#### UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

### MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2008 question paper

### 9707 BUSINESS STUDIES

9707/02

Paper 2 (Data Response), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began.

All Examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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#### 1. Paperclips

### (a) Explain the following terms:

(i) Stakeholders [3]

Content: Groups who have an interest in the performance of a business, typically including employees, shareholders, customers, suppliers, the state, the community.

Level 2: Good understanding Level 1: Partial understanding

[2–3 marks] [1 mark]

(ii) Market Research

[3]

Content: Gathering data about market size and trends, competitors, consumer buying habits or likely sales levels. Can be from primary or secondary sources.

**Level 2**: Good understanding

[2-3]

Level 1: Partial understanding

[1]

## (b) (i) If sales in month 4 are \$800, calculate the closing balance in Table 1 for that month. [2]

Closing balance = opening balance + sales - costs = \$200 + 800 - \$300 - \$100 = \$600

Correct answer [2]

Attempt, or figures identified

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### (ii) State two reasons why the directors of PC might have difficulty raising the \$200 cash shortfall needed for month 2. [2]

New business

Only students

No security

Investing in students' business

Risk

Students don't have much money to invest

Etc. ARA

### Knowledge and Application

1 mark for each reason

### (iii) Explain the difference between cash and profit.

[4]

Profit is calculated using accruals (when things are bought and sold rather than when they are paid for).

Cash is calculated on the basis of money flowing in and out of the business.

Because stock is purchased on credit the two are different.

### **Knowledge and Application**

Level 2: Shows understanding of difference between cash/profit (3–4 marks)

**Level 1:** Shows understanding of issues involved in cash/profit (1–2 marks)

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# (c) Advise Ling on the factors that she will need to consider in recommending a marketing mix for PC. [10]

Going to be difficult to compete on price with supermarket Promotion will, therefore be important
Business is raising money for charity – good promotional point
Student business, should be supported by teachers, other students
On site, so much more convenient
ARA

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of	Level 2: Evaluation of factors (advice) in
factors/mix in context of the business	context (3–6 marks)
(3–4 marks)	·
Level 1: Shows understanding of marketing	Level 1: Analysis of the factors (1–2 marks)
mix/factors (1–2 marks)	,

### (d) Briefly analyse the factors that might limit the success of PC

[6]

Content:

Limited market
Run by students (motivation/commitment?)
External constraints e.g. college rules
Competition especially supermarket
Inexperience
Lack of finance

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of factors in	
context of the business (3–4 marks)	
Level 1: Shows understanding of factors	Level 1: Analysis of the factors (1–2 marks)
influencing success (1–2 marks)	

### 2 CC Cosmetics

### (a) Explain the following terms:

(i) Mass Marketing

#### ., =..p.a... a.e .e..e....g .e.....

[3]

Content: Selling products to a whole market with no attempt to target groups within it.

Level 2: Good understanding[2–3]Level 1: Partial understanding[1]

### (ii) Quality Control

[3]

Content: Process of checking the quality standards of work done or the quality of materials bought by the business to the satisfaction of the customer.

Level 2: Good understanding[2–3]Level 1: Partial understanding[1]

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### (b) (i) Using Table 4 calculate the price elasticity of demand for CC's main product. [2]

% change in demand = 7% % change in price = 10% Elasticity = 7/10 = 0.7 (no need for sign)

Correct answer 2 marks

Correct method but wrong answer 1 mark e.g. 1.4

# (ii) The price elasticity of demand for their competitor is 1.2. How might CC use the information on elasticity and your answer in (b)(i) for deciding on their marketing mix?

Competitors are elastic therefore prices are important in consumers decisions CC inelastic. Consumers not so responsive to price Could be due to loyalty, quality of products, customers liking ethical stance

Lack of price responsiveness suggests:

Inelastic, therefore price decision may not be critical

Other aspects of mix more important

May not want to be concerned about pricing decisions of competitors but more about differentiating products from competitors OFR/ARA

Knowledge and Application		
Level 2: Shows understanding of uses of elasticity in context of the business		
(3–4 marks)		
<b>Level 1:</b> Shows understanding of uses of elasticity (1–2 marks)		

### (c) Analyse the Human Resource Management issues for CC if the planned international expansion takes place. [8]

Available skills

Different cultures/ethical values

Different wage structures

Different legal constraints/employment laws

What organisation structure? Geographic/functional?

Communication

Maintaining motivation, commitment

ARA

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of HRM in	Level 2: Good analysis in context
the context of the business (3–4 marks)	(3–4 marks)
Level 1: Shows understanding of HRM	Level 1: Limited analysis of issues
(1–2 marks)	(1–2marks)

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[10]

### (d) Discuss the implications for CC of its ethical approach to business activities.

Clearly leads to loyal customers Helps to have motivated and committed workforce Clear marketing advantages over competitors

Means costs are higher Likely to be a smaller market Will ethics be so important in new markets?

Evaluation likely to come from recognising the key factors.

Knowledge and Application	Analysis and Evaluation
Level 2: Shows understanding of ethics in	Level 2: Evaluation of ethics or good
the context of the business (3–4 marks)	analysis in context (3–6 marks)
Level 1: Shows understanding of ethics	Level 1: Limited analysis of ethics
(1–2 marks)	(1–2marks)