



Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Subsidiary and Advanced Level

CHEMISTRY 9701/32

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 2

May/June 2014

CONFIDENTIAL INSTRUCTIONS



Great care should be taken to ensure that any confidential information given does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

The Supervisor's attention is drawn to the form on page 7 which must be completed and returned with the scripts.

If you have any problems or queries regarding these Instructions, please contact Cambridge

by e-mail: info@cie.org.uk, by phone: +44 1223 553554, by fax +44 1223 553558,

stating the Centre number, the nature of the query and the syllabus number quoted above.

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



Safety

Supervisors are advised to remind candidates that **all** substances in the examination should be treated with caution.

Only those tests described in the question paper should be attempted. Please also see under 'Apparatus' on the use of pipette fillers, safety goggles and plastic gloves.

In accordance with COSHH (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health) Regulations, operative in the UK, a hazard appraisal of the examination has been carried out.

Attention is drawn in particular, to certain materials used in the examination. The following codes are used where relevant.

C corrosive substance F highly flammable substance

H harmful or irritating substanceO oxidising substance

T toxic substance N dangerous for the environment

The attention of Supervisors is drawn to any local regulations relating to safety and first-aid.

'Hazard Data Sheets', relating to materials used in this examination, should be available from your chemical supplier.

Before the Examination

1 Access to the question paper is NOT permitted in advance of the examination.

2 Preparation of materials

Where quantities are specified for each candidate, they are sufficient for the experiments described in the question paper to be completed.

In preparing materials, the bulk quantity for each substance should be increased by 25% as spare material should be available to cover accidental loss. More material may be supplied if requested by candidates, without penalty.

All solutions should be bulked and mixed thoroughly before use to ensure uniformity.

Every effort should be made to keep the concentrations accurate to within one part in two hundred of those specified.

Supervisors are asked to carry out any confirmatory tests given on page 4 to ensure the materials supplied are appropriate.

If the concentrations differ slightly from those specified, the Examiners will make the necessary allowance. They should be informed of the exact concentrations.

3 Labelling of materials

Materials must be labelled as specified in these instructions. Materials with an **FB** code number should be so labelled **without** the identities being included on the label. Where appropriate the identity of an **FB** coded chemical is given in the question paper itself.

4 Identity of materials

It should be noted that descriptions of solutions given in the question paper may not correspond exactly with the specifications in these Instructions. The candidates must assume the descriptions given in the question paper.

5 Size of group

In view of the difficulty of the preparation of large quantities of solution of uniform concentration, it is recommended that the maximum number of candidates per group be 30 and that separate supplies of solutions be prepared for each group.

Apparatus

- 1 In addition to the fittings ordinarily contained in a chemical laboratory, the apparatus and materials specified below will be necessary.
- 2 Pipette fillers (or equivalent safety devices), safety goggles and disposable gloves should be used where necessary.
- 3 For each candidate
 - $1 \times 25 \, \text{cm}^3$ pipette
 - $1 \times 50 \, cm^3$ burette
 - 1 × burette stand and clamp
 - 1 × funnel (for filling burette)
 - $2 \times 250 \, \text{cm}^3$ conical flask
 - 1 × 250 cm³ beaker
 - $1 \times 100 \, \text{cm}^3 \, \text{beaker}$
 - 1 × white tile
 - 1 × heat proof mat
 - 1 × Bunsen burner
 - 1 × tripod
 - 1 × pipe-clay triangle
 - $1 \times \text{gauze}$
 - 1 × crucible (at least 15 cm³ capacity) and lid
 - 1 × crucible tongs
 - 1 × spatula
 - 8-12 × clean dry test-tubes*
 - 1 × boiling tube*
 - $1 \times test-tube rack$
 - $1 \times test$ -tube holder
 - $1 \times \text{glass rod}$
 - 3 × teat/dropping pipette
 - 1 × wash bottle containing distilled water
 - $1 \times \text{thermometer } (-10 \,^{\circ}\text{C to } +110 \,^{\circ}\text{C at } 1 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$

paper towels

access to a balance reading to at least 0.1 g

Where balance provision is limited, some candidates should be instructed to start the examination with different questions.

^{*}Candidates are expected to rinse and re-use test-tubes and boiling tubes where possible. Additional tubes should be available.

Chemicals Required

It is especially important that great care is taken that the confidential information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

2 Particular requirements

hazard	label	per candidate	identity	notes (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials)
	FB 1	150 cm³	0.10 moldm ⁻³ hydrochloric acid	Dilute 50.0 cm ³ of 2.0 mol dm ⁻³ HC <i>l</i> [H] to 1 dm ³ with distilled water. Preparation instructions for 2.0 mol dm ⁻³ HC <i>l</i> are on page 59 of the 2014 syllabus.
	FB 2	150 cm³	0.090 mol dm ⁻³ sodium hydrogen carbonate	Dissolve 7.56g of NaHCO $_{\!_3}$ in each dm $^{\!_3}$ of solution.
[H]	FB 3	1.5g	hydrated sodium carbonate	Supply 1.5 ± 0.2 g Na ₂ CO ₃ .10H ₂ O [H] per candidate in a stoppered container.
	FB 4	10 cm³	0.10 moldm ⁻³ magnesium sulfate	Dissolve 24.6 g of $MgSO_4$.7 H_2O in each dm^3 of solution.
(F) [H]	FB 5	5 cm³	1.0 mol dm-3 glucose	Dissolve 180g of glucose in each dm³ of solution. This should be provided in a stoppered container.
*[F] [H]	FB 6	5cm³	distilled water	Provided in a stoppered container.
[F] [H]	FB 7	5 cm³	ethanol	Ethanol [F], or IMS, Industrial Methylated Spirits [F] [H]. Provided in a stoppered container.
[c]	FB 8	5 cm³	3.0 mol dm-3 methanoic acid	Dilute 126 cm³ of HCOOH, methanoic acid (90%) [C] to 1 dm³ with distilled water.
	methyl orange indicator	10 cm³	methyl orange indicator	See preparation instructions on page 60 of the 2014 syllabus.
	solid sodium hydrogen carbonate	0.5g	sodium hydrogen carbonate	Supply $0.5g\pm0.1g$ NaHCO $_{\!_3}$ per candidate in a stoppered container.

*Please note, while the hazard labels for FB 5 and FB 6 are not correct for the chemicals involved, in order to not confuse candidates they should be labelled the same as **FB 7**.

© UCLES 2014

reagents. If necessary, they may be made available from a communal supply: however, the attention of the Invigilators should be drawn to the The reagents below should also be provided. Unless otherwise stated, each candidate should require no more than 10 cm³ of any of these fact that such an arrangement may lead to contamination of reagents and enhance the opportunity for malpractice between candidates. ന

hazard	label	notes (hazards given in this column are for the raw materials)
Ξ	dilute hydrochloric acid	
<u></u>	dilute nitric acid	
Ξ	dilute sulfuric acid	
Ξ	aqueous ammonia	
<u>5</u>	aqueous sodium hydroxide	
Ξ	0.1 mol dm-3 barium chloride	See identity details and preparation instructions on pages 59 and 60 of the 2014 syllabus.
	[or 0.1 moldm ⁻³ barium nitrate]	
E E	0.05 moldm-3 silver nitrate	
Ξ	limewater	
Ξ	0.02 mol dm ⁻³ potassium manganate(VII)	
[H] [N]	acidified aqueous potassium manganate (VII)	Mix equal volumes of $0.02\mathrm{moldm^3}$ KMnO $_4$ [N] [O] [H] and $1.0\mathrm{moldm^3}$ sulfuric acid [H].

4 The following materials and apparatus should be available.

red and blue litmus papers, plain filter paper strips for use with acidified manganate (VII), aluminium foil for testing nitrate/nitrite, wooden splints and the apparatus normally used in the Centre for use with limewater in testing for carbon dioxide

Responsibilities of the Supervisor during the Examination

1 The Supervisor, or other competent chemist, must, out of sight of the candidates, carry out the experiments in Question 1 and Question 2 and complete tables of readings on a spare copy of the question paper which should be labelled 'Supervisor's Results'.

This should be done for:

each session held and each laboratory used in that session, and each set of solutions supplied.

N.B. The question paper cover requests the candidate to fill in details of the examination session and the laboratory used for the examination.

It is essential that each packet of scripts contains a copy of the applicable Supervisor's Results as the candidates' work cannot be assessed accurately without such information.

2 The Supervisor must complete the Report Form on page 7 to show which candidates attended each session. If all candidates took the examination in one session, please indicate this on the Report Form. A copy of the Report Form must accompany each copy of the Supervisor's Results in order for the candidates' work to be assessed accurately.

The Supervisor must give details on page 8 of any particular difficulties experienced by a candidate, especially if the Examiner would be unable to discover this from the written answers.

After the Examination

Each envelope returned to Cambridge must contain the following items.

- 1 The scripts of those candidates specified on the bar code label provided.
- 2 A copy of the Supervisor's Report relevant to the candidates in 1.
- **3** A copy of the Report Form, including details of any difficulties experienced by candidates (see pages 7 and 8).
- 4 The Attendance Register.
- 5 A Seating Plan for each session/laboratory.

Failure to provide appropriate documentation in each envelope may cause candidates to be penalised.

COLOUR-BLINDNESS

With regard to colour-blindness it is permissible to advise candidates who request assistance on colours of, for example precipitates and solutions (especially titration end-points). Please include with the scripts a note of the candidate numbers of such candidates.

Experience suggests that candidates who are red/green colour-blind – the most common form – do not generally have significant difficulty. Reporting such cases with the scripts removes the need for a 'Special Consideration' application.

© UCLES 2014 9701/32/CI/M/J/14

REPORT FORM

Thi	s form must be completed and sent to the Examiner in the envelope with the scripts.
Cei	ntre Number
1	Supervisor's Results
	Please submit details of the readings obtained in Question 1 and Question 2 on a spare copy of the question paper clearly marked 'Supervisor's Results' and showing the Centre number and appropriate session/laboratory number.
2	The candidate numbers of candidates attending each session were:
	First Session Second Session
3	The Supervisor is required to give details overleaf of any difficulties experienced by particular candidates, giving names and candidate numbers. These should include reference to:
	(a) any general difficulties encountered in making preparation;
	(b) difficulties due to faulty apparatus or materials;
	(c) accidents to apparatus or materials;
	(d) assistance with respect to colour-blindness.
	Other cases of hardship, e.g. illness, temporary disability, should be reported direct to CIE on the

4 A plan of work benches, giving details by candidate numbers of the places occupied by the candidates for each experiment for each session, must be enclosed with the scripts.

normal 'Application for Special Consideration' form.



Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.