## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2010 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/34
Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

- CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2010 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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| (b) | ACE Interpretation | Calculates the mean, correct to 2 decimal places (third decimal place rounded to the nearest $0.05 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ ) from any accurate titres within $0.20 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. <br> A mean of exactly .x25 or .x75 is allowed but the candidate may round up or down to the nearest 0.05 $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$. <br> If ALL burette readings are given to 1 decimal place then the mean can be given to 1 decimal place if numerically correct without rounding. <br> Mean of 24.3 and $24.4=24.35(\sqrt{\prime})$ <br> Mean of 24.3 and $24.4=24.4$ ( $x$ ) <br> Titres to be used in calculating the mean must be clearly shown - in an expression or ticked in the titration table. | 1 | [1] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | ACE Interpretation | No additional factor/expression is allowed in any step <br> If an answer, with no working, is given in any section allow if correct. <br> 1 Uses ${ }^{2.00} / 158.0$ in step (i) and answer (i) $\times$ cand titre $/{ }_{1000}$ in step (ii) | 1 |  |
|  | PDO Display | II Uses answer (ii) $\times 5$ in step (iii) and answer (iii) $\times 1000 / 25$ in step (iv) | 1 |  |
|  |  | III Uses answer (iv) $\times 151.9$ in step (v), and answer (v) $\times 100 / 21.50$ in step (vi) | 1 |  |
|  |  | IV Appropriate working shown in a minimum of four sections. | 1 |  |
|  |  | V 3 to 5 significant figures in final answers to all sections attempted - minimum of four final answers required | 1 | [5] |
|  | [Total: 13] |  |  |  |


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| 2 (a) | PDO Layout <br> PDO Recording <br> MMO Decisions <br> MMO Quality | II | Records at least four different balance readings and at least one mass of solid/gas Accept $0.0(0 \mathrm{O}) \mathrm{g}$ as the mass of the empty tube or a statement that the tube is tared. <br> Gives all appropriate headings and units when recording results. <br> Do not accept mass of empty tube as $0.0(00) g$ here unless tube is described as tared. <br> (minimum of three pieces of information) <br> All recorded balance readings consistent to at least 1 decimal place. <br> (minimum of three balance readings) <br> Evidence of reheating to "constant" mass. For balances reading to 1 d.p. two masses must be identical <br> For 2 or 3 d.p. balances, two masses must be within 0.05 g <br> and VI <br> checks and corrects if necessary <br> all subtractions in the results table. <br> Calculate ${ }^{\text {mass heated } / \text { mass of residue to }}$ <br> 3 significant figures. <br> Compare to supervisor standard or standard value of 1.40 . <br> Award $\underline{\mathbf{V} \text { and } \mathrm{VI} \text { for a difference up to } 0.10 ~}$ <br> Award $\underline{\mathbf{V} \text { only } \text { for a difference of } 0.10+\text { to } 0.20 ~}$ <br> Where a candidate repeats the experiment use cumulative masses of FB 3 and residue. <br> Where masses of FB 3 and residue cannot be checked, accept candidate values to calculate the ratio. | 2 | [6] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (b) | ACE <br> Interpretation <br> ACE <br> Conclusions |  | Calculates 2.71, (2.710, 2.7097) <br> and <br> Has: <br> cand value in (i) $x$ mass loss from table in (a) If no mass loss is recorded in the table, check the value used. <br> (ii) Ticks the appropriate box for the experiment and <br> makes some comparison between mass of $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ and the mass of FB 3 used mass of $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ calculated in (ii) $\geq$ mass of FB 3, nore any ticked box but award the mark for any tatement that the mass is not possible. | 1 1 | [2] |


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| (c) | ACE <br> Improvements | (i) No mass change with $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ (on heating). <br> (ii) Evidence for no gas produced, e.g.: <br> limewater unaffected, <br> no gas collected in a gas syringe <br> If there is reference to measuring mass and to measuring volume but the absence of change is not mentioned, award one of the two marks available. | 1 | [2] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | ACE Interpretation | Max errors of $0.05,0.005$ and 0.0005 respectively for balances $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C . <br> Calculates: <br> 1.11\% error for balance A <br> $0.25 \%$ error for balance B <br> $0.20 \%$ error for balance C <br> Allow ecf on \% errors only if: <br> (i) Max errors given are 0.1, 0.01 and 0.001 respectively for balances $A, B$ and $C$ and $\%$ errors are $2.22 \%, 0.50 \%$ and $0.40 \%$ <br> (ii) All max errors are incorrect by a factor 10 e.g. $0.5,0.05$ and 0.005. <br> $\%$ errors are $11.1 \%, 2.5 \%$ and $2.0 \%$ | 1 | [2] |
|  | [Total: 12] |  |  |  |


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FB 4 is $\mathrm{MnSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})$; $\quad$ FB 5 is $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})$; $\quad$ FB 6 is $\mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$; $\quad$ FB 7 is $\left(\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(\mathrm{aq})$
3 (a) MMO Collection
Give one mark for each of the following:
I for FB 4 - tests (i) and (iv)
II for FB 5 - tests (i) and (iv)
III for FB 6 - tests (i) and (iv)
IV for FB 7 - tests (i), (iii) and (iv)
V Give one mark for any change/darkening of the initial precipitate in test (ii) for FB 4 to a qualified brown.
The darkening may be described in test (i) or in test (iv)
VI Describes the test on gas for ammonia in test (iii) for any solution that has no precipitate in either part test of (i) and is warmed.
The test for ammonia is expected with FB 7 Do not award (VI) if the test is carried out with a solution in which a precipitate had formed at any stage
or
If a solution in which no precipitate is formed is not warmed with sodium hydroxide

Results required with $\mathrm{NaOH}(\mathrm{aq})$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ for the award of marks I to IV in 3(a)

| test |  | observations |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FB 4 | FB 5 | FB 6 | FB 7 |
| (i) | addition <br> of NaOH | off-white, pale brown, buff or beige precipitate <br> Do not accept cream or equivalent colour precipitates | white precipitate | white precipitate | No precipitate or no change <br> Do not accept clear on its own as an observation; clear solution is acceptable |
|  | further addition of NaOH | precipitate insoluble | precipitate insoluble | precipitate soluble | no precipitate or no change (may be left blank) |
| (iii) | warming <br> solution <br> with <br> NaOH |  |  |  | any reference to a gas being evolved or <br> reference to red litmus turning blue |
| (iv) | addition of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ | as NaOH | as NaOH | as NaOH | as NaOH |
|  | further addition of $\mathrm{NH}_{3}$ | as NaOH | as NaOH | precipitate insoluble | as NaOH |


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| (b) | ACE <br> Conclusions | Do not accept any ion other than $\mathbf{M n}^{\mathbf{2 +}}, \mathbf{M g}^{\mathbf{2 +}}$, $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}$ or $\mathrm{NH}_{4}{ }^{+}$in any section. <br> Marks I to III <br> lons must be correct, including charge, if a symbol has been given. - no ecf in this section. <br> Award I only if one ion only is identified from correct observations. <br> Award I and II if two ions only are identified from correct observations. <br> Award I, II and III if all four cations are identified from correct observations. <br> The $4^{\text {th }}$ cation may be identified by elimination from incomplete supporting evidence. <br> A deduction of $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ is allowed from a cream ppt with $\mathrm{NaOH}(\mathrm{aq})$ and $\mathrm{NH}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ <br> IV Award this mark if the supporting evidence fits the ion identified and the practical performed for at least three of the four ions Allow ecf on ion order for mark IV. $\left(\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}\right.$ and $\mathrm{Al}{ }^{3+}$ are most likely to be interchanged depending on "solubility in excess" observations. | 1 1 1 1 | [4] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Minimum evidence required in observations for the ion identity marks I, II and III.
In some cases, identification may be allowed from incomplete observations. There must, however, be no observations that are contrary to those expected with any "correctly" identified ion.

The same criteria will be applied to "candidate's supporting evidence in awarding mark IV. Candidates are not permitted to introduce (from the Qualitative Analysis Notes) supporting evidence that is not given in the observations.

| $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ | off-white precipitate with each reagent, or off-white precipitate <br> turning brown with either of the reagents <br> identification of the ion is allowed from an incorrect observation of <br> a cream or yellow-white precipitate - one ion is known to be $\mathrm{Mn}^{2+}$ |
| :---: | :--- |
| $\mathrm{Mg}^{2+}$ | white precipitate, insoluble in (excess) NaOH |
| $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}$ | white precipitate, soluble in (excess) NaOH |
| $\mathrm{NH}_{4}^{+}$ | no precipitate/no change with either reagent <br> or <br> ammonia, alkaline gas or gas turning red litmus blue evolved |


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| (c) | MMO <br> Collection | Records no precipitate/no reaction with each of <br> the reagents. | 1 | [1] |  |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (d) | ACE <br> Conclusions | States that $\mathrm{Pb}^{2+} /$ lead(II) would give similar <br> results. <br> Award this mark providing there are no contrary <br> observations for the solution identified as <br> containing $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}$ | 1 |  |  |
| (e) | MMO <br> Collection | Records a white ppt in (i) <br> Records a yellow precipitate or precipitate turning <br> yellow in (ii). | 1 | 1 |  |
| (f) | ACE <br> Conclusions | Award one mark for any attempt to describe <br> replacement of C $l$ by I in the ppt. | 1 | [1] |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

