General Certificate of Education June 2003
Advanced Subsidiary Examination

## BUSINESS STUDIES

BUS1

## $A \sim A$

ASSESSMENT and
QUALIFICATIONS
ALLIANCE

## Unit 1

Monday 2 June 2003 Afternoon Session

In addition to this paper you will require:
an 8-page answer book.
You may use a calculator.

Time allowed: 1 hour

## Instructions

- Use blue or black ink or ball-point pen.
- Write the information required on the front of your answer book. The Examining Body for this paper is AQA. The Paper Reference is BUS1.
- Answer both questions.
- Do all rough work in the answer book. Cross through any work you do not want marked.


## Information

- The maximum mark for this paper is 52 .
- Mark allocations are shown in brackets.
- Both questions carry equal marks.
- You will be assessed on your ability to use an appropriate form and style of writing, to organise relevant information clearly and coherently, and to use specialist vocabulary, where appropriate. The degree of legibility of your handwriting and the level of accuracy of your spelling, punctuation and grammar will also be taken into account.
- Up to 2 marks will be awarded for the quality of your written communication.

Answer both questions.

Study the information and answer all parts of the question that follows.

## IN POOR HEALTH

Penman Ltd publishes twenty magazine titles each month, mainly on sport. Each of the company's magazines operates as a separate profit centre. Penman's financial position has been weak for some years. Profits have been low and the company has had problems with working capital. In an attempt to improve its financial position, Penman launched a new magazine, called Vitality, in June 2002 aimed at people who want a healthier lifestyle.

Vitality contains regular articles on diet, exercise programmes and learning new sports. The magazine was aimed at all ages, and not merely younger age groups. At its launch Vitality faced fierce competition from similar magazines produced by large publishers. Penman Ltd spent heavily on promotion and offered reduced price memberships for health clubs for readers taking out a year's subscription to Vitality.

However, Vitality had a disappointing first year. The magazine fell short of its sales budgets and exceeded forecast costs. In its first year, the magazine recorded a loss of $£ 400000$. The cash flow position of Vitality was also poor, partly due to high start-up costs.

Despite this poor start, Penman Ltd's management team decided to continue with the publication, as sales had improved towards the end of the magazine's first year. The team agreed 15 to approach the company's bankers for a loan to support the development of Vitality. Tough budgets were set for Vitality's second year. The managing director insisted that a cash flow forecast should be an important part of the financial planning for Vitality's second year.

| Forecast costs, revenue and profits for Vitality July 2003 - June 2004 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Item | £ |
| Sales Revenue | 1250000 |
| Fixed Costs | 602000 |
| Variable Costs | 550000 |
| Total Costs | 1152000 |
| Profit | 98000 |

Penman Ltd expects to sell 500000 copies of Vitality at a price of $£ 2.50$ per magazine in the year beginning July 2003.
(a) What is meant by the term "budget" (line 11)?
(b) (i) How many copies of Vitality would have to be sold in the year from July 2003 for the magazine to break even?
(ii) If sales in the year from July 2003 were actually 600000 , what level of profit would Vitality earn? [Assume that fixed costs and variable costs per unit are unchanged.]
(3 marks)
(c) Analyse one reason why Penman Ltd should draw up a cash flow forecast for Vitality for next year.
(6 marks)
(d) Discuss the case for and against Penman Ltd's management team deciding to publish Vitality for a second year.
(9 marks)

Study the information and answer all parts of the question that follows.

# The text extract adapted from www.guardianunlimited.co.uk (18 March 2002) and www.news.bbc.co.uk (17 March 2002) is not reproduced here due to third-party copyright constraints. 

## The full copy of this paper can be obtained by ordering BUS1 from AQA Publications <br> Tel: 01619531170

(a) Distinguish between "market share" (line 7) and "market size" (line 6).
(b) Mars bars have been a cash cow for many years. Explain one benefit the company may have received as a result of this.
(3 marks)
(c) Examine two problems Mars might have faced as a result of the large fall in sales of Mars bars in 2001.
(8 marks)
(d) Mars decided not to reduce prices as part of the new marketing strategy for Mars bars. Evaluate the case for and against this decision.

## END OF QUESTIONS

