Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					



General Certificate of Education Advanced Level Examination June 2010

Applied Science

SC14

Unit 14 The Healthy Body

Thursday 17 June 2010 1.30 pm to 3.00 pm

For this paper you must have:

- a pencil and a ruler
- a calculator.

Time allowed

• 1 hour 30 minutes

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.
- Show the working of your calculations.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You will be marked on your ability to
 - use good English
 - organise information clearly
 - use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.

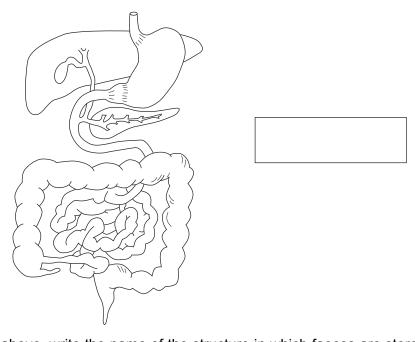
For Exam	iner's Use
Examine	r's Initials
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
TOTAL	



Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

A student visited her local health centre complaining of abdominal pain. After examining the student, a doctor decided that her problem was caused by constipation. This is a condition in which the faeces become unusually dry and hard, and are then difficult to move down the gut and out of the body.

The human digestive system



1	(a) (I)	removal from the body.	etore their
		Draw a line from the box to the structure you have named.	(2 marks)
1	(a) (ii)	What happens to the material in the gut as it passes through the large intesting	ie?
			(2 marks)
1	(b) (i)	Describe how muscles work to move food along the gut.	
			(2 marks)



1	(b) (ii)	Fibre is mostly cellulose, an insoluble material found in plants. The human body cannot digest cellulose. Cellulose can absorb a significant amount of water. Suggest why foods that have a high fibre content make it easier for the muscles of the digestive system to function properly.
		(2 marks)
1	(c)	The doctor advised the student to make two significant changes to her diet in order to prevent the constipation from recurring.
		Suggest what these two changes would have been.
		1
		2
		(2 marks)
1	(d)	Vegans, whose diet contains no foods of animal origin at all, rarely suffer from constipation, but may have other difficulties maintaining a healthy diet.
		Suggest what two of these difficulties are likely to be.
		1
		2
		(2 marks)

Turn over for the next question



2		An aid worker in a refugee camp needed to monitor the levels of various vitamins in the refugees. This was to help supply the refugees with dietary supplements in the correct amounts to keep them healthy.
2	(a) (i)	Describe how the level of vitamin D in a person may be detected.
		(2 marks)
2	(a) (ii)	State a value that could have been obtained if the test result was within the normal range for the level of vitamin D.
		(1 mark)
2	(b) (i)	The aid worker found that vitamin D deficiency was more common in people whose clothing covered almost all of their bodies. Explain this observation.
		(2 marks)
2	(b) (ii)	Many of the children in the refugee camp showed symptoms of prolonged vitamin D deficiency.
		Describe the symptoms of vitamin D deficiency.
		(1 mark)



2	(b) (iii)	Explain how a shortage of vitamin D in the diet would cause these symptoms.		
		(2 marks)	Г	
			-	8
			L	
		Turn over for the next question		



3		A student care worker had been learning about the importance of good nutrit elderly residents of a care home.	ion for the
3	(a)	A menu for an evening meal offered pork sausages, canned baked beans and The student decided that this menu should be replaced with a menu offering green salad and wholemeal bread. The two meals had the same total energy	sardines, a
		By considering the proportions of the various food groups in the two meals, ethe changes suggested by the student would be beneficial to the residents of home.	•
		You will be assessed on the quality of your written communication in your an this question.	swer to
			(5 marks)
3	(b)	The student also understood that the elderly people needed to maintain physicactivity. Suggest two benefits to elderly people of being as active as possible.	sical
		1	
		2	
			(2 marks)



3	(c)	One of the residents snacked frequently on sugary sweets, biscuits and cakes. The student explained to the resident that his diet could lead to serious health problems. What would the student have said in her explanation?
		(3 marks)

Turn over for the next question



4		A rowing coach was explaining the benefits of inspiratory muscle training (IMT) to a group of rowers. By improving the strength of the muscles responsible for inspiration (breathing in), he suggested that the rowers would be able to row more powerfully and tire less quickly.
4	(a) (i)	Name the muscles of the chest wall that contract during inspiration.
		(1 mark)
4	(a) (ii)	Explain why the contraction of these muscles causes air to enter the lungs.
		(3 marks)
4	(b) (i)	The diagram shows the position of a rower's body at the point of the stroke when he takes a breath.
		Suggest why breathing in deeply is difficult when the rower is in this position.
		(2 marks)



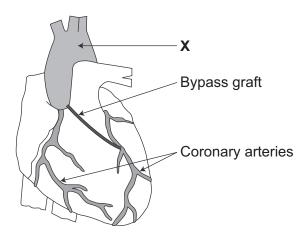
(3 marks)	4	(b) (ii)	Improving the strength of the muscles of the chest wall significantly reduced the levels of lactic acid in the blood of the rowers. Explain why this should be so.
(3 marks)			
(3 marks)			
			(3 marks)

Turn over for the next question



A nurse was explaining the principles of a coronary bypass operation to the family of a middle-aged man who was about to undergo the procedure.

She showed them this diagram of a piece of blood vessel grafted between two blood vessels in order to bypass a blockage in one of the vessels supplying the heart muscle.



5	(a) (i)	Name blood vessel X.
		(1 mark)
5	(a) (ii)	On the diagram, draw a line pointing to the most likely position of the blockage. (1 mark)
5	(a) (iii)	What would the nurse say to the family to explain why the bypass operation would improve the health of the patient?
		You will be assessed on the quality of your written communication in your answer to this question.
		(5 marks)



5	(b) (i)	The nurse also used a cholesterol meter to measure the man's blood cholesterol level. Explain the advantage of using a cholesterol meter rather than a dipstick.
		(2 marks)
5	(b) (ii)	The man was found to have a fasting total cholesterol level of 8.4. Discuss how this value compares to normal levels.
		(2 marks)

Turn over for the next question



6		A group of students carried out an investigation into the effect of caffeine on the output. For every kilogram of their body mass, each student drank 10 cm³ of a caffeine s Each 10 cm³ contained 5 mg of caffeine. They then measured their urine output the following 2 hours.	solution.
6	(a) (i)	Give three factors that should have been considered when selecting the group of students so that the data obtained would be as valid as possible. 1	
		3(3	 3 marks)
6	(a) (ii)	Suggest why the students drank 10 cm³ of the caffeine solution per kilogram of t body mass, rather than them all drinking the same volume.	
		(2	 2 marks)
6	(b)	The following week the students repeated the investigation in exactly the same but this time the solution contained a placebo (a substance that has no effect) in of caffeine.	•
		What was the purpose of this second investigation?	
		(2	2 marks)
6	(c)	The results for one of the students are given in the table.	

	Cumulative urine output / cm³			
	After 30 minutes	After 60 minutes	After 90 minutes	After 120 minutes
With caffeine	250	650	750	800
With placebo	100	250	600	800



6	(c) (i)	Calculate the difference in the rate of urine output (in cm³ min⁻¹) between the caffeine treatment and the placebo during the first 60 minutes.
		(2 marks)
6	(c) (ii)	Use the data in the table on page 12 to draw conclusions concerning the effect of caffeine on urine output.
		(2 marks)
6	(c) (iii)	It was later suggested that the results of the experiment would have been more accurate if the caffeine had been administered to the students by injection rather than by being ingested. The students would also drink the same volume of water as liquid drunk in the original experiment.
		Explain why injecting the caffeine would have made the results more accurate.
		(1 mark)
6	(d)	What ethical considerations should be made when considering the design of an experiment of this sort, that involves human volunteers?
		(2 marks)



A significant factor in the death of premature babies is hypothermia. In an effort to reduce this risk a doctor devised a "mini sauna", a plastic bag into which the baby is put immediately after birth. This reduces the rate of evaporation of water from the baby's skin and so makes hypothermia less likely.



7	(a)	Explain why water evaporating from the surface of the baby's skin is likely to cause hypothermia.
		(2 marks)
7	(b) (i)	Nurses often need to monitor the level of oxygen in a baby's blood.
		Name a suitable piece of equipment that could be used to monitor the level of oxygen in a very small baby's blood. Explain the reason for your choice.
		(2 marks)
7	(b) (ii)	How should oxygen saturation of blood be written?
		(1 mark)
7	(b) (iii)	When a molecule of haemoglobin is fully saturated, how many atoms of oxygen is it carrying?
		(1 mark)



The doctor who developed the "mini sauna" claimed that it reduced the death rate among premature babies by 30%.		(c)	7
54 premature babies died in a three-month period. If the mini-sauna had been in use, how many lives would have been saved each month, on average, if his claim was correct?	h		
(3 marks)			

Turn over for the next question



	Food to be avoid	led		Replacement	
	Steamed rice; chicken;	full-fat ched double crea		bacon; naan bread;	fish; bananas.
		iggest a replacem	nent for each	rse would recommend that would provide sin vers in the table.	
(b) Without an adequate amount of bile entering her intestine, the w digest her food properly. The nurse recommended that she avoi after she underwent an operation that would remove the gallston				d that she avoided cer	
					(3 marks)
~, \'',	Explain why it is important that the pH of the intestine is kept within narrow limits.				
a) (ii)	Bile also helps to co	ntrol the nH in the	e intestine		(2 marks)
		e have said as a	n explanation	n of the role of bile in t	ne digestion of
a) (i)		centre gave the w	oman some	information about the	way in which
	the gall bladder is uncaused by deposits of One of the symptoms	nable to release bof cholesterol. s of the woman's	ile into the d	igestive tract because	of blockages
	a) (ii)	the gall bladder is ur caused by deposits of One of the symptom ate foods with a high a) (i) A nurse at a health of her body uses bile. What would the nurse fats?	the gall bladder is unable to release be caused by deposits of cholesterol. One of the symptoms of the woman's ate foods with a high fat content. (a) (i) A nurse at a health centre gave the wear her body uses bile. What would the nurse have said as a fats? (ii) Bile also helps to control the pH in the Explain why it is important that the pH	the gall bladder is unable to release bile into the dicaused by deposits of cholesterol. One of the symptoms of the woman's condition was ate foods with a high fat content. (a) (i) A nurse at a health centre gave the woman some her body uses bile. What would the nurse have said as an explanation fats? (ii) Bile also helps to control the pH in the intestine. Explain why it is important that the pH of the intestine.	One of the symptoms of the woman's condition was serious abdominal pate foods with a high fat content. (i) A nurse at a health centre gave the woman some information about the her body uses bile. What would the nurse have said as an explanation of the role of bile in the fats? (ii) Bile also helps to control the pH in the intestine.

Copyright © 2010 AQA and its licensors. All rights reserved.