UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

GCE Advanced Subsidiary Level and GCE Advanced Level

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

9700 BIOLOGY

9700/22

Paper 2 (AS Structured Questions), maximum raw mark 60

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2011 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.

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Mark scheme abbreviations:

; separates marking points

I alternative answers for the same point

R reject

A accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)

AW alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)

<u>underline</u> actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants excepted)

max indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given

ora or reverse argument

mp marking point (with relevant number)

ecf error carried forward

I ignore

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1 (a) A = anaphase;
B = prophase;
C = metaphase;
[3]

(b) ref. newly formed / daughter cells (following, telophase / mitosis); cells, entering / at early interphase; cells, at synthesis stage / making proteins; cells growing (to, mature/normal, size) or cells not grown to, mature / normal, size; AW R not elongated [max 1]

(c) any 2 relevant e.g. cells metabolically active / AW; protein synthesis; transcription; translation; gene expression; DNA / semi-conservative, replication; respiration; synthesising, organelles / named organelle(s); e.g. A centrioles replicate synthesising, macromolecules / named macromolecule;

[max 2]

[Total: 6]

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(a) (i) habitat = 2 ecosystem = abiotic component = ecological niche = population = community = [max 4]

(b) seaweed = (primary) producer ; A first (trophic level)

crab / C. maenas secondary consumer A 2° consumer A third (trophic level)	
	secondary consumer A 2° consumer

max 3 for energy losses

energy losses in respiration;

heat loss, qualified; e.g. heat loss, from digestion / movement / metabolism

heat loss in respiration = 1 mark

indigestible parts; A named, e.g. cellulose

inedible parts;

excretion; $\mbox{\bf A}$ named excretory products egestion; $\mbox{\bf I}$ waste

death, not eaten;

[max 4]

[Total: 8]

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}	(a)	3 4	mem no r trans bicol (of o	Il size / 6-8 μ m (diameter), to squeeze through capillar II size / 6-8 μ m (diameter), so, haemoglobin (molecules obrane) / reduces distance for diffusion (in / out of rbc) nucleus / lack of organelles, so more room for hasported); R more room for oxygen ncave shape / diagram drawn, increases surface area xygen); ble / AW (membrane), to squeeze through capillaries in the squeeze through capi	s) near to surfact; eemoglobin (so for, diffusion / u	more oxyge
	(b)	3 4	no, r no <u>m</u> * A n no, F no m	mes are proteins, protein synthesis does not occur; nucleus / DNA / genes, so no, transcription / mRNA; nRNA, so no, translation / protein synthesis; o nucleus, so no protein synthesis for one mark RER / ribosomes, site of protein synthesis / AW; nitochondria, insufficient ATP (for synthesis); RER for modification (of protein); A Golgi apparatus	*	[max
	(c)	(i)	iron	; A Fe ²⁺ / Fe ³⁺ / ferrous / ferric		I
	()			no acids / peptides ;		
	(d)	carl	<u>bonic</u>	anhydrase;		Ī
	(e)	1 2	_	sion of, carbon dioxide / CO ₂ ; red blood cell from correct source ;		
		3 4		cription of <u>carbonic acid</u> formation followed by H ⁺ producarbonic anhydrase) fast reaction; A ecf from (d)	iction;	
		5 6	A ha acce ref. t	moglobin has a higher affinity for hydrogen ions than one nemoglobin releases oxygen more easily in acidic conc ept idea of H ⁺ binding to haemoglobin bringing out oxygen, allosteric effect / change in tertiary structure / AW, hase / AW, of oxygen;	litions gen release	lobin, cause
		7	form	ation of haemoglobinic acid; must refer to, H+ binding	/ decreased pH	
		0	f L	sigher partial pressures / ANA CO linked to (avv)been	aaalabin ralaasi	

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10 chloride shift, qualified;

oxygen / oxygen more readily; Bohr shift

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e.g. as hydrogen carbonate ions move out of cell, chloride ions move in e.g. to maintain, electroneutrality / a balance of charge / ions; [max 5]

ref. higher partial pressures / AW, CO₂, linked to (oxy)haemoglobin releasing,

formation of <u>carbamino-haemoglobin</u>; R carboxyhaemoglobin

[Total: 13]

more

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(a) Mycobacterium, tuberculosis / bovis;

1

(b) (i) 2 marks for correct answer

x 30 000 ;;

(image length = 60 mm) 60 000μ m / 2μ m **A** 59 / 61 mm (29 500 / 30 500)

1 mark if incorrect answer e.g. not converted correctly, but measurement and method correct

(ii) any 3 relevant e.g.

DNA not surrounded by, nuclear, envelope / membrane; AW

A no (true) nucleus

circular DNA; A loop

DNA not complexed with histone proteins; A naked DNA

(only) 70S / smaller / 18nm, ribosomes; A ribosomes not attached to membranes

no double membrane-bound organelles; A no, mitochondria / chloroplasts

absence of named organelle; e.g. Golgi apparatus, ER / RER / SER

if previous mp not given, A no membrane-bound organelles

capsule / slime layer;

very small diameter / 0.5 to 5.0µm;

cell wall of, murein / peptidoglycan;

examples of other relevant points

pili / pilus ;

no 9+2 microtubule arrangement;

flagellum not covered by cell surface membrane;

presence of plasmids;

[max 3]

(c) (i) any 1 relevant e.g.

ref. (BCG) vaccine / vaccination programme;

improvements in housing conditions / less overcrowding (housing) / better ventilated homes; R better standards of living unqualified

earlier detection / mass, chest X-ray / screening; i.e. in preventing spread

improvements in diet (leading to better immune system) / AW;

improved awareness of, transmission / AW; R better education unqualified

contact tracing / explained;

ref. testing / treating, cattle / milk;

[max 1]

(ii) any 3 relevant e.g.

development of antibiotic resistance (by organism); A drug resistance

R immunity

ref. impact of HIV infection;

higher rate of immigration from countries with high incidence / AW;

increase in tourism to countries with high incidence;

reduced surveillance leading to undetected cases (and hence spread);

(detected cases, MDR) unwillingness / AW, to maintain drug regimen / AW;

ref. to vaccination programmes no longer taking place;

ref. to poor / overcrowded, housing (in cities) / AW; must be in context of developed countries [max 3]

	(d)	(i)	binding of tRNA prevented; (so) no anticodon-codon binding; peptide bond formation prevented; mRNA attachment prevented; inhibition of enzymes involved in translation; ribosome movement along mRNA, hindered / prevented; inhibits association of large and small subunits / AW;	[max 2]
		(ii)	mammalian cell cell surface membrane impermeable; degraded, before entry into / within, the cell; broken down by enzymes; eukaryotic / 80S (22nm) / larger / different, ribosomes / ribosome structure;	[max 1]
			,,	[Total: 13]
				[Total. 15]
5	(a)	B =	glycerol ; ester bond ; I covalent fatty acid <i>or</i> hydrocarbon, chain / tail ;	[3]
	(b)	(i)	2, fatty acid / hydrocarbon, chain / tails; (third fatty acid replaced by a) phosphate group; AVP; (most) contain, nitrogen / choline (attached to phosphate in, head / polarise).	ar portion) ; [max 2]
		(ii)	can form a bilayer; link between, hydrophobic core / AW, and barrier to water-soluble substances / ionic idea of, hydrophilic / phosphate, head, forming H bonds with water; A facing, water / watery environment / aqueous environment / cytoplasm /	tosol
			acids, more fluid ref. to control over membrane protein orientation; e.g. hydrophobic – h interaction for 'floating' proteins	nydrophobic [max 3]
	(c)	opt	imum pH or pH at which, lipase / enzyme, works best ;	[1]

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(d) (i) pH, decreases / AW, over time;

steep decrease / high rate, in first 5 minutes; **A** faster less steep decrease / levels out, correct time ref; **A** slower correct, manipulation of data / comparative data quote (ref. to both axes); e.g. pH 8-7.3 from 0-5 min pH 7.3-6.45 from, 50 / 60, min

[2]

(ii) triglyceride / oil, hydrolysed / broken down / digested, to produce (fatty) acids; increasing, acids / H⁺ / hydrogen ions, decreases / AW, pH;

accept, triglyceride / lipid, for substrate throughout

steep decrease

ref. enzyme has high initial turnover rate or high rate of, collision between enzyme and substrate / ES complex formation;

(because initially) high concentration of, substrate / triglyceride;

less steep / levelling / plateau,

substrate, being used up / used up / limiting;

active sites available *or* fewer enzyme substrate collisions / fewer ES complexes formed; ref. presence of hydrogen ions, partial denaturation (less steep) / denaturation (plateau); **A** description of denaturation [4]

[Total: 15]

6 (a) ref. to coronary arteries; in correct context

makes platelets sticky, so causing blood to clot;

increases risk of thrombosis in, coronary arteries / arteries to heart (muscle);

leading to plaque / atheroma / atherosclerosis / AW;

increases heart rate;

increased blood pressure;

damage to, tunica intima / endothelium /endothelial lining / arterial lining;

[max 4]

(b) any one valid statement for 1 mark

agree

less addicted to smoking cigarettes so fewer smoked;

fewer smoked, so reduced risk of smoking-related diseases; **A** named disease fewer smoked so reduced risk from, (effects of) tar / carbon monoxide;

disagree as people may smoke more

may smoke more to, increase their nicotine levels / satisfy need for nicotine / AW; more smoked, so increased risk of smoking-related diseases; A named disease may smoke more so increased risk from, (effects of) tar / carbon monoxide;

AVP; for either agree or disagree

e.g. disagree as may still smoke and there are still other carcinogenic chemicals such as tar [max 1]

[Total: 5]