

Mark Scheme (Results)

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Pearson Edexcel
Advanced Subsidiary in Biology
(8BI0) Paper 02
Core Physiology and Ecology

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General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Mark schemes will indicate within the table where, and which strands of QWC, are being assessed. The strands are as follows:
 - i) ensure that text is legible, and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear
 - ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter
 - iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.

Using the Mark Scheme

Examiners should look for qualities to reward rather than faults to penalise. This does NOT mean giving credit for incorrect or inadequate answers, but it does mean allowing candidates to be rewarded for answers showing correct application of principles and knowledge. Examiners should therefore read carefully and consider every response: even if it is not what is expected it may be worthy of credit.

The mark scheme gives examiners:

- an idea of the types of response expected
- how individual marks are to be awarded
- the total mark for each question
- examples of responses that should NOT receive credit.

/ means that the responses are alternatives and either answer should receive full credit.

() means that a phrase/word is not essential for the award of the mark, but helps the examiner to get the sense of the expected answer. Phrases/words in **bold** indicate that the <u>meaning</u> of the phrase or the actual word is **essential** to the answer.

ecf/TE/cq (error carried forward) means that a wrong answer given in an earlier part of a question is used correctly in answer to a later part of the same question.

Candidates must make their meaning clear to the examiner to gain the mark. Make sure that the answer makes sense. Do not give credit for correct words/phrases which are put together in a meaningless manner. Answers must be in the correct context.

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
1(a)	A calculation which shows:	One mark for correct measurement allow 63 mm or 6.3 cm	
	measurement of diameter		
	 conversion of measurement to μm and division of diagram 	Example of calculation	
	size by actual size	63 ×1000	
	• 8750 – 8800 (2)	63000÷7.20 = 8750, accept 8800 to 2 sig fig	
		Correct answer with no working gains full	
		marks	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
1(b)(i)	A calculation which shows:	Example of calculation	
	correct substitution of values into formula (1)	4/3 ×3.142 x (3.6×3.6 ×3.6)	
	calculation of volume (1)	4/3 × 3.14 × 46.656	
		Allow 1 mark for $4/3 \times \pi \times 46.656$	
	= 195.3 μm³ to 195.5 μm³ (2)	Or 1 mark for 4/3 x 3.142 x 46.656	
		= 195.33 μm ³	
		4/3 × 3.143 × 46.656	
		$= 195.52 \mu \text{m}^3$	
		Lots of answers 195.43	
		Correct answer with no working gains full	
		marks	(2)

Question	Answer	Additional	Mark
Number		guidance	

1(b)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points:		
	lower volume (for same diameter) / flatter / stacked so (more) can fit through (small) capillaries (1)	Smaller so can fit	
	 higher surface area (/ vol ratio) of red cell so faster / greater / more absorption / diffusion (of oxygen / carbon dioxide / gases) (1) 	through capillaries	
		absorption /diffusion/ not just transport /	
	due to biconcave nature of red cell (curving inwards) (1)	carriage	
	• contains heamoglobin (so more able) to absorb / combine / bind with oxygen / carbon dioxide as (carbaminohaemoglobin or as HCO ₃ ⁻ ions) (1)		
			(3)

(Total for Question 1 = 7 marks)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			

2 (a)	A description that makes reference to the following:		
	 ethical reasons for maintaining biodiversity (1) economic reasons for maintaining biodiversity (1) 	example of ethical reason such as denying future generations the opportunity to use renewable resources/ genetic resources/ aesthetic/ maintain gene pool	
		example of ecosystem services: provisioning services such as food clothing, fuel, medicines, building materials / regulating services / removal of toxins supporting services / soil formaton / nutrient recycling / cultural services tourism /	
		allow maintain healthy ecosystem / prevent extinction	
		(accept two ethical or two economic reason)	(2)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
2(b)(i)	An answer that includes	Example of calculation	
	calculation of numerator	30 x 29 = 870	
CLIP with	calculation of denominator	870 scores 1 mark	
<mark>2b(ii)</mark>	correct calculation of D	(30 +42+20+56+12)= 160	
		870 ÷ 160	
		÷ 160 scores one mark	
		D = 5.44 D = 5.4375	
		Correct answer with no working gains full marks	
			(3)

Question	Answer		Mark
Number			
2(b)(ii)	An answer that makes reference to three of the following points:		
CLIP with 2b(i)	 same number of different species in region A and B (1) more species evenness / similar relative species abundance in region B (1) as numbers of each species almost equal (1) (shown by) D value higher in region B / B more diverse (1) 	allow species richness same allow converse for mp 2 3 4	(3)

(Total for Question 2 = 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
3(a)	The only correct answer is	
	C smallest fragment of DNA that travelled the fastest	
	A is not correct because it is not the largest fragment of DNA	
	B is not correct because it is not the largest fragment of DNA	
	D is not correct because smallest fragment of DNA does not travel the slowest	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
3(b)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following points:		
	• species C (is the most closely related) (1)	allow converse for least related	
	 as the bands of DNA on the gel most closely match / align with / same pattern (1) 		
	 species C has 5 bands in same location (1) 		
	 species B has 2 bands and species D has 3 bands (1) 		(3)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
3(c)	A description that makes reference to four of the following:		
	 using information about similar morphology / anatomy (1) using information about reproduction such as the fertility of hybrids / mate recognition and behaviour (1) 	allow reference to sexual dimorphism noting that some species male and female have very different morphology	
	 using information about the similarity in proteins / molecular phylogeny (1) 		
	 looking at information about ecological niche and where species are found (1) use of bioinformatics / sequence DNA / sequence amino acid/ 	allow look up in genetic databases	
	use genetic barcodes (1)		(4)

(Total for Question 3 = 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
4 (a)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:	
	 if women smoked they would inhale smoke / would have effects of their own smoking / Co comes from their smoking (1) 	
	 so could not attribute changes in babies to effects of passive / separate effect of passive smoking / would not show only the effects of passive smoking / effects of passive smoking would be negligible / masked by own smoking (1) 	
		(2)

O .:	
Question	Indicative content
Number	
4(b)	Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.
	The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.
	Uses data from table
	reference to differences between groups
	(significant) difference in birth weight with higher mean for group not exposed to PS
	(significant) difference in birth length with higher mean for group not exposed to PS
	but no little difference / similarity in
	but no significant / less difference in head circumference
	but no / little difference in apgar scores as much more variation within groups/ higher SD
	Comments upon validity / problems with data from table

- large study so small differences may be significant
- no information upon age / health / mass of mother
- no information about how much exposure to PS
- unclear pattern as some measures not affected no sig difference

Uses information about effects of CO on haemoglobin

- CO levels many times higher in smokers so also in PS group
- as CO absorbed into blood
- attaches to Haemoglobin less oxygen carried
- oxygen not dissociated or given up in tissues

Effects on baby

- less oxygen available for respiration
- less energy for growth
- so smaller size

Comments upon problems with information on CO

- no direct physiological measures / oxygen CO levels on mother / baby
- no information on effects of substances in PS
- no information on persistence of CO in mother's or baby's blood

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No awardable content
1	1-2	The explanation will contain basic information with some attempt made to link knowledge and understanding to the given context. Gives one difference or similarity between groups from data in table or effect of CO = 1 Gives one difference or similarity between groups from data in table and one effect of CO = 2 or Gives two difference or similarity between groups from data or two effects of CO = 2
2	3-4	An explanation will be given with occasional evidence of analysis, interpretation and / or evaluation of the scientific information. The explanation shows some linkages and lines of scientific reasoning with some structure. and one effect on baby = 3 and two effects on baby = 4
3	5-6	An explanation is given which is supported throughout by evidence from the analysis, interpretation and/or evaluation of the scientific information. and one comment on validity of data or problem with CO information = 5 and one comment on validity of data and problem with CO information = 6

Total for Question 4 = 8 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(a)(i)	The only correct answer is	
	C facilitated diffusion	
	A is not correct because it does not enter via active transport	
	B is not correct because it does not enter via diffusion	
	D is not correct because it does not enter via osmosis	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is	
	D 1, 2 and 3	
	A is not correct because statement 1 2 and 3 are correct	
	B is not correct because statement 1 2 and 3 are correct	
	C is not correct because statement 1 2 and 3 are correct	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
5(a)(iii)	The only correct answer is	
	B a form of active transport in which large particles move out of cells	
	A is not correct because it is not transport into cells	
	C is not correct because it is not passive transport	
	D is not correct because it does not passive transport into cells	(1)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
5(b)(i)	An explanation that makes reference to the following:	
	 60 °C as it shows the greatest range of absorbance / allow calculation of range (1) 60 °C as it has the highest standard deviation (2) 	
		(2)

Questio	on Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Numbe	r		

5(b)(ii)	A calculation that shows:	example calculation	
	calculation of numerator	allow 1 mark for divide by 7	
	divide by 7	allow two marks for 0.000343	
	calculation of s	0.01852	
	0.01852 or 0.0185 or 0.02 scores 3	Allow full marks for correct answer with no working	
			(3)
Question Number	Answer		Mark
5(b)(iii)	An explanation that makes reference to three of the following:		
	• as temperature increases the membrane permeability increases gradually then greater after 50° C (1)		
	(gradually at first) due to increased <u>kinetic energy of pigment</u> molecules (1)		
	as temperature increases the <u>fluidity</u> of membrane increases due to movement of <u>phospholipids</u> / reduced bonding attraction between <u>phospholipids</u> (1)		
	• (greatest increase above 50°C) as then the proteins in cell membrane s molecules escape (1)	start to denature and (more) pigment	
			(3)

(Total for Question 5 = 11 marks)

Question Number	Answer	Mark
6(a) (i)	potometer (1)	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6 (a)(ii)	An explanation that makes reference to a pair of the following:	
	• cut shoot (at an angle) under water (1)	(2)

•	so that no air enters xylem (1)	
or		
•	ensure no air is left in capillary tube	
•	so that bubble can move (1)	
or		
•	seal using petroleum jelly (1)	
•	so that no air leaks into system / make airtight (1)	
or		
•	move the air bubble to the zero / record the starting position of the air bubble (1)	
•	so that water lost can be accurately measured (1)	

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6 (a)(iii)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following:	
	• not all water taken up by shoot is lost in transpiration / may absorb more water than it transpires (1)	
	• because some used in photosynthesis / some used in cell expansion / elongation / keep cells turgid (1)	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6 (b)	An answer that makes reference to two of the following:	
	 removing half of the leaves (1) 	(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6 (c)(i)		
	• by putting (transparent) plastic bag / use humidifier / water spray / fan / hairdryer (1)	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6 (c)(ii)			
	 change the temperature of the room or use a heater 	Not water bath or heat lamp or oven	
	(without affecting other variables) (1)		(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
6(c)(iii)	A description that makes reference to the following:	Allow	
	use syringe to deliver (known) volume of water (1)	note volume of water required (1)	
	note how much bubble moves in mm (on scale) (1)	to move bubble certain distance (1)	
			(2)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
6(d)	An explanation that makes reference to two of the following points:	
	 increased humidity increases the amount of water (molecules) in the air surrounding stomata (1) so reduces diffusion gradient / concentration gradient (of water molecules) (1) 	
	 so less water loss / transpiration/ less diffusion therefore less water uptake (1) 	(2)

(Total for Question 6 = 13 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7 (a)(i)		
	separate oxygenated blood from deoxygenated / left side generates a higher pressure for systemic circulation	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7 (a)(ii)		
	 ventricles have to generate more pressure / pump blood all around body or to the lungs whilst atria collect blood from body / lungs and pump it into ventricles 	
		(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(b)(i)	The only correct answer is	
	A P is the vena cava	
	B is not correct as Q is pulmonary artery	
	C is not correct because R is the aorta	
	C is not correct because it is the dorta	
	D is not correct because S is the pulmonary vein.	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
7(b)(ii)	The only correct answer is	
	B Y closed and Z open	
	A is not correct as Z is not closed	
	C is not correct as Y is not open	
	D is not correct as Y is not open	(1)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(c)	A description that makes reference to three of the following:		
	 R / aorta thicker (walls) (1) R / aorta has a narrower / smaller lumen (1) 	allow converse for descriptions of S pulmonary vein. Thicker muscular walls scores mp 1 and 3	
	R / aorta contains more muscle / elastic tissue (1)	allow R more elastic / elasticity	
	R / aorta contains (semi lunar) valves (1)		(3)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(d) (i)	An answer that makes reference to four from:		
	similarities		
	both have hearts (1)both have valves (1)		
	 differences mammals closed system /_has blood vessels (1) mammal have a separate pulmonary circulation system (in insects, exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide occurs in the tracheal system) (1) mammal is a double circulatory system and insect is single (1) 	accept converse for insect	
	indiminal is a double ellediatory system and insect is single (1)		(4)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
7(d)(ii)	An answer that includes two of the following points:	https://genent.cals.ncsu.edu/bug- bytes/nutrition/	
	• glucose / amino acids / proteins / mineral ions / lipids / hormones (2)	allow named carbohydrate / named amino acid / named mineral ion	
			(2)

(Total for question 7 = 13 marks)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(a)(i)	The only correct answer is	
	B Chordata	
	A is not correct as Animalia is not a phylum P	
	C is not correct as Eukarya is not a phylum	
	D is not correct as Vertebrata is not a phylum	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(a)(ii)	The only correct answer is	
	C Ptilonorhynchus	
	A is not correct as aves is not a genus	
	B is not correct as bower is not a genus	
	D is not correct as <i>violaceus</i> is not a genus	(1)

Question	Answer	Mark
Number		
8(b)(i)	An description that makes reference to the following points :	
	 enables female to judge fitness of male bird (1) ensures that correct sex / female is courted / mated (1) ensures that the correct species is courted / mated (1) 	
		(2)

Question	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
Number			
8(b)(ii)	An explanation makes reference to four of the following:		
	(variation in) bower building caused by mutation (1)		
	 males / birds that build (larger bower) attract (more) females / birds that build (more colourful) bower attract (more) females (1) 		
	so more likely to mate / reproduce (1)	allow produce offspring	
	 therefore pass on <u>alleles / genes</u> (to offspring) (1) 		
	 females who mate with successful bower birds more likely to produce offspring (1) 		(4)

Question Number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
8(b)(iii)	An answer that makes reference to four of the following:		
	change the colour of feathers or objects (1)		
	 control size / shape / location of bower / size or shape of objects / time of day / season (1) 		
	• control presence / absence of male / use same male / use model male bird (1)		
	count how many female birds visit bower (1)	allow idea of females choosing from	
	in stated time (1)	selection of bowers	
	repeat in different areas / repeat with different females (1)		
			(4)

(Total for question 8 = 12 marks)