Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Examination June 2012

## **Travel and Tourism**

**TT01** 

Unit 1 Inside Travel and Tourism

Tuesday 15 May 2012 9.00 am to 11.00 am

You will need no other materials.	
You may use a calculator.	

#### Time allowed

2 hours

#### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.
- In question 5(b) you will be marked on your ability to:
  - use an appropriate form and style of writing
  - organise relevant information clearly and coherently
  - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

The legibility of your handwriting and the accuracy of your spelling, punctuation and grammar will also be considered in this question.

For Exam	iner's Use
Examine	r's Initials
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
TOTAL	



G/K72524 6/6/6/6 **TTO1** 

Answer all questions in the spaces provide	Answer all	questions	in the	spaces	provided
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1 Study **Figure 1**, which shows how the proportion of package-based and of independently arranged holidays from the UK has changed over time.

Figure 1

	Total number of overseas holidays from the UK (million)	Proportion of overseas holidays from the UK that were package-based (%)	Proportion of overseas holidays from the UK that were arranged independently (%)
1974	Not available	58	42
1980	11.7	61	39
1987	19.7	64	36
1995	27.8	55	45
2002	39.9	52	48
2007	45.4	41	59
2009	38.5	38	62

**1 (a)** Which recognised travel and tourism term describes overseas holidays taken by UK residents? Draw a circle round the correct term.

	domestic	inbound	outbound	
				(1 mark)
1 (b)	Which phrase describes the cha UK between 1980 and 2009? To	•	-	s from the
	Remains constant			
	Rises steadily, then falls sharply			
	Rises steeply, then more gently			
				(1 mark)



1 (c)	Give a recognised travel and tourism term which describes arranging a complete holiday independently.
	(1 mark)
1 (d)	Referring to <b>Figure 1</b> , describe how the proportion of overseas holidays from the UK that were package-based has changed since the 1970s.
	(2 marks)
1 (e)	Suggest reasons for the changes that you described in 1(d).
	(6 marks)
	Extra space



2 Visitor attractions are owned and managed by three kinds of organisation. These are:

Private Public Voluntary

and may be of four different types:

Natural Purpose-built Historic Event.

**2 (a)** Using the correct terms from above, complete the following table.

Name of UK Visitor Attraction	Owned and managed by organisations that are	Type of visitor attraction
Buckingham Palace, London		
Cadbury World, Birmingham		
The Farne Islands† (National Trust)		
The annual Glastonbury Festival		

† A cluster of rocky islands off the Northumberland coast where tourists go to see the puffins and seals. (8 marks)



2 (b)	Choose one UK visitor attraction from the table in 2(a).
	Discuss whether a visit to your chosen UK visitor attraction can be described as:
	(i) intangible
	(ii) non-standardised.
	(2 x 3 = 6 marks)

Turn over for the next question



3 Study **Figure 2**, which shows scenes from holiday camps sixty years ago.

### Figure 2



Meals



Games and races



Knobbly knees competition



Chalets

	plain how <b>and</b> why holiday camps have changed over the last sixty years.
_	
Ex	tra space



a)	Study Figure 3, which shows	a range of tourist accommod	ation types.
		Figure 3	
	holiday apartment	city-centre hotel	B & B
	timeshare	caravan	narrowboat
	INN	second home	farm cottage
	youth hostel	guesthouse	campsite
	From <b>Figure 3</b> , identify <b>one</b> ex	xample of serviced accommo	dation.
			(1 mark)
	Describe the range of services	s that customers may receive	
	accommodation.	s that edistomers may receive	in different types of serviced
			(6 marks)
	Extra space		



(c)	Assess the benefits for different types of holiday-maker of taking a holiday in 'unserviced' accommodation.
	(6 mark
	Extra space
	Question 4 continues on the next page



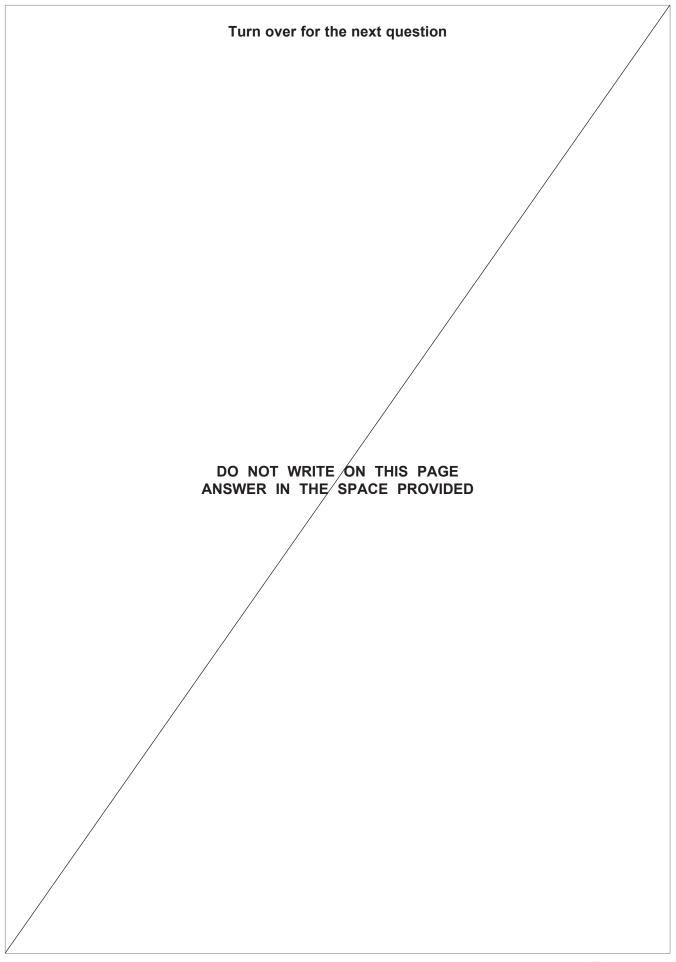
**4 (d)** Study **Figure 4**, which is a sign showing that the accommodation is registered with a UK tourist board.

Figure 4





17





**Figure 5** is a sketch map and photographs of East Africa showing popular safari destinations and some information about what visitors can see.

Figure 5 **UGANDA KENYA** Migration of wildebeest and zebra. Leopards and lions. Kampala Bwindi Rainforest. Masai tribesmen offer National Masai Mara Mountain gorillas. cultural tours. Park National Lake Reserve Nairobi Victoria Serengeti National Park Ngorongoro Indian Crater Ocean Migration of millions of **TANZANIA** wildebeest and zebra. Easy to police, so a stronghold for endangered species such Local people still live within • Dodoma Dar es Salaam the conservation area. as black rhino and cheetah.







Impact of tourism	Example
A positive economic impact	
A negative environmental impact	
A positive environmental impact	
A negative socio-cultural impact	
a sustainable way so that ability of future generations	irism industry in Africa might be developed and managit meets "the needs of the present without compromisis to meet their own needs."  ontinuous prose. The quality of written communication



(10 mark	
(10 mark	
(10 mark	
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(10 mari	
(10 mari	
Extra space	
	Extra space



6	Travel agents are retailers selling holidays on behalf of another type of organisation.		
6 (a)	Name the type of organisation that provides holidays for travel agents to sell.		
	(1 mark)		
6 (b)	Besides holidays, travel agents sell other products and services. These are provided by <i>principals</i> .		
	Give <b>three</b> examples ( <b>other than</b> the providers of holidays) of the <i>principals</i> providing products and services sold by travel agents.		
	1		
	2		
	3(3 marks)		
6 (c)	Explain why it is important <b>for travel agents</b> that they sell other products and services.		
	(6 marks)		
	Extra space		





7	Figure 6 shows a the UK.	range of poss	ible travel opti	ons for over	seas tourists while visiting
			Figure 6		
			ferry		
		coach		taxi	
		train	organised o	coach tour	
		hire car	priv	ate car	
		Till e cal	рпу	ate cai	
		b	udget flight		
7 (a)	Discuss appropriat the UK.	e travel optior	ns for overseas	s visitors du	ring a touring holiday in



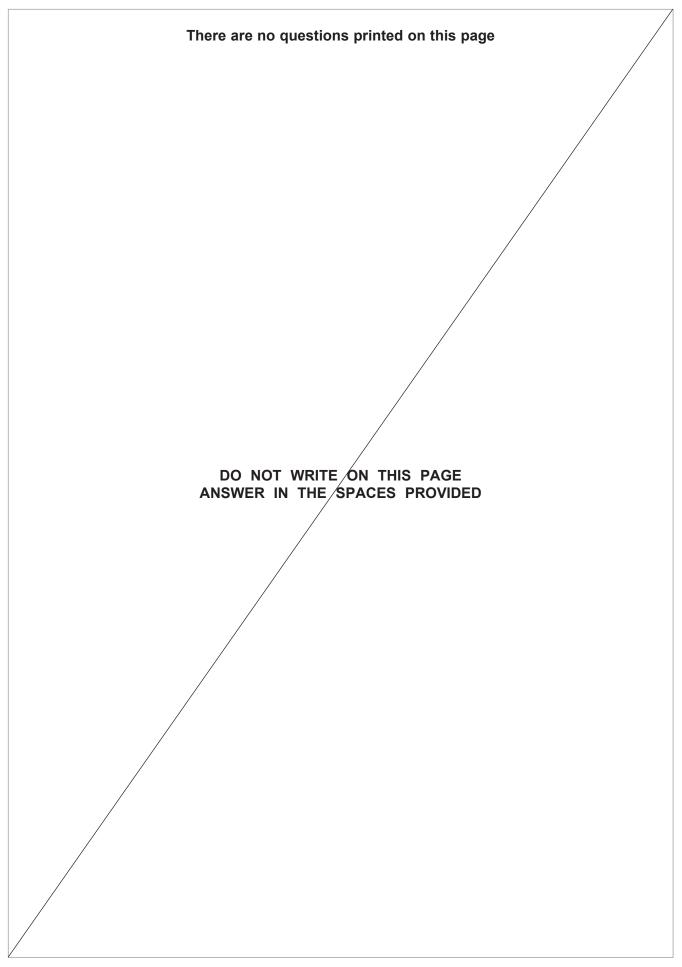
(10 marks)
Extra space
Question 7 continues on the next page



7 (b)	Explain why travel providers devote substantial resources to managing health and safety.
	(6 marks)
	Extra space

#### **END OF QUESTIONS**







# There are no questions printed on this page DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF COPYRIGHT-HOLDERS AND PUBLISHERS Figure 1 Travel Trends www.statistics.gov.uk. Contains public sector information licensed under the Open Government Licence v 1.0 Figure 2 Getty Images - Charles Hewitt/Stringer, Grace Robertson, Felix Man/Stringer, SSPL Figure 4 www.visitengland.org Figure 5 Photos Getty Images – Eric Horan, Hugh Sitton, Glowimages Quote from Report of the World Commission on Environment and Development, United Nations Page 13 Copyright © 2012 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.

