

# 2805/05 Mammalian Physiology and Behaviour

January 2004

**Mark Scheme** 

### ADVICE TO EXAMINERS ON THE ANNOTATION OF SCRIPTS

- 7
- 1. Please ensure that you use the **final** version of the Mark Scheme. You are advised to destroy all draft versions.
- 2. Please mark all post-standardisation scripts in red ink. A tick (✓) should be used for each answer judged worthy of a mark. Ticks should be placed as close as possible to the point in the answer where the mark has been awarded. The number of ticks should be the same as the number of marks awarded. If two (or more) responses are required for one mark, use only one tick. Half marks (½) should never be used.
- 3. The following annotations may be used when marking. <u>No comments should be written</u> on scripts unless they relate directly to the mark scheme. Remember that scripts may be returned to Centres.
  - x = incorrect response (errors may also be underlined)
  - \* = omission mark
  - bod = benefit of the doubt (where professional judgement has been used)
  - ecf = error carried forward (in consequential marking)
  - con = contradiction (in cases where candidates contradict themselves in the same response)
  - sf = error in the number of significant figures
- 4. The marks awarded for each <u>part</u> question should be indicated in the margin provided on the right hand side of the page. The mark <u>total</u> for each question should be ringed at the end of the question, on the right hand side. These totals should be added up to give the final total on the front of the paper.
- 5. In cases where candidates are required to give a specific number of answers, (e.g. 'give three reasons'), mark the first answer(s) given up to the total number required. Strike through the remainder. In specific cases where this rule cannot be applied, the exact procedure to be used is given in the mark scheme.
- 6. Correct answers to calculations should gain full credit even if no working is shown, unless otherwise indicated in the mark scheme. (An instruction on the paper to 'Show your working' is to help candidates, who may then gain partial credit even if their final answer is not correct.)
- 7. Strike through all blank spaces and/or pages in order to give a clear indication that the whole of the script has been considered.
- 8. An element of professional judgement is required in the marking of any written paper, and candidates may not use the exact words that appear in the mark scheme. If the science is correct <u>and</u> answers the question, then the mark(s) should normally be credited. If you are in doubt about the validity of any answer, contact your Team Leader/Principal Examiner for guidance.

Pa	Ma ge 3 d	rk Sc of 10	heme		Unit Code 2805/05	Session January	<b>Year</b> 2004	<b>Ver</b> Fi	r <b>sion</b> nal
Ab anı coı Ma	brevia notatio nventi rk Scl	ations ons a ons heme	s, Ind used in the	/ ; NOT () ecf A R AW ora	<ul> <li>alternative and accept</li> <li>separates marking period</li> <li>answers which are not</li> <li>words which are not</li> <li>(underlining) key wort</li> <li>error carried forward</li> <li>accept</li> <li>reject</li> <li>alternative wording</li> <li>or reverse argument</li> </ul>	otable answers for oints ot worthy of credit essential to gain o ds which <u>must</u> be	the same mark credit used to gain cr	ing point edit	
Question Expected			Expected	l Answ	/ers				Marks
1	(a)		peripheral	(ns);					
	cerebrum; cerebellum;								5
	(b)		(electricall speeds up <b>R</b> s saltatory c	y) insu condu ignals conduc	llated / described; <b>R</b> uction of, impulses / act / messages / information tion / ref. to nodes (of F	idea of mechani tion potentials; on / 'more efficie Ranvier);	cal protection nt' idea		max 2
	<ul> <li>(c) (i) idea of heat transfer / conduction / absorption; R diffusion high (specific) heat capacity of water; idea of circulation / movement (of CSF);</li> </ul>								max 2
		(ii)	proteins / i low(er) the osmosis / down wate AVP; e.g.	otential;		max 3			
								[Total:	12]

Mark Scheme Page 4 of 10			Unit Code	Session January	<b>Year</b> 2004	Version Final
	-		2003/03		2004	
Que	estion	Expected	Marks			
2	(a)	any <b>two</b> oi	f			
		hepatic art hepatic ve	tery in			
		nepatic po	<u>rrai</u> vein ;			1
	(b)	drainage c <b>A</b> ce	1			
	(c)	antigens (or recognised ref to antib produced l ref to T lyn AVP; e.g.	on liver cells); d as, foreign / non self; oodies; by, B lymphocytes / plasma c nphocytes; <b>A</b> cells ref to complementary / speci	ells; <b>A</b> cells		max 3
	(d)	no bile to e no bile to r ref to incor less digest less digest less absor use of fat				
		AVP; e.g.	breakdown of muscle protei	n		max 3

#### marking point 6 may be accepted as part of protein metabolism (e) accept 'interferes', 'disrupts', 'damages', but reject 'affect' / 'effect'

#### carbohydrate metabolism

- less glucose absorbed (by liver cells); 1
- 2 (less) glycogen stored / glycogen synthesis / glycogenesis;
- 3 (because) cells do not respond to insulin;
- (less) release of glucose from stored glycogen / glycogenolysis; 4
- 5 (if) cells do not respond to glucagon;
- 6 (less) production of glucose from, amino acids / glycerol; A gluconeogenesis max 5

#### protein metabolism

- (less) breakdown of (named) protein / hormone; 7
- (less) conversion of amino acids to ammonia / (less) deamination; 8
- (less) urea production / disruption of ornithine cycle; 9
- **10** ref to disruption of transamination;
- 11 (reduced) synthesis of protein;
- **12** ref to named protein;

allow the following general points once but in either section

- **13** disruption of cell surface receptors / cell membranes;
- 14 reduced synthesis / activity of enzymes;
- 15 AVP; e.g. consequences of any of the above, such as
- 16 AVP; blood clotting
  - transport role of proteins
    - antibodies / immunoglobulins
      - water potential / solute potential/ oedema less substrate for Krebs cycle
      - blood glucose concentration is high /
      - inability to regulate blood glucose /
      - diabetic like symptoms

## need for amino acid supplements

#### max 8

QWC – legible text with accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar; 1

[Total: 17]

max 5

Final

Pa	Mai ge 6 d	rk Sc of 10	heme		Unit Code 2805/05	Session January	<b>Year</b> 2004	<b>Version</b> Final		
Qu	estio	n	Expected	Answer	S			Marks		
3	(a) several / d working to A fu R 't			afferent, t gether to unctional o see' / 't	issues; <b>A</b> more that , perform a function unit to be aware of surrou	an one named tis / detect light; undings'	SSUE	2		
	(b)	(i)	nucleus;					1		
	( )	(ii)	line to one	of the o	uter segments;			1		
	(c)		produce A	TP;						
			for							
			sodium po in inner se synthesis movement synthesis A t	tassium gment / r of, neuro t of synap of, visual trans to c	pump / pumping Na <sup>+</sup> resting potential / hyp transmitter / glutama ptic vesicles / for exc pigment / rhodopsin <i>is</i> <b>R</b> 'for pigme	<sup>+</sup> out, K <sup>+</sup> in; perpolarised whe ate; pcytosis; a; ents to function'	en light hits rods	S;		
			AVP; e.g.	. producti	ion of named protein	/ protein for nar	ned function	max 3		
	(d)		(dark) ada	ptation;	R light adaptation			1		
	(e)	1	ref to <b>9</b> mi							
		<ul> <li>2 cone cells detect light of high intensity / rods detect light of low intensity;</li> <li>3 rhodopsin present in rods;</li> <li>4 (rhodopsin) bleached / broken down, by (5 minutes of white) light;</li> <li>5 detail of breakdown products;</li> <li>6 takes time to resynthesise (during dark);</li> <li>7 <i>idea</i> of more synthesis of pigment / lower threshold; ora</li> </ul>								
	(f)		curve levelling off at 9 minutes; line straight across (to at least 25 minutes), no lower than 30 arbitrary units;							
							ľ	Total: 14]		

Dac	Mar	k Sc	heme	Unit Code	Session	Year	Version				
ı aç	jero	, 10		2805/05	January	2004	Filidi				
Question Expected				Answers			Marks				
4	(a)	(i)	(i) for leopard, two of the following for one mark								
			fewer pre-molars / different number of pre-molars in upper and lower jaw less premolars in its lower jaw fewer molars ;								
		(ii)	no need to ref to dias allows sep efficient c horny pac	no need to, immobilise prey / tear off flesh / kill prey; ref to diastema / gap between teeth / more space to mix food; allows separation of cud from (freshly cropped) grass; efficient chewing of plant food; horny pad to crop of grass;							
	(b)		carnassial; sharp, edges <i>or</i> cusps <i>or</i> crowns <i>or</i> points, for piercing / tearing; stop bones (of prey) moving; high pressure on a small point; ref to shearing / scissors action / slicing past each other; <b>R</b> grinding / sawing / chewing cracking / crunching bones; <b>R</b> grinding or chewing cut meat in (small) pieces (for swallowing); (completely) covered in enamel, therefore hard; <b>R</b> refs. to roots of teeth								
	(c)		assume s villi; lack of (ga no crypts microvilli no, oxynti <b>R</b> r	tatements refer to ileum unles astric) pits; (of Lieberkuhn); / brush border; c / parietal / chief / HCI-secret nucus secreting cells / goblet	ting cells; cells	ise	max 2				
	(d)		<i>award two</i> <u>55 (</u> mm) 100	o marks if correct answer (25) = 0.55 (mm) ;	is given						
			$\frac{0.55}{0.022} = 1$	25 (hours) ;			2				

- (e) folded surface membrane / microvilli / brush border; R villi 1
  - 2 (gives) large surface area;
  - 3 (allows) high rate of;
  - facilitated diffusion; 4
  - (protein) channels / pores / carriers / pumps; 5
  - for, polar molecules / glucose / amino acids; 6
  - 7 non-polar molecules / fat soluble molecules / fatty acids / monoglycerides / glycerol;
  - 8 diffuse / pass through, phospholipid (bilayer) of surface membrane;
  - 9 many mitochondria;
  - 10 supply ATP;
  - 11 active uptake;
  - **12** ref. to co-transport of, glucose / amino acids, with sodium ions;
  - 13 pinocytosis / endocytosis / described;
  - **14** fatty acids + glycerol to triglycerides in smooth ER;
  - **15** Golgi body, produces chylomicrons / coated by proteins;
  - **16** AVP; e.g. hydrolysis in brush border / glycocalyx
  - **17** AVP;

#### max 7

QWC – clear, well organised answer, using specialist terms 1

[Total: 19]

Mark S Page 9 of 1	cheme 0	Unit Code 2805/05	Session January	<b>Year</b> 2004	Ve F	<b>rsion</b> inal		
Question	Expected	Answers				Marks		
5 (a)	inherited / genetic / inborn; no, learning / practice needed; instinctive; (often) stereotyped / shown by all members of same species; <b>R</b> hard wired / pre-set / 'not taught'							
(b)	trial and el a chance ( rat <u>learns</u> associated	rror; (correct) response becomes n to carry out a, behaviour / res d with a, <u>reward</u> / <u>food</u> ;	nore common / / ponse;	AW;		max 2		
(c)	<ul> <li>rats learn at faster rate if given more food;</li> <li>by day, 12 /13, all rats respond equally successfully (despite amount of food given);</li> <li>rats given one pellet learn more slowly;</li> <li>use of data for number of pellets;</li> <li>no difference between 0 and 5 second delay in receiving food;</li> <li>delaying food, by 30 seconds / 'long' time, slows learning;</li> <li>use of data for delay in receiving pellets;</li> </ul>							
(d)	controlled fasting of r <u>type</u> of foc age of rats variety of r gender of (environme (environme random al AVP; e.g.	diet (outside of test runs); rats, before each trial / betwee od (as reward); rats; rats; ental) temperature; ental) light intensity; ental noise; location of each rat to one of f only use rats not previously t use of a clean maze for each	en trials; <b>A</b> 'hung the groups; tested in 'T –ma trial	gry rats' ze'		max 2		
(e)	idea of a random / chance correct response / 50% probability / chance of correct response; variation about mean; measure of significance;							
				[	Total:	13]		

Mark Scheme Page 10 of 10				Unit CodeSessionYear2805/05January2004				Version Final				
Question Expected			Expected	Answers					Marks			
6	(a)	(i)	<ul> <li>(i) two of actin tropomyosin troponin ; R myosin</li> </ul>						1			
		(ii)	from Z line	from Z line to Z line;								
		(iii)	wide <b>H</b> zon wide I ban little overla ref to leng	wide <b>H</b> zone; wide <b>I</b> band; little overlap of filaments / AW; ref to length of sarcomere (may be annotated on Fig. 6.1);								
	(b)		calcium io in presence less / no, o binding sit no binding effect of h effect on r		max 5							
	(c)	(i)	E – hyalin		1							
		(ii)	F - compa	F - compact;								
	(d)		calcium ph		1							
	(e)		osteoclast		1							
	(f)		increased reduced m increased Dowager's AVP; AVP;	increased fractures / brittle bones; reduced mobility; increased pain; Dowager's hump; AVP; e.g. take named supplements AVP; advised to take, oestrogen / HRT								
								[Total:	15]			