

General Certificate of Education

Applied Science 8771/8773/8776/8779

SC08 Medical Physics

Mark Scheme

2007 examination - January series

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(a)	Uses (conductive) gel	(1)(AO1)	1
(b)	 Any two of: (one mark each) Interference Movement produces electrical impulses Electrical impulses in nerves/muscles 	(2)(AO2)	2
(c)(i)	Theta	(1)(AO1)	1
(ii)	Mental activity	(1)(AO1)	1
(iii)	Deep sleep	(1)(AO1)	1

Total Mark: 6

Question 2

(a)(i)	One mark for each correct label	(4)(AO1)	4
(ii)	Rotates	(1)(AO2)	
	Reduce number of electrons Hitting the same point	(1)(AO1)	2
	Other valid answers accepted		
(b)(i)	Any suitable precaution		1
	E.g. shielding other areas	(1)(AO1)	-
(ii)	Suitable explanation linked to precaution stated.	(1)(AO2)	1
(iii)	Any suitable condition		1
()	E.g. cancer, burns, genetic damage	(1)(AO1)	•
	Stochastic – extent of damage depends on amount of		•
(iv)	radiation received	(1)(AO1)	2
	Somatic – not inherited	(1)(AO1)	
(c)(i)	Well defined images	(1)(AO1)	1
	Contrast media used	(1)(AO1)	
(ii)	Increase difference in density/absorption	(1)(AO1)	2
(,	Appropriate answers relating to exposure time and/or		-
	energy of X-rays accepted.		
	Any two suitable reasons e.g.		
	Cheaper	(1)(AO1)	
(d)	Quicker	(1)(AO1)	2
	More machines available		-
	More trained personnel available		
	Lower dose of radiation/safer		

(a)/i)	Time taken for half the radioactive		1
(a)(i)	Nuclei present to decay (or wtte)	(1)(AO1)	Ĩ
(ii)	0.125g	(2)(AO2)	
	1 compensation mark for either:		2
	4 half lives		2
	correct use of iterative method		
	Any two clear points e.g.	(2)(AO2)	
	Can ensure activity is as expected		
(iii)	Won't have had time to decay much		2
	No need to buy material not needed		
	No need to store		
(h)(i)	Large even scale & points plotted correctly	(1)(AO3)	•
(b)(i)	Acceptable line of best fit (curve)	(1)(AO3)	2
(;;;)	As read from graph	(1)(AO3)	2
(ii)	Evidence of taking more than one value and averaging	(1)(AO3)	2
(a)(i)	Half life short enough for patient safety	(1)(AO2)	2
(c)(i)	Half life long enough to do the trace	(1)(AO2)	2
	Suitable experiment outlined	(1)(AO3)	
(ii)	Result expected for gamma	(1)(AO3)	4
(ii)	Result expected if alpha and beta	(1)(AO3)	4
	Suitable source of error identified	(1)(AO3)	
	Any two of: (1 mark each)	(2)(AO2)	
	Gamma can leave body		
	High penetration		
	Needs to be detected externally		
(d)			4
	Any two of: (1 mark each)	(2)(AO2)	
	Alpha and beta act at site		
	Alpha and beta too ionising		
	Alpha and beta too damaging		
	Any two sensible pieces of information (1 mark each)		
(e)	E.g. toxicity, cost, availability, organ affinity	(2)(AO1)	4
	with corresponding reasons e.g. don't want to poison patient	(2)(AO2)	
	24 days	(3)(AO2)	
	1 mark compensation for:		
	Correct equation		
(f)	Correct substitution		3
	Correct re-arrangement		
	Correct inversion		
L	Maximum 2 marks compensation		

(a)	 1.35 Allow 1.3 – 1.4 Allow 1 mark compensation for: Correct equation Correct substitution or correct use of sines Maximum 2 compensation marks 	(3)(AO2)	3
(b)(i)	 Correct diagram showing ray emerging into the air bending away from the normal 	(1)(AO2) (1)(AO2)	2
(ii)	 Correct diagram showing ray totally internally reflecting angle i = angle r (by eye) 	(1)(AO2) (1)(AO2)	2
(c)	 Any four of: (1 mark each) TIR only when angle > c Endoscope uses TIR High n = low c More chance of reflection when c is small More chance of reflection when n is large If angle<c air<="" emerges="" into="" li="" ray=""> More rays reflecting gives brighter light </c>	(4)(AO2)	4
(d)(i)	To keep the refractive index constant OR prevent light being lost	(1)(AO1)	1
(ii)	(Slightly) lower	(1)(AO1)	1
(e)	Any suitable condition e.g. stomach ulcers	(1)(AO1)	1

Total Mark: 14

Question 5

(a)	Sound/longitudinal waves Higher frequency than audible/above 20kHz	(1)(AO1) (1)(AO1)	2
(b)(i)	 Higher frequency than audible/above 20kHz Any two points (1 mark each) e.g. Removes air Improves transmission Reduces reflection At surface of body 	(1)(AO1) (2)(AO1)	2
	Minimises density difference		
(ii)	 Any 4 correct points in sequence (1 mark each) e.g. When they hit tissue of different density They are reflected Reflections occur at different times Different tissue densities produce different intensity reflections (Transducers) detect reflections Reflections analysed Image created from analysis 	(4)(AO1)	4
(c)(i)	Heat (radiation) emitted from the body Detected by camera/film/electronic detectors	(1)(AO1) (1)(AO1)	2
(ii)	Nothing enters the body	(1)(AO2)	1

(a)(i)	Above normal	(1)(AO1)	1
(ii)	(145) Systolic/in systole (or wtte)(90) Diastolic/in diastole (or wtte)	(1)(AO1) (1)(AO1)	2
(b)	 Any suitable advantage for 1 mark e.g. Less chance of infection Any suitable disadvantage for 1 mark e.g. Less accurate If using invasive method can remove blood for other purposes without having to put another line into the artery. 	(1)(AO1) (1)(AO1)	2
(c)	Method B (no marks) Can monitor continually Can have audible warning (Other sensible reasons accepted)	(1)(AO2) (1)(AO2)	2