MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9707 BUSINESS STUDIES

9707/21 Paper 2 (Data Response), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

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	Page 2		Mark Scheme: Teachers' version GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2011	Syllabus 9707	Paper 21
1	Loade	r Lorri	ies (LL)	5101	
	(a) Ex	cplain	the following terms:		
	(i)	Dise	economies of scale		[3]
			tent: rage/unit costs increase as the scale of production i rage not total). Too large to manage e.g. communication	•	
			el 2: Good explanation el 1: Partial explanation/understanding		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)
	(ii)	Cos	t of Sales.		[3]
		Acce	tent: ct cost of purchasing goods that are sold in a period. ept formula = opening stocks + purchases – closing sto it. So, different from purchases during the period.	ock. Or sales tur	nover – gross
			el 2: Good explanation el 1: Partial explanation/understanding		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)
	(b) (i)	Usir	ng the information in Table 1, calculate LL's gross	profit margin fo	or 2010. [3]
		Cost Gros	es = 90 t of sales = 35 ss profit = 55 A = 55/90 * 100 = 61.1 % (allow sensible rounding)		
			rect answer nt method with mistakes mpt		(3 marks) (2 marks) (1 mark)
	(ii)		gross profit margin for 2009 was 70%. Using fulness of the gross profit margin figures to the ma		

Content: Cost of sales up even though sales down. Prices? Diseconomies? OFR ARA

Knowledge and Application	
Level 2: Shows understanding of GPM in context	(2–3 marks)
Level 1: Simple statement(s)	(1 mark)

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(c) Discuss the extent to which the new employment contract has created the motivation problems at LL. [10]

Content:

Evidence suggests declining morale.

New contract seems to have suited the firm more than the employees.

Is problem lack of wages (Taylor etc) or redundancies (lack of security)? Non-financial motivators (mainly positive) are important but not without financial (mainly negative) as well.

ARA

Evaluation likely to come from balancing arguments.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of motivation/problems in context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Evaluation of problems/causes in context. (3–6 marks)
Level 1: Shows understanding of motivation/problems. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Analysis of problems/causes. (1–2 marks)

(d) Using the information in Figures 1 and 2, analyse the differences between the two approaches to managing inventories (stocks). [8]

Content:

Could include:

Bert's stocks on upward trend. Not adjusted either reorder quantity or frequency, even though demand slowed down. Is he right to assume everything will improve? Can't keep on increasing stock levels – expensive.

Fred has responded to decreased demand and obsolescence with both reduced reorder level and frequency. Does he risk stock-out? How reliable is new gearbox programme? ARA

Evaluation likely to come through prioritising difficulties.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of inventory management/diagrams in context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Analysis of inventory management/diagrams in context. (3–4 marks)
Level 1: Shows knowledge of inventory management/diagrams. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Limited analysis of inventory management/diagrams. (1–2 marks)

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	Page 4			Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper	
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2	United Coal (UC)						
	(a) Explain the following terms:						
		(i)	Priv	ate sector		[3]	
			(gov	tent: part of the business economy owned by individ ernment/local government etc). May be owned by used with private as in private ltd co. Example help	individuals/instituti		
				el 2: Good understanding el 1: Partial understanding		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)	
		(ii)	Proc	duct portfolio.		[3]	
		Content: Businesses often have more than one product. The collection of a business's product called product portfolio. E.g. range of Ford cars.			s's products is		
				el 2: Good explanation el 1: Partial explanation/understanding		(2–3 marks) (1 mark)	
	(b)	(i)	Usir	ng the information in Table 2, calculate the closi	ng balance for 20 [°]	16. [2]	
			Sale Cost	ning balance = 48 es = 120 t = 10 ing balance = 48 + 120 – 10 = \$158m			
				ect answer tifies all the data but flawed calculation		(2 marks) (1 mark)	
		(ii)	Com	nment on the usefulness to UC of this cash flow	forecast.	[6]	
			Wha	ning ing how much finance is needed it if? Analysis itoring actual performance			
				Knowledge and Application	Analysis		

Knowledge and Application	Analysis
Level 2: Shows some understanding of cash flow in the context of the business. (3–4 marks)	
Level 1: Simple statement(s). (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Analysis of usefulness. (1–2 marks)

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(c) Briefly analyse <u>two</u> benefits of training workers for the new Cleancoal treatment site.

[6]

Content: Productivity Management of change Motivation New skills Etc.

ARA

One benefit max K + A = 3, An + Ev = 1.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis
Level 2: Shows understanding of training in the context of the business. (3–4 marks)	
Level 1: Shows understanding of training. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Analysis of training. (1–2 marks)

(d) Evaluate the impact of the Cleancoal development on any two of UC's stakeholders.

[10]

Content: Lots of contradictions in the data Shareholders: future profits, good publicity, higher profile Customers: (Elgen) helps them but extra cost? Possible bad publicity? The community: cleaner environment but noise, extra lorries The State: taxes? Carbon targets? Publicity? Suppliers: ? Employees: anxiety? Change of jobs? Opportunities/redundancies? Safety?

ARA

One stakeholder max K + A = 3, An + Ev = 4.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation	
Level 2: Shows understanding of stakeholders in the context of the business. (3–4 marks)	Level 2: Evaluation of impact on stakeholders in context. (3–6 marks)	
Level 1: Shows understanding of stakeholders. (1–2 marks)	Level 1: Limited analysis of impact on stakeholders. (1–2 marks)	

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