

AS Business 7131/1

Paper 01 Business 1

Specimen 2014

Morning

1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the bottom of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around in each or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this answer book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.

Please write clearly, in block capitals, to allow character computer recognition.
Centre number Candidate number Candidate number
Surname Company Compan
Forename(s)
Candidate signature

	Section A		
	Answer all questions in this section.		
Only one	answer per question is allowed.		
For each a	nswer completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.		
CORRECT MET	HOD WRONG METHODS		
If you want	to change your answer you must cross out your original answer as	s shown.	
	to return to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you	now wish to	
select as s	HOWIT.		
0 1	A business collects information from a small group of customers i why they like a particular product. This is an example of which ty research?		
	A Qualitative, primary market research	0	
	B Qualitative, secondary market research	0	
	C Quantitative, primary market research		
	D Quantitative, secondary market research	[1 mar	.l.1
		[1 mar	v]
0 2	On what is a piece rate system of payment based?		
	A The amount of overtime worked	0	
	B The company's profit level		
	C The number of hours worked		
	D The number of items produced by the employee	(1 mar	·k1
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0 3	What are the features of a 'cash cow' in the Boston Matrix?	
	A High market share in a high-growth market	0
	B High market share in a low-growth market	0
	C Low market share in a high-growth market	0
	D Low market share in a low-growth market	[1 mark]
		[1 mark
0 4	Price skimming involves setting a price that:	
	A is most appropriate when demand is price elastic	0
	B allows a firm to target the mass market with a low price	0
	C is high in order to ensure a high profit margin	0
	D is suitable for a product in the decline stage of its product life	0
	cycle.	[1 mark]
0 5	According to Herzberg's 'two factor theory' of motivation, which or a 'motivator'?	ne of the following is
	A Better working conditions	0
	B Greater promotion prospects	0
	C Higher basic pay	0
	D More job security	
		[1 mark
0 6	Opportunity cost is defined as:	
	A the next best alternative	
	B the initial cost of an investment	0
	C the money spent on the choice made	0
	D the average cost of a new idea.	[4
		[1 mark

0 7	Which of th	ne following will result in an adve	erse variance?	
	A Actual e	xpenditure on fuel lower than in	the budget	0
	B Actual ra	aw material costs higher than th	e budgeted figure	0
	C Sales re	venue actually received greater	than in the budget	0
	D Budgete	ed wages less than actual wage	s	
				[1 mark]
0 8	planes use	average capacity utilisation on d for this route carry an average the planes used on this route?		
	A 219 pas	sengers		0
	B 322 pas	sengers		0
	C 370 pas	sengers		0
	D 400 pas	sengers		
				[1 mark]
0 9	Table 1 refer	rs to four different products in th	e product portfolio of a	business.
	Table 1 Infor	mation for four products		
	Product	Price elasticity of demand	Income elasticity of	demand
	Α	-1.8	+1.8	
	В	-1.8	+0.3	
	C D	-0.3 -0.3	+1.8 +0.3	
		of the products in Table 1 is me		product with many
	A Product	A		
	B Product	В		\bigcirc
	C Product	С		0
	D Product	D		
				[1 mark]

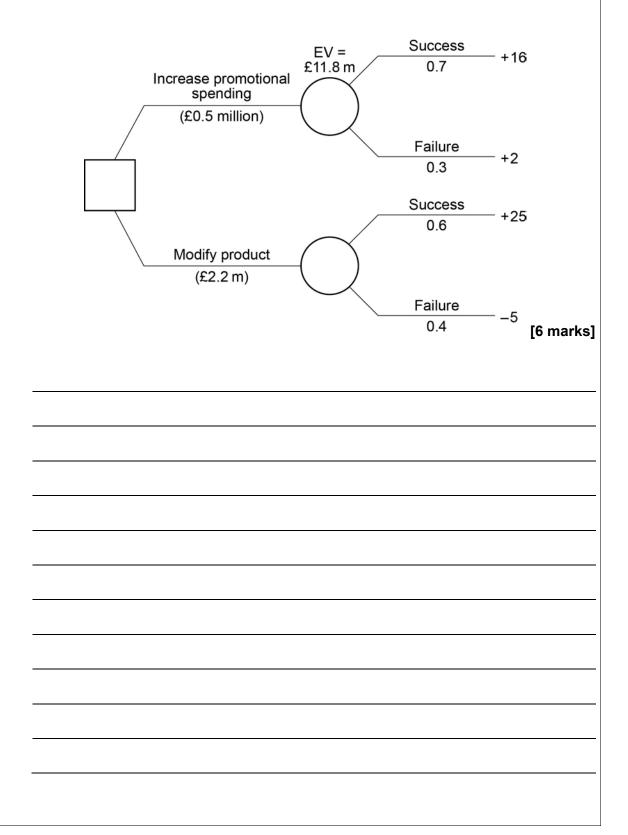
1 0	What is the re-order level in inventory control?		
	A The time at which new inventory is ordered		
	B The amount of new inventory that is ordered		
	C The amount of inventory that leads to a new order being placed		
	D The time at which inventory levels reach zero	0	[1 mark]
	QUESTION 10 IS THE LAST QUESTION IN SECTION A.		
	Section B starts on the next page.		

	Section B	
	Answer all questions in this section.	
1 1	Explain one possible use of market mapping for a new sports shop.	[4 marks]
1 2	The following data applies to a small business.	
	 Selling price = £18 Variable costs per unit = £6 Break-even output = 550 units Calculate the fixed costs of the business. Show your workings.	
		[5 marks]

1 3

The net gain for a business of increasing promotional spending is £11.3 million. Referring to **Figure 1**, calculate the expected value and the net gain of modifying the product. Using these calculations, advise the business which one of the two options it should choose. Show your workings.

Figure 1 Decision Tree



1 4	Analyse one way in which a large house-building firm might respond to a new competitor setting up in its market.	5 marks]
	Extra space	

Section C

Answer all questions in this section.

1 5 Nissan UK

Nissan Motors, the Japanese vehicle manufacturer, recently invested heavily in developing a new model of a car called the Invitation. This model is designed to compete with the VW Polo and Ford Fiesta. Nissan has decided to build the Invitation at its Sunderland factory. This factory has the highest labour productivity in Europe. The new jobs from this latest investment will take the number of staff there from an average of 5600 in 2012 to 6000 in 2013.

Three years ago the recession had led to Nissan reducing production and cutting 1200 jobs at Sunderland, so how has the company managed to turn things round?

The leadership at Nissan has developed and launched successful cars: the Qashqai model has proved particularly popular globally. Nissan's Head of Production in Europe said that, despite difficult conditions in Europe, "the market has grown by 4%, and our market share has grown by 25%. The market proves if you have got a good car at a competitive price, you can grow".

The employer–employee relations at Nissan's Sunderland factory are exceptional and labour turnover is at a record low level of 3.6%. This has led to further investment taking place at Sunderland rather than at Nissan factories in other countries.

The current weakness of the pound makes the UK an attractive place to manufacture, adding to Nissan's profit margins. The car industry now represents nearly 10% of total UK exports with nearly 80% of car production being exported, particularly to emerging economies such as Russia.

Government policy has helped Nissan. The government is providing a £9.3m grant to support the company's £125m investment in Sunderland.

Nissan has high-capacity utilisation; this is unusual as there is significant over capacity in the car industry.

1	5	. 1	Analyse the possible reasons why Nissan has invested heavily in developing a new model of car.
			[9 marks
			Extra space

1 5 . 2	To what extent do you think the performance of Nissan's workforce has been the main factor influencing its decision to increase car production at the Sunderland factory in the UK?
	[16 marks]

Extra space

1 6

Royal Mail plc

Royal Mail plc provides postal services throughout the UK. Until recently Royal Mail was a government-owned public corporation but in October 2013 it was privatised, transferring ownership from the public to the private sector. At the moment Royal Mail plc still has a legal obligation to deliver post six days a week and at the same price to every address in the UK.

When Royal Mail was privatised the demand for its shares was so high that applicants were limited to a maximum of 227 ordinary shares at a total cost of £750. In total 1 billion shares were sold to private individuals and other businesses, valuing the company at £3.3 billion. Over 10% of the 1 billion shares available were re-sold by shareholders in the first hour of trading and the share price immediately rose.

The most recent accounts of the company show that between April and September 2013 Royal Mail's profits were £283 million, almost double the £144 million earned in the same period in 2012. It had also reduced its loans by 20% and improved its cashflow position, which should enable it to pay high dividends. After the publication of these accounts (which occurred after the privatisation) the company's share price rose again to £5.60 per share.

From July to September 2013 Royal Mail's sales rose by 9%, mainly due to a large increase in revenue from its parcels business. Parcels now account for over 50% of Royal Mail's revenue and this figure is expected to continue to rise with increases in online shopping.

However, conflict between Royal Mail and its employees remains. The Communication Workers Union (CWU) wants higher pay rises, greater job security and protection of pension schemes for Royal Mail employees. Approximately 115 000 of Royal Mail's 150 000 staff are members of the CWU trade union.

Analysts claim the business needs more investment to continue modernising and changes to its management style to achieve greater productivity.

1 6 . 1	Analyse how transferring ownership of Royal Mail from the public to the private sector might affect its stakeholders. [9 marks]

Extra space
Extra space
<u>-</u>

1 6 . 2	Do you think that buying shares in Royal Mail plc when they were first sold was a good decision? Justify your answer. [16 marks]

	ktra space	
	END OF QUESTIONS	
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