Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
Other Names		2



GCE AS/A level

1072/01

BIOLOGY - BY2

P.M. MONDAY, 2 June 2014

1 hour 30 minutes

For Ex	aminer's us	e only
Question	Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
1.	15	
2.	13	
3.	10	
4.	13	
5.	9	
6.	10	
Total	70	

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may require a calculator and a ruler.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use pencil or gel pen. Do not use correction fluid. Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page. Answer **all** questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. If you run out of space, use the continuation pages at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

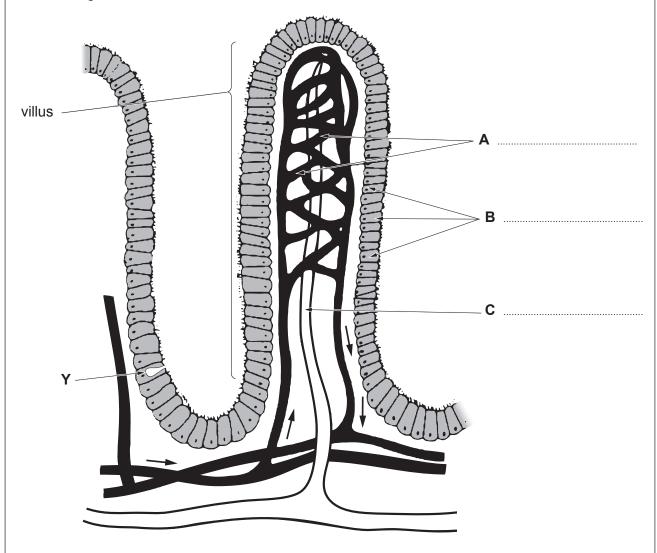
The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question. You are reminded of the necessity for good English and orderly presentation in your answers. The quality of written communication will affect the awarding of marks.



[3]

Answer all questions.

1. The diagram below shows a villus of the small intestine.



(b)	With reference to the diagram only , describe and explain two features that are import in the functioning of the villus.	ant [4]
		• • • • •

Complete the diagram above by naming the structures **A**, **B** and **C**.



(c)	(i)	Name the substance secreted by cell type Y.	[1]
	(ii)	Explain two functions of the secretion of cell type Y in the process of digestion.	[2]
(d)	Laye Expl	ers of smooth muscle are found in the wall of the small intestine. ain the role of these muscle layers in the process of digestion.	[3]
(e)	Amir	no acids absorbed by structure A are transported to the liver. Describe the fate of ess amino acids absorbed.	the [2]

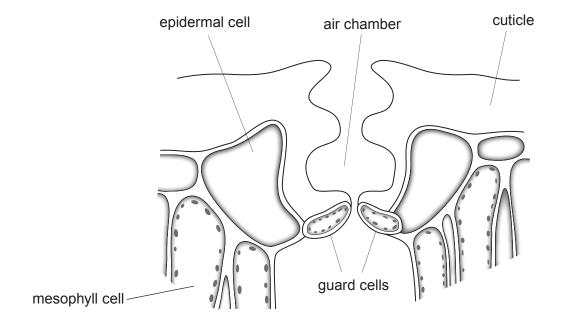


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2.	(a)	(i)	State what is meant by the term <i>transpiration</i> . [2]
		(ii)	Give one benefit of transpiration to a plant. [1]
	(b)	The mea	diagram below shows a piece of apparatus called a potometer which is used to sure the rate of transpiration.
			water reservoir waterproof seal
			air bubble
		(i)	Suggest why the end of the shoot should be cut under water before being inserted into the potometer. [2]
		(ii)	State what measurements would have to be made, in order to determine the rate of transpiration. [2]



The diagram below shows a sunken stoma which is an adaptation found in the leaves of some plants that live in very dry conditions. (c)



(i)	State the general name for plants that live in, and are adapted for, dry condition	ns. [1]
(ii)	With reference to the diagram, explain how a sunken stoma is able to red transpiration.	uce [3]
(iii)	Describe and explain two <i>other</i> adaptations which reduce the rate of transpira in plants that live in very dry conditions.	tion [2]



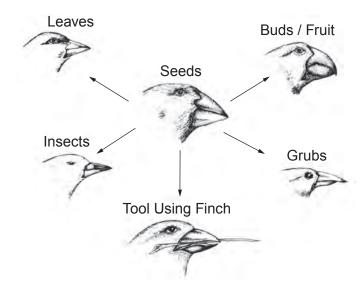
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3. (a) Darwin's finches are an example of a species diversifying into several forms to ensure long term survival.

The diagram below illustrates some of these different forms and their food sources.

Darwin's Finches



	ulagram above.	ניו
(ii)	Describe the process which results in the evolutionary change shown in the diag above.	ram [4]

Name the evolutionary change illustrated by Darwin's finches as shown in the



Although haemoglobin is found throughout the animal kingdom, its amino acid composition

Human haemoglobin is a protein molecule containing 574 amino acids. The haemoglobin of a horse has 557 amino acids in common with humans and the haemoglobin of a gorilla

has 5	572 amino acids in common with humans.	
(i)	Explain what this information indicates about the evolutionary relationship between the three animal species. [3]	
(ii)	Name the technique used to compare the amino acid composition of haemoglobin in different animals. [1]	1072
(iii)	How has this biochemical technique helped improve the classification of organisms? [1]	

10



(b)

varies.

1.	(a)	Bony fish rely on gills and gill filaments for gaseous exchange. Explain how the presence of gill filaments is an adaptation to gaseous exchange. [2]
	(b)	The system of ventilation in a bony fish enables water to be passed continuously over its gills whilst the fish is at rest. The diagrams below show three stages in the process of ventilation.
		OPEN CLOSED — MOVEMENT OF WATER GILL/ OPERCULAR GILL SLITS/ OPERCULUM CAVITY STAGE 1
		STAGET
		STAGE 2
		STAGE 3



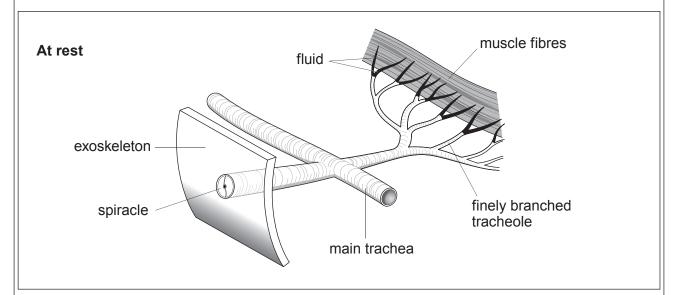
(i)	Ventilation of the gills is achieved by pressure changes in the buccal and g opercular cavities. Using information from the diagram opposite and your owknowledge describe the process of ventilation in a bony fish.
(ii)	In order to further increase the efficiency of gas exchange, bony fish use a councurrent flow. State what is meant by <i>counter current flow</i> and explain how tincreases the efficiency of gas exchange in the bony fish.
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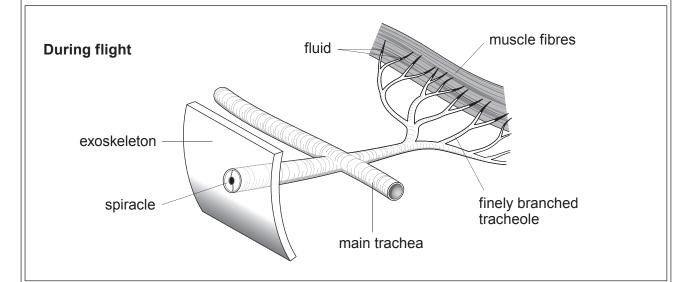


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(c) The diagrams below show insect tracheoles supplying muscle fibres at rest and during flight.





(i)	The tracheoles are found on the outside of the muscle fibres. Suggest why the maximum diameter of a muscle fibre never exceeds 20 µr diameter.	n in [2]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

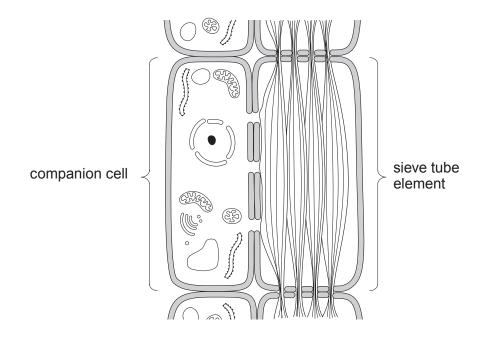


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5. The diagram below shows two types of cell that are found in phloem tissue.



(a)	Name two other types of cell that are found in phloem.	[2]
	1	
	2	
(b)	The function of phloem is to transport organic molecules, such as sucrose, in a plant.	
	Using the diagram <u>only</u> , explain how two features of the sieve tube element enable phloem to carry out its function.	the [4]
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		·······•
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	phloem. Suggest why the presence of large numbers of mitochondria in the companion cells does not support this theory. [3]	
•••••		



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