOT white gas
Brown gas / fumes / vapour evolved
(1)

NOT NO 2 evolved
NOT fizzing
Crystals dissolve (in their own water of crystallisation) / melt / liquefy/ form a solution (1)
NOT crystals decompose/ get smaller/ disappear
Forms a white solid (1)
(b) Name (1)

Test (1) - is dependent on correct material
e.g.

Water / Steam / $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
(1)
(Anhydrous) $\mathrm{CuSO}_{4}(\mathrm{~s})$ - (white) to blue
OR
$\mathrm{CoCl}_{2}$ (paper) - (blue) to pink/ purple (1)
NOT damp $\mathrm{CoCl}_{2}$ (paper)
OR
Nitrogen dioxide / Nitrogen(IV) oxide / $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$
(moist) litmus/ pH paper turns to red/ orange/ pink
NOT pH meter
IF nitric acid, allow test with pH paper for $\mathbf{1}$ (out of $\mathbf{2}$ )
OR
Oxygen / $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ (1)
glowing splint (re)kindles (1)

2 (a) (i) $\mathrm{OH}^{-} /{ }^{-} \mathrm{OH} / \mathrm{HO}^{-} /{ }^{-} \mathrm{HO}$ IGNORE brackets
(ii) Ammonia (is a weak base) and is only partially ionised, whereas $\mathrm{NaOH}(\mathrm{aq})$ is fully ionised / ammonia has fewer $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$ions / lower $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$concentration [or converse]

Answer must give a comparison, either explicitly or implicitly e.g. more/ less/ -er/ only ASSUME "it" refers to ammonia BUT must still be a comparison

NOT answers in terms of protons being accepted on its own NOT answers that imply rate e.g. readily
(b) $\mathrm{R} \rightarrow \mathrm{Q} \rightarrow \mathrm{P}$

OR R Q P
OR R<Q<P
ACCEPT upper or lower case letters or mixture of both
3. (a) (i) $\mathrm{Mg}^{+}(\mathrm{g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}(\mathrm{g})+\mathrm{e}^{(-)}((\mathrm{g})) / \quad \mathrm{Mg}^{+}(\mathrm{g})-\mathrm{e}^{(-)}((\mathrm{g})) \rightarrow \mathrm{Mg}^{2+}(\mathrm{g})$

Equation (1)
State symbols (1)
$2^{\text {nd }}$ mark dependent on $1^{\text {st }}$ except

- e on wrong side OR
- $1^{\text {st }}$ or $3^{\text {rd }}$ ionisation energy equation quoted OR
- cumulative $1^{\text {st }}$ and $2^{\text {nd }}$ ionisation energy quoted
(2 marks)
(ii) B / b - can be shown on graph
(b)


Dots and crosses (1) - all dots/ crosses acceptable Ensure that all electrons are being shown

Charges (1) $-2^{\text {nd }}$ mark independent of $1^{\text {st }}$
$2^{\text {nd }} \mathrm{F}^{-}$ion and square brackets not essential
ALLOW "FI" for "F"
If one of the ions is completely correct (electrons \& charge) $\mathbf{1}$ (out of $\mathbf{2 )} \quad$ (2 marks)

4 (a) (i) Protons = 19 and electrons $=19$ (1)
neutrons $=20$ (1)
ACCEPT as words or numbers
(ii) $1 s^{2} 2 s^{2} 2 p^{6} 3 s^{2} 3 p^{6}\left(3 d^{0}\right) 4 s^{1}$

ALLOW subscripts
MUST be in this order
(b) (i) $\mathrm{MnO}_{4}{ }^{(1)-}$
(ii) Purple / violet / mauve / lilac / pink colour has moved towards/ is at the positive / left-hand electrode / anode If purple colour associated with $\mathrm{K}^{+}(\mathbf{0})$
(iii) Blue colour moves towards the negative / right-hand electrode / cathode (1)
The $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+} /$ positive copper ion (is blue) (and is attracted to it) (1) ALLOW:
Red/ brown deposit forms on cathode (1)
$\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}+2 \mathrm{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}$ or in words (1)
OR
Effervescence at anode (1)
$4 \mathrm{OH}^{-}-4 \mathrm{e}^{(-)} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}+\mathrm{O}_{2}$, or in words (1)

5 (a) (i) Coal (mine)/ coke/ charcoal/ graphite
(ii) Oxygen loss/gain argument It removes the oxygen from the $\mathrm{BaSO}_{4}$
OR the barium sulphide / BaS has lost oxygen
OR carbon has gained oxygen
NOT S has lost oxygen
OR
oxidation number argument
O.N. of sulphur decreases (from (+)6 to -2)

OR
O.N. of carbon increases (from 0 to (+) 2)

If oxidation numbers given, they must be correct
OR
OILRIG argument is acceptable if backed up with relevant chemistry ie "carbon loses electrons" is not enough
(b) $\quad \mathrm{BaS}(\mathrm{s})+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+1^{1} 2 \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{BaCO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})+\mathrm{SO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$

Any correct multiple
(c) Any one

Barium compounds are toxic / poisonous (1)
OR
CO is toxic/ poisonous (1)
$\mathrm{SO}_{2}$ is responsible for "acid rain" (1)
IGNORE reference to global warming / ozone layer
Use of the word "harmful" is not enough UNLESS qualified
(d) (i) Filter (1)

Evaporate some of the filtrate by boiling / heating (1)
Leave to crystallise / cool (collect crystals) (1)
Dry between sheets of filter paper / blotting / dessicator / warm oven (1)
NOT "dabbing" / "patting" on its own
NOT " hot oven"
NOT "oven"
If temperature quoted, must be $<70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Stages must be in correct order.
Mark until procedure fails
Can score remaining 3 marks even if initial filtration has not been carried out
(ii) $\mathrm{BaCO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})+2 \mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{BaCl}_{2}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})+\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
balanced equation (1)
state symbols (1)
$\mathrm{BaCl}_{2} .2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{aq} / \mathrm{s})$ acceptable, providing extra $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{I})$ on left
ALLOW $2^{\text {nd }}$ mark provided a sensible but unbalanced equation is given.
(iii) moles of HCl used $=$
$((25 / 1000) \times 1.0)$
$=0.025 / 2.5 \times 10^{-2}$
IGNORE units
(iv) $\mathrm{Mr}_{\mathrm{r}}\left[\mathrm{BaCl}_{2} \cdot 2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{s})\right]=137+71+36$
$=244\left(\mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right)$
(v) Moles of $\mathrm{BaCl}_{2} .2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=0.5 \times 0.025=0.0125$

Mass of crystals $=0.0125 \times 244=3.05 / 3.1(\mathrm{~g})$
IGNORE units
ALLOW transferred error from (ii), (iii) and (iv)
(vi) Any one
$\mathrm{BaCl}_{2}$ lost in the (saturated) filtrate when crystals collected / OWTTE (1)

Transfer loss/ OWTTE (1)
Loss when washing (1)
NOT incomplete reaction/ inaccurate measurement of materials / spillage on its own BUT neutral otherwise
(e) (i) (Apple) green / yellow-green NOT yellow
(ii) Pt/ nichrome (wire)/ ceramic rod / spatula

NOT nickel / chromium wire
NOT wire of indeterminate material

6 (a) Carbon atom joined to the hydroxyl / "hydroxide" / functional group is attached to two other carbon atoms / alkyl groups
OR
Carbon atom joined to OH group is attached to (only) one hydrogen atom / alcohol contains a $-\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH})$ group
IGNORE use of "molecule" rather than "atom"
(b) (i) But(-)1(-)ene IGNORE punctuation

NOT butan-1-ene / butene
(ii) Aluminium oxide/ alumina/ porcelain/ pumice / $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$

ALLOW correct name with wrong formula
If formula given on its own must be correct
(1 mark)
(iii) Elimination / dehydration

NOT catalytic cracking
If more than one answer given both must be correct.
(1 mark)
(iv)


Ceramic fibre / glass/ mineral/ cotton wool soaked in butan-2-ol (1) NOT wire wool

Aluminium oxide / pumice / catalyst / solid X etc in correct position in tube (1)

- These must be in the correct order in the tube

Heat directed at solid - must be under some of solid (1)

- heat can be shown as just an arrow

Collection over water (1) - water does not need to be labelled
ALLOW non-cross sectional diagrams
IGNORE open tube following Bunsen valve, providing gas can be collected
If LHS is incorrect collection mark can still be awarded.
penalties-1
poor diagram (e.g. apparatus will not work / delivery tube passing through side of test-tube or trough / single line used for tubing
(v) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}\left(=\mathrm{CHCH}_{3}\right.$

Allow cis or trans versions
Allow displayed formulae
(c) (i) Any two

Effervescence/ fizzing / bubbling (1)
NOT gas given off
NOT white fumes
Sodium disappears / moves about on surface / "dissolves" (1)
NOT floats on surface
Mixture becomes warm (1)
NOT heat given off / exothermic
White solid/ ppt formed (1)
(2 marks)
(ii) $\mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{H}_{9} \mathrm{O}\left({ }^{-}\right) \mathrm{Na}\left({ }^{+}\right)$

MUST be molecular
Atoms can be given in any order
Wrong charges (0)
(1 mark)
(d) (i) $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{OR} \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{COC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5} \mathrm{OR} \mathrm{CH}_{3}-\mathrm{CO}_{-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}_{3} \text { OR CH }}^{3} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}$

OR


Butanone / butan-2-one (1) NOT but-2-one
Mark independently
(2 marks)
(ii) (Mixture remains) blue

No mark for "nothing happens"
ALLOW TE from (i) providing $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CHO}$ and butanal: green / brown / yellow / orange / red (ppt)
(e) N.B. we are looking for a precaution, not the associated hazard

## Any one

Keep away from flames
Use in a well-ventilated area
ACCEPT carry out in a fume cupboard
NOT precaution which applies generally e.g. wear gloves/ goggles
NOT wear a gas mask on its own, BUT otherwise neutral

7 (a) $\mathrm{Ca}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{2-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Ca}^{(2+)} \mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{(2-)}$ (s)
left-hand side (1)
right-hand (1)
BUT if all formulae correct (including charges) but missing/ wrong state symbols 1 max
(b) (i) (Energy $=100 \times 4.2 \times 1.5=)(+) 630(\mathrm{~J})$

NOT - 630 (J)
(1 mark)
(ii) Quantity of $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}=(50 / 1000) \times 1.00$
$=0.05 \mathrm{~mol}$
(iii) $\Delta \mathrm{H}=\underline{(630 / 0.05)}=+13 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}[2 \mathrm{SF}]$ 1000
answer (i) $\div$ (ii) (1)
sign, units and 2 SF (1)
$2^{\text {nd }}$ mark dependent on $1^{\text {st }}$ unless clear method given
Answer can be calculated in $\mathrm{Jmol}^{-1}$
$+13 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ with no working (2)
(2 marks)
$+13000 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ with no working (2)
(iv) Temperature, since $\Delta T$ is so small (and therefore leads to relatively large \%error) / thermometer has limited accuracy Heat loss / gain not sufficient
(v) Thermos flask / (expanded) polystyrene/ plastic cup / a beaker contained in a larger one lagged with cotton wool OR
Calorimeter (unqualified) (0) BUT "with cotton wool"/ insulated/ lagged etc gets (1)
(c) $1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ no change

