

# **GCE**

# **Applied ICT**

Advanced GCE AS H515/H715

Advanced Subsidiary GCE AS H115/H315

## **Mark Scheme for the Units**

**June 2009** 

H115/H315/MS/R/09

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## **Advanced Subsidiary GCE ICT (H115)**

## MARK SCHEMES ON THE UNITS

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G041 How organisations use ICT	1
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Grade Thresholds	35

## **G041 How organisations use ICT**

There are 100 marks available for this test. They are allocated as follows:

•	Tasks 2 and 3	30
•	Section A of the test paper	50
•	Section B of the test paper	20

#### Task 2

1 mark each for boxes labelled

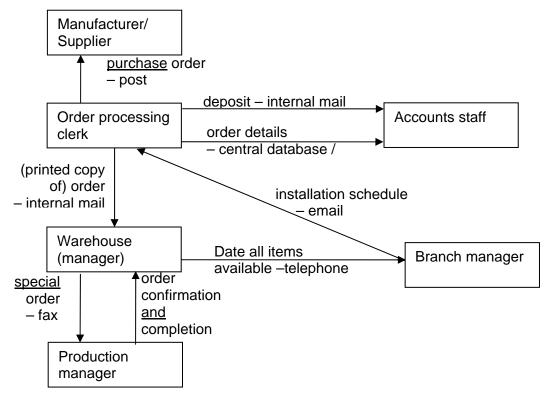
- Order processing clerk
- Warehouse (manager)
- Accounts staff
- Production manager
- Branch manager
- Manufacturer

plus labelled arrows to show the following information flows (1 mark each) and methods (1 mark each)

Max 15 marks.

#### Note:

- Arrows should only be awarded points if they are drawn to and from the correct boxes.
- Marks may be awarded for unconventional diagrams provided they isolate the senders and receivers of information.
- Do not award marks for flow diagrams or series of text boxes linked by arrows.
- Marks cannot be awarded for 'How' if the information is not identified/is incorrect but can be awarded if information is essentially correct but vague or incomplete.
- Labels should not be awarded marks if they are contained within the description of a process.
- If lines cross, mark labels as long as it is clear where each arrow goes
- Marks should only be awarded for labels that can be unambiguously linked to a single arrow.



Task 3

AO4 is assessed through this task.

AO4	Guidance
Marks	
3	A strength and a weakness in the method(s) used identified or suggestions for improving own performance.
2	A strength or a weakness in the method(s) used identified.
1	Some comment made on the method(s) used.

The quality of written communication is assessed through this task. Tiered response based on:

Coded	Marks	Guidance
detailed explanations of		Candidates will show a clear understanding of the task and include detailed explanations of possible improvements to the company's ICT systems, with both benefits <b>and</b> limitations.
		Examples are clearly applied to Bedrooms4U and its staff.
		The information will be presented in a structured and coherent form. There will be few if any errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Any technical terms will be used appropriately and correctly.
M	5-8	Candidates will show some understanding of the task and may include some explanations of possible improvements to the company's ICT systems, with either benefits <b>or</b> limitations.
		Some examples are applied to Bedrooms4U and its staff.
		The information will be presented in a structured format. There may be occasional errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Any technical terms will be mainly correct.
L	1-4	Candidates will demonstrate a limited understanding of the task.
		Information may be a list of points, with little or no explanations or application to Bedrooms4U.
		Information will be poorly expressed and there will be limited, if any, use of technical terms.
		Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be intrusive.

NB - ICT systems not mobile communications

## Not accept:

PDA, Blackberry, iPhones, mobiles (accept if linked to laptops for internet access), smart phones, Skype, instant messenger.

## To include consideration of for example:

#### improvements

- connecting all sites in a wide area network (WAN) using leased lines
- provide warehouse / factory with broadband access to the Internet
- set up a virtual private network (VPN)/intranet
- link salespeople's' laptops to the Internet (via a mobile phone/wifi)
- \*accept multiple servers in head office/wireless networks

#### benefits

- all sites can access head office server remotely
- details of customers' requirements can be entered on SOP system from showroom
- reduces duplication of data entry and data entry errors
- salesperson can check details of stock and warn customer of possible delays
- warehouse manager can access orders on server
- ordering process quicker as less delays waiting for post/internal mail
- greater flexibility for staff/some staff could work from home

#### **limitations**

- greater risk of unauthorised access/viruses
- cost of leased lines
- increased network management may be required
- may require upgrading of head office server, which will cost money
- some staff may need training to use the system

#### Annotation:

- CS acceptable response has been applied to case study
- P identifies points
- E identifies expansions/explanations
- + identifies benefits
- - identifies limitations

[15]

#### **Section A**

#### 1 Any one of

- accounts (1) plus four of
  - keep records of all financial transactions or example, eg income received from sales
  - arrange payments using on-line banking
  - receive deposits
  - access order details on SOP system
  - enter amount of deposit
  - print invoices
  - post invoice to customer
  - notify HR when final payment received from customers
- HR (1) plus four of
  - advertising vacancies
  - sending out / receiving application forms
  - arranging interviews
  - drawing up contracts for successful applicants
  - keeping staff records
  - ensuring staff get correct wages/commission/leave entitlement
  - ensuring pension contributions/other benefits made and recorded
  - arrange for staff to attend training courses
  - keep records of training courses attended/qualifications gained

1 mark for job function plus 1 mark per point to max 4 for matching tasks

[5]

#### 2 Any five of

- runs a showroom
- manages a team of salespeople/installation engineers/admin assistants
- (meets with salesperson) to check design
- gives (salesperson) labour costs for installation
- checks availability of installation engineers
- checks availability of any contractors needed
- produces installation schedule
- emails installation schedule to order processing clerk

1 mark per point to max of 5

[5]

3	Any	one of		
	• (	contrac	ctors (1) plus <b>two</b> of	
	-	– bro	ught in when required	
	-		eive purchase order from admin assistant	
			ment received from accounts staff	
	• (	-	curtain manufacturers (1) plus <b>two</b> of	
	-	-	chase order generated } or (receives purchase	
	-	-	sted by order processing clerk } order from Bedrooms4U)	
	-	•	ods delivered to customer's address	
		•	agreed delivery date	
	• 3		<u>ed</u> supplier (1) plus <b>two</b> of	
	-		nthly purchase order	
	-	-	sted by warehouse manager	
	-		ergency orders	
	-	•	ced by telephone	
	4		ment received from accounts staff	
	1 m	ark for	supplier plus 1 mark per point to max of 2 for matching interactions	[3]
4	(a)	Anv <b>t</b>	hree of	
	(/	-	ength	
			ridth	
		• po	osition of windows	
		• si	ize of windows	
		• po	osition of doors	
		• si	ize of doors	
		1 mai	rk each to max of 3	[3]
	/l-\		duration and the desired forms and a second second (4)	
	(b)		drawing created from measurements/dimensions (1)	
			ure selected <u>and</u> positioned (1) from a library of icons (1) rial/finish/handles/internal fittings (1) and colour <u>and</u> design of	
			ets/curtains (1) selected from drop-down lists (1)	
			In rendered (1) to produce 3-D image (1) of finished bedroom on	
		scree		[5]
			rk per point to max of 5	
	(-)	<i>(</i> :)	avotation (including and or form) (4)	F41
	(c)	(i)	quotation (including order form) (1)	[1]
		(ii)	Any <b>three</b> of	
			<ul> <li>list of parts and costs generated</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>costs <u>added</u> (to give total cost of parts)</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>installation cost added to cost of parts</li> </ul>	
			<ul> <li>VAT calculated/added</li> </ul>	
			1 mark each to a max of 3	[2]
	, n			[3]
	(d)		mailed (to admin assistant)	
			osted (to customer)	[0]
		2 mai	rks	[2]

5 A description to a maximum of **10** from

#### hardware

• <u>stand-alone</u> computer (1<sup>st</sup>) barcode reader (1) laser printer (1)

#### software

 database (of stock) (1<sup>st</sup>) <u>separate</u> forms/screens (1) for adding and removing stock (1) able to produce reports/purchase orders (1)

#### input data

- product number/code (1<sup>st</sup>) by scanning barcode (1) to check stock level (1)
- quantity (added/removed) (1<sup>st</sup>) keyed in (1)

#### outputs

- (reports including) purchase order (1<sup>st</sup>) printed once a month (1)
- stock level (1<sup>st</sup>) checked when order received (1) and monthly (1) displayed on screen (1)

#### processes

- quantity added to no\_in\_stock field (1<sup>st</sup>) when new stock arrives (1)
- quantity deducted from no\_in\_stock field (1<sup>st</sup>) when goods removed (1)

To achieve maximum marks there must be at least one point from each section.

[10]

- 6 (a) Any two benefits identified and explained
  - increased productivity (1<sup>st</sup>) because computerised process is faster than manual (1)
  - wages may be reduced (1<sup>st</sup>) because <u>fewer</u> staff are needed (1)
  - the furniture will be of <u>consistent</u> quality (1<sup>st</sup>) once programmed computer follow instructions exactly the same each time (1)
  - raw material/storage costs may be reduced (1<sup>st</sup>) because JIT manufacture possible (1) due to more predictable pace of production (1)
  - 24 hour operation economically viable (1<sup>st</sup>) as less staff needed to work at night when wages higher (1)
  - reduce waste (1st) less mistakes/human error (1)

Up to 2 marks each to max of 4

[4]

[4]

- **(b)** Any **two** impacts identified and explained eg
  - some staff <u>may</u> lose jobs (1<sup>st</sup>) as <u>fewer</u> staff are needed (1)
  - staff may need to undergo training (1<sup>st</sup>) to supervise production/maintain machines (1)
  - opportunities for more skilled/higher paid jobs (1<sup>st</sup>) as staff needed to program/maintain machines (1)
  - safer working environment (1) as don't have to operate dangerous machinery (1)
  - staff may suffer stress (1) because of concerns over job security/increased automation (1)

Up to two marks each to max of 4

G0	41	Mark Scheme		June 2009
7	(a)	(i)	Electronic Communications Act (2000)	[1]
		(ii)	It makes electronic signatures legally binding	[1]
	(b)	encreand and current but A	be confident about encryption services used (1) yption keeps customers' personal and financial data secure (1) ause the providers of encryption services can be approved (1) entered in a register (1) ently this is self-regulated (1) Act provides fallback to a statutory scheme if necessary (1) ark per point to max of 3	[3]

#### **Section B**

8 (a) The <u>provision of computer services within the organisation</u> [1]

**(b)** Any **two** suitable tasks identified and described eg

- obtaining and installing hardware (1) including on-going maintenance (1)
- obtaining and installing software (1) and upgrading it as necessary (1)
- managing networks (1) LAN and WAN (1)
- supporting ICT users (1) by providing a help desk (1)

Up to 2 marks each to max of 4

[4]

#### **9** (a) Any **two** of

- availability of hotel rooms/accommodation
- cost of hotel rooms/accommodation
- additional information about accommodation, eg recent building work
- availability of flights/trains/ferries etc (need a means of transport, do not accept 'travel')
- cost of flights/trains/ferries etc (need a means of transport, do not accept 'travel')

1 mark each to max of 2

[2]

#### (b) Up to two of

- required destination
- choice of hotel/villa
- duration
- required dates
- number of adults
- number and ages of children
- names of all members of party
- special requirements, eg wheelchair assistance
- customer contact details
- method of payment
- passport details

#### Plus up to **two** of

- face to face
- from a paper booking form } or
- from an on-line booking form } booking form 1 mark only
- by telephone
- by email
- by fax

[3]

1 mark each to max 3

For maximum marks there must be at least one point from each section

**10 (a)** The internet is a global network (1) an intranet is a network within an organisation (1)

The internet can be accessed by <u>anyone</u> worldwide (1) and intranet can only be accessed by people who are part of the organisation/with a username and password (1)

[4]

#### **(b)** Any **two** of

- to advertise company by setting up a company website (1) so that they can access a wider potential market (1)
- to sell goods using e-commerce (1) potentially increasing sales to a wider geographic area (1)
- to carry out research to find suppliers etc/check what competitors are doing (1) because this can be done simply using a search engine/access to large number of sites (1)
- to book travel by accessing airline/train company websites (1) which allows comparisons of prices/may be cheaper than other methods (1)
- external communication/feedback with customers/suppliers etc using email/discussion groups (1) which improves customer relations/allows company to know what customers want (1)

Up to 2 marks each to a max of 4

[4]

## (c) Any one of

- to provide staff with access to information about the company (via a browser/standard interface) (1) so that staff are kept informed (1)
- to provide access to standard documents <u>through a standard</u> <u>interface/from a single menu</u> (1) so that staff do not have to waste time looking for what they need (1)
- to provide staff with access locally only to relevant websites by downloading them (1) so that sites load more quickly/less chance of staff browsing inappropriate sites(1)

Up to 2 marks each to a max of 2

[2]

## **G054 Software development**

There are 100 marks available for this test. They are allocated as follows:

•	Tasks 2, 3 and 4	30
•	Section A of the test paper	50
•	Section B of the test paper	20

## Task 2 (15 marks)

#### 12 marks available for L1 DFD (See attached example)

1 mark available for identification of: Consistency of symbols - C External Entities (Customer **and** Office) identified - EE Logical order of processes - L

1 mark for each correct process - P (Max 7) 1 mark for data stores linked to correct process - D (Max 3)

#### Evaluation - 3 marks available

Mark	
1	Some comment on method(s) used to develop DFD
2	A strength/weakness in method(s) used identified
3	A strength and weakness in method(s) used identified

#### Task 3 (10 marks)

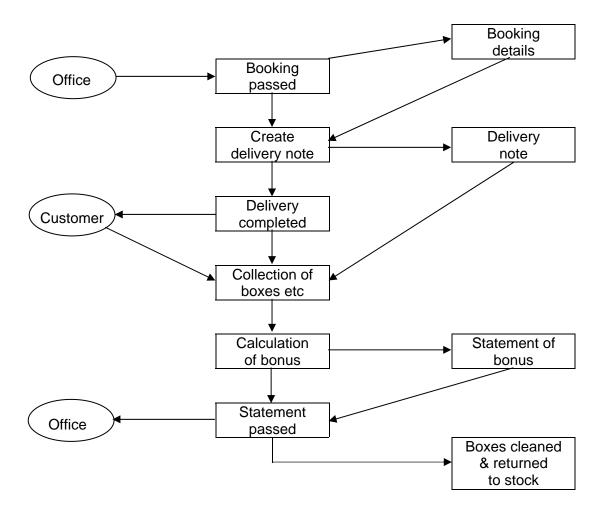
For each of the entities:

BOOKING, CUSTOMER, CONTAINER, DELIVERY, STAFF

1 mark each for:

- Correct identification of Primary and Foreign keys
- Correct relationships and which end defined.

Task 2



Name	Booking					
Description	The table that conta	ins all general ir	formation abo	out a booking		
Aliases	None					
Relationships	Туре		Which end	<b>!</b> ?		
Customer	M:1		Many			
Container	M:1	M:1		Many		
Delivery	1:M		One			
Attributes						
Name	Type/Format	Length		Key		
Booking_Number	Text/string	30		Primary Key		
Cust_ID	Integer	10		Foreign Key		
Container_Number	Integer	5		Foreign Key		

Name	Customer				
Description	The table that contain	s all general inf	ormation abo	ut a customer	
Aliases	None				
Relationships	Type Which end?			?	
Booking	1:M	1:M One			
Atrributes					
Name	Type/Format	Length		Key	
Cust_ID	Integer	10		Primary Key	

Name	Container			
Description	The table that contains	s all general in	formation abo	ut a recycling container
	or box	-		-
Aliases	None			
Relationships	Type Which end?			?
Booking	1:M		One	
-				
Attributes				
Name	Type/Format	Length		Key
Container_Number	Integer	5		Primary Key

Name	Delivery			
Description	The table that conta	ains all general ir	nformation about a delivery	
Aliases	None			
Relationships	Туре		Which end?	
Booking	M:1		Many	
Staff	M:1		Many	
Attributes				
Name	Type/Format	Length	Key	
Delivery_Number	Text/string	10	Primary Key	
Booking_Number	Text/string	30	Primary Key	
Staff_Number	Text/string	10	Primary Key	

Name	Staff		
Description	The table that contains all general information about members of delivery		
	staff		
Aliases	None		
Relationships	Type Which end?		Which end?
Delivery	1:M On		One
Attributes			
Name	Type/Format	Length	Key
Staff_Number	Text/string	10	Primary Key

## Task 4 (5 marks)

1 mark each for (Max 5):

- use of colour/font/white space
- logical order of information on screen
- clear space for customer details
- all data/information shown is appropriate (eg customer name, address, contact number, type of recycling container box/box) with no omissions/extra data required
- use of validation/drop down boxes/option boxes/radio buttons where appropriate
- calculation fields for type and weight of contents of recycling container/box, bonus due on each container/box
- total bonus due.

## **Section A**

Note: RR = Rods Recycling

Question	Answer	Mark
1	One of the purposes of the new system for Rods Recycling is to produce reports for the owner.	
(a)	Describe <u>two</u> other purposes of the new system.	
	Any 2 from, max 2 per purpose: To standardise software used in company (1) to improve sharing of stored information (1) To improve communication (1 <sup>st</sup> ) between head office and yard (1) To increase the security of information (1 <sup>st</sup> ) held on the computers in head office (1) To solve problems caused by the current system/example of problems given (1).	[4]
(b)	Explain why it is important to clearly define the purpose of the new system for the owner of Rods Recycling.	
	Any 3 from: To ensure all problems in current system have been identified (1) To make sure all requirements of the new system have been defined (1) To act as a reference point (1) to ensure that the new system meets the requirements of RR (1) or the new system will not be appropriate for RR (1).	[3]
2	Functional and non-functional requirements are defined during the development of the feasibility study.	
	Explain, using examples from Rods Recycling, the following components of the feasibility study.	
(i)	Functional requirements	
	What the end-user wants the system to do (1)	
	Any 2 from: To keep records/reports of all hires/bookings (made by customers) (1) To calculate recycling bonus <u>and</u> print statements for customers (1) To keep a database of customers, staff, container, bookings, delivery (1) (Must have at least 2 identified) To record payments/keep accounts (1)	
	To produce reports, plus example (1).	[3]

Question	Answer	Mark
(ii)	Non-functional requirements	
	The limitations (1) relating to response time/hardware/software/ programming language (1)	
	Any two from: Operating system vendor to be the same as existing operating system (1) To include the current computers into the new network (1) To link the 2 computers at head office/to link the computer at the yard (1) To have 4 computers at head office (1) To have 3 computers at the yard (1).	[4]
	. , , ,	r.,
3	The owner of Rods Recycling has defined process constraints to be considered during the development of the feasibility study.	
(a)	Describe <u>one</u> hardware constraint that has been defined by Rods Recycling.	
	Any 2 from: To provide a laptop (1) so the owner of RR can work away from the office (1)	
	The existing/3 computers (1) to be included in the new system (1).	[2]
(b) (i)	Identify one process constraint, apart from hardware and software, that has been defined by Rods Recycling.	
	Time/budget (1)	[1]
(b) (ii)	Describe how this has been defined by Rods Recycling	
	The description MUST match the answer given to b(i) Time: system to be implemented (1) within 25 weeks (1)	
	Budget: £25,000 (1) for hardware <u>and</u> software (1)	[2]
4	Some of the problems caused by the current system relate directly to the recycling boxes and containers.	
	Describe the problems relating to the recycling boxes and containers.	
	Max 2 per description, any 2 from: Recycling boxes/containers being booked to customers (1 <sup>st</sup> ) but unavailable due to maintenance or cleaning (1) IT/ink cartridge collections being arranged (1 <sup>st</sup> ) but recycling containers not available (1)	
	Number of recycling boxes/containers available (1st) being exceeded for bookings taken (1)	[4]

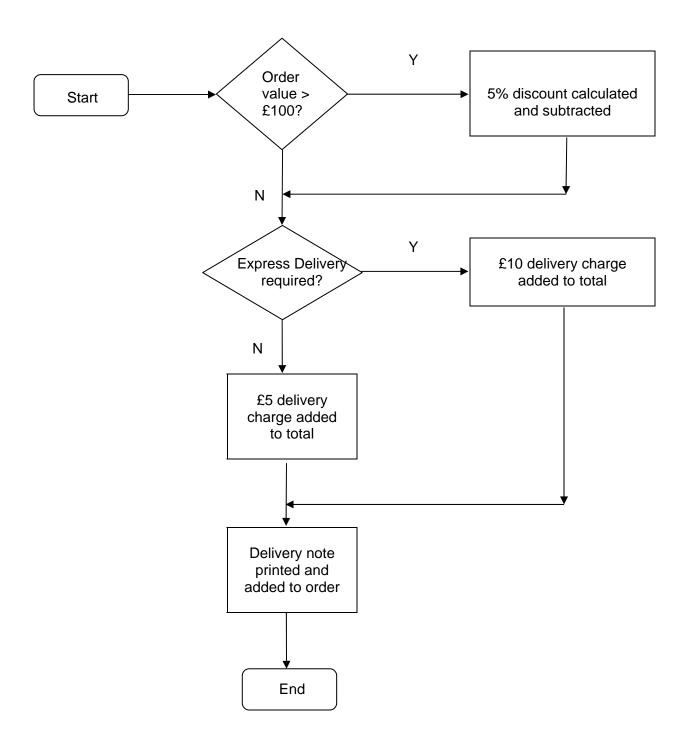
Question	Answer	Mark
5	As part of the feasibility study, recommendations about software are	
	made.	
	Describe <u>two</u> advantages and <u>one</u> disadvantage of recommending off-the-shelf software for Rods Recycling.	
	Max 2 per description	
	Advantages: any two from: for example: Support readily available (1) sources include discussion groups/web sites/books/training courses (1)	
	Has been tested by many other users (1) less chance of errors being present (1) Patches will be released at no extra cost by vendor to solve any bugs found (1)	
	Immediately available (1) from a range of sources/examples (1) Staff may be familiar with the user interface (1) less specific training will be needed (1). Cost with justification (1 mark only)	
	Disadvantages: one from: for example: May not meet RR requirements exactly (1) may have to be edited and altered (1)	
	Large memory footprint (1) may contain features that are not needed/used (1)	
	Licenses may be expensive (1) may be purchase cost and licence for each workstation it is installed on (1).	[6]
6	Statements for customers detailing their recycling bonuses, are produced at the administration office.	
	Identify the most suitable device for this task, justifying your choice.	
	1st mark for identification, up to 2 for justification Printer (1 <sup>st</sup> mark)	
	eg keep paper copies of statements (1) need to be posted to customers/customer needs a copy (1)	[3]
7	Observation is one method that can be used when investigating the system at Rods Recycling.	
	Explain why this method of investigation would be suitable for use at the yard.	
	Any 3 from: Observing someone doing their job better than asking someone to describe it (1)	
	By observing nothing is forgotten (1) Can identify any delays in processing data/information (1) Can see working practices (1)	[3]

Question	Answer	Mark
8	Following development the new system will need to be implemented.	
	Explain, the advantages and disadvantages to Rods Recycling of using the parallel implementation method.	
	H (9 -12)	
	Candidates will show a clear understanding of the question and include <b>detailed</b> explanations of the advantages and disadvantages of the parallel implementation method. Examples will relate to RR. The information will be presented in a structured and coherent form. There will be few if any errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Technical terms will be used appropriately and correctly.	
	M (5 – 8)	
	Candidates will show an understanding of the question and include descriptions of the advantages and disadvantages of the parallel implementation method. Some examples will relate to RR. The information will be presented in a structured format. There may be occasional errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Technical terms will be mainly correct.	
	L (0 - 4)	
	Candidates will demonstrate a limited understanding of the question.  Examples, if given, may not relate to RR. Information may be a list of points, with little or no explanations. Information will be poorly expressed and there will be a limited, if any, use of technical terms. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be intrusive.	
	Responses may include:	
	Advantages The results from the new system and old can be compared. The old system is not discarded until there is complete confidence in the new system. All processing can carry on if a problem is found with the new system. If the new system fails then RR will not lose any data. Ensures that the new system is running as required. Problems and remedial action to be taken will not affect RR.	
	Disadvantages Staff at RR are doing the same task twice. Expensive in terms of staff time. Staff may not complete all their job roles as they are doing twice the amount of work for each task. Temporary staff may have to be employed by RR to assist - expensive in	
	terms of costs.	[12]

Question	Answer	Mark
9	The owner of Rods Recycling is concerned that the new system will be able to cope with the planned expansions of the business.	
	Identify and explain the type of maintenance that will be needed.	
	1st mark for identification, up to 2 for explanation	
	Adaptive (1st) The system works well (1) but expansion of RR means alterations are needed (1) to processes and data stored (1) Expansions included increased range of services (1) including water butts/wormeries/compost bins (1)	
	No major changes to the system are required (1) the system meets the overall needs of RR (1)	[3]

## Section B

Question	Answer	Mark
10	During the design of a new system a physical design specification is developed.	
	Identify two components of the software specification part of the physical design specification.	
	2 from: Outline program specification (1) System flowchart (1) File organisation (1) Access methods (1) Error messages (1) Screen and report layouts (1)	[2]
11	Following the development and implementation of a new system, documentation is passed to the user.	[Z]
	Explain why the following pieces of documentation should be passed to the user of a system.	
(i)	Test plans and data logs	
	Any 3 from: Shows routines/procedures that were tested (1) Includes data used during tests (1) and outcomes of tests (1) Shows remedial action taken (1) Can include tests of interaction of procedures/routines (1) If anything goes wrong with system can be referred to (1) to see if error has occurred during testing (1).	[3]
(ii)	User manuals	
	Any 3 from: Explains how to eg use a system (1) Organised by topics or tasks (1) Usually includes a quick start guide (1) Used as a reference tool (1) Can include FAQs (1)	[3]
12	A company sells revision guides through its website. Orders over £100 are given a 5% discount. A charge of £5.00 is added for standard delivery. However, if express delivery is required then a charge of £10.00 is added. A delivery note is printed and included with the books.	
	Draw a flowchart to show the processing of a customers order.	
	See example flowchart.	
	Start and End (1) Decision boxes - including Y & N (2*1) Process boxes (4*1)	[7]



Question	Answer	Mark
13	Evaluate the benefits to a client of using an informal method of modelling data flows within a system	
	Any 5 from, MAX 2 for description: Informal methods include tools & techniques such as rich picture diagrams (RPD) and system flowcharts (1) Use easily understandable symbols (1).	
	Benefits Usually self-explanatory (1) Enable pictorial visualisation (1) No formal knowledge of analysis is needed to understand an informal method (1) Easy for a client to understand (1) Processes, people and stores can be shown in a simple format enabling a client to identify any omissions (1) Can be developed prior to a formal techniques, such as DFD, being used (1)	[5]

## **G055 Networking solutions**

There are 100 marks available for this assessment. They are allocated as follows:

Pre-release material 30 marks
 Section A of test paper 50 marks
 Section B of the test paper 20 marks

#### Pre-release material

#### Task 2

Diagram

See Appendix 1

One mark each for including (in diagrammatic form or as a label) on the diagram:

Α	file server in office network
В	file/web server on specialist network
С	three logical networks connected together (one wireless)
D	identification of who will use computers
Е	twelve computers in office network
F	ten computers in treatment building network
G	eight computers in specialists network
Н	hub/switch in office network
	hub/switch in treatment building network
J	wireless hub in specialists network
K	router/ modem connected to office network
L	printers on each network
M	print server on each network
N	mail server on office network
0	proxy server on office network

MAX 8 Total of marks 8

## **Software**

One mark for identification of software and where needed and one mark for a justification of any five of:

Type of software (T)	Where needed (W)	Justification (why needed)(J)
Network client software	Directors/Finance/Admin/Rec eption/Consultants/Treatment room/Specialists' workstations	Allows computer to request network services
Network adapter driver software	Directors/Finance/Admin/Rec eption/Consultants/Treatment room workstations, file server, mail server, print server.	Manages the transfer of data to and from the network
Email client software	Directors/Finance/Admin/Rec eption/Consultants/Treatment room/Specialists' workstations	Requests sending and receiving of mail messages to/from mail server. Organises mail.
Browser software	Directors/Finance/Admin/Rec eption/Consultants/Treatment room/Specialists' workstations	Requests and displays HTML pages. Allows consultants to research.
Anti-virus software	All computers	Protects the computer from corruption by malicious software.
Driver software for networked printers	Directors/Finance/Admin/Rec eption/Consultants/Treatment room/Specialists' workstations	Manages the packaging of files ready for sending to a networked printer.
Protocol software	All computers	Sets and follows rules for communication.
Wireless adapter driver software	Specialists' workstations File/web server	Manages the transfer of data to and from the wireless hub.
FTP software	Specialists' workstations File/web server computer	Downloads files to client machines.
Server operating system	File server computer File/web server computer	Handles file management and sends files to clients on request
Email server software	Mail server computer	Manages requests for sending and receiving emails, manages the storage of email messages.
Proxy software	Proxy server computer	Gets web pages on request from clients. Caches frequently accessed pages. Hides IP addresses of individual computers.
Firewall software	Proxy server computer	Filters data to and from Internet. Blocks access from designated sites.
Modem connection software	Proxy server computer	Manages the transfer of data between proxy server and Internet.

Type of software (T)	Where needed (W)	Justification (why needed)(J)
ISP connection software	Proxy server computer	Establishes, maintains and terminates the connection between the proxy server and the ISPs server.
Printer sharing software	Print server computer	Manages print queues. Manage the format and sending of files to the printer
Web server software	File/web server computer	Handles web page management and sends pages to clients on request/hosts web pages.
Database software	File server on office network and all workstations	Stores patient and appointment details.
		[10]

## **Evaluation**

Some comment is made on method(s) used (1)
A strength or a weakness of the method(s) used is identified (1)
A strength and a weakness of the method(s) used is identified (1)

[3]

Task 3

Band	Mark range	
Н	7 - 9	Candidates will show a clear understanding of the task by giving a full, appropriate justification of identified processes. The description is wholly relevant to connecting the main SIC network to the internet.
		The information will be presented in a structured and coherent form. There will be few if any errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation. Technical terms will be used appropriately and correctly.
М	4 - 6	Candidates will show an understanding of the question by identifying processes and appropriately justifying their use. Some relevant reference to SIC is made.
		The information will be presented in a structured format. There may be occasional errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation technical terms will be mainly correct.
L	1 - 3	Candidates will demonstrate a limited understanding of the question and will identify processes. Little or no reference to SIC will be made.
		Information will be poorly expressed and there will be a limited, if any, use of technical terms.
		Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be intrusive.

## To include:

Processes (P)	Justification (J)
Connect modem/router	Needed to connect to telecommunications line
	between computer/proxy server and ISP
Test the connection	To ensure that it is working correctly.
Configure connection software	With details of ISP and account (may also mention setting up IP addressing, IP filtering, privacy settings, DNS, NAT, demilitarised zones). To ensure a working connection is made.
Document all settings	So that the process can be repeated if necessary
Set up firewall	To increase security
Install modem/router connection software	To enable connected computer to use the modem/router
Install web browser software.	On all machines for access to WWW
Install ftp software	On any web servers for transfer of hosted web
	pages.

#### Section A Mark Scheme June 2009

- 1 1 mark each for two of
  - as an information service
  - in the same way as the internet
  - accessible to the employees by password
  - over the internet
  - from their web server
  - consultants can access information from outside.

[2]

- 2 One mark for identification and one for expansion of two of
  - access to shared database (1) from any computer (1)
  - sharing of printers/resources (1) lower initial costs (1)
  - sharing an internet connection (1) from any computer (1) lower <u>running</u> costs (1)
  - better communication (1) by email (1) or discussion forum for consultants (1).

(award only once for lower costs)

[4]

- 3 One mark for identification and one for expansion of **one** of
  - transfers data (1) between computer and network (1)
  - forms the physical connection (1) between computer and network (1).

[2]

#### 4 (a) Any three of

- independent segment on a LAN
- separate network but with same physical connections
- data generally stays within the VLAN
- may have a gateway computer that passes data across to/from main LAN
- computers on VLAN connected to main LAN but don't know it
- most computers on main LAN can't see computers on VLAN
- may use a bridge to separate it from the main LAN.

[3]

#### **(b)** One mark for identification and one for configuration of any **two** of

- network operating systems (1) installed on each computer (1)
- web server software (1) set up to manage intranet (1)
- network adapter software (1) to use common protocol (1)
- server operating system (1) configured to see all computers on the correct part of the network (1)
- file server software (1) configured for users and access rights (1).

[4]

#### **5 (a)** Any **two** of:

- stores information about computers connected to it
- decides on best route through network
- receives packets
- forwards packets based on IP address

[2]

#### **(b)** Any **two** of:

- makes a virtual connection between two computers
- connects a number of computers in a star or mesh topology
- uses MAC addresses
- used to divide networks into segments

[2]

#### (c) Any two of:

- connection between patch cables and drop cables
- connection point for a large number of drop cables
- central wiring point for a network
- provides a number of sockets into which cables are plugged

[2]

#### (d) Any two of:

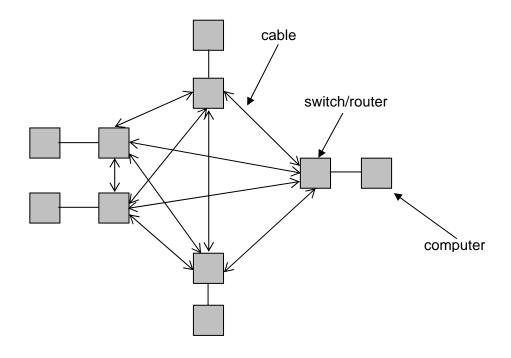
- sits between two different networks
- converts between protocols on each network
- runs software that translates from one network format to another
- may change type of signalling, packet format, etc.

[2]

## 6 (a) 1 mark for correct diagram

1 mark for correct label

1 mark for showing direction of flow



(b) Two of:

Component: switch/router

cable/connector

computer/network card 1<sup>st</sup> mark

Part affected: switch/router - all devices connected to switch/router

cable/connector - routers/computer connected by cable

computer/network card

- only that computer and any computers connected to it

2<sup>nd</sup> mark

(c) One mark for feature and one for why useful

Feature	Why useful
Data can be re-routed	Can by-pass breakages
	Can find quickest route
More than one path for data transfer	Fast data transfer
·	Can avoid bottlenecks
Direct connection between individual	Fast data transfer
nodes	

[2]

[4]

[3]

- 7 (a) One mark each for any two of:
  - electronic message board
  - users join forum
  - access if by username and password
  - users respond to messages and other replies
  - strings of responses build up called 'threads'
  - often moderated
  - users are often rated according to the amount of use/number of postings or replies.

[2]

(then one mark each for identification of any **two** relevant uses)

- to post information for others
- to ask others for advice
- to give advice to others
- to discuss equipment / practices.

[2]

- (b) Any one of:
  - web server running software for discussion forum
  - LAN connections to server.

[1]

- 8 Any two of:
  - IP address of ftp server
  - username
  - password
  - name of directory where files will be stored
  - size of file to be uploaded
  - name of file to be uploaded.

[2]

9

Band	Criteria	Marks
L	Candidate has identified risks	1–4
М	Candidate has identified risks	5–8
	Candidate has described causes of those risks	
Н	Candidate has identified risks	9–11
	Candidate has described causes of those risks	
	Candidate has explained the minimisation of those	
	risks linked to the causes	

Risks (eg) (R)	Causes (C)	Minimisation (M)
Data is deleted	Hardware failure User error	Regular back up
	Deliberate/malicious removal	Firewall/anti-virus software
Files are corrupted	Virus	Anti-virus software
	Hardware failure	Regular back up.
Data is copied illegally	Hackers	Firewall software
	Corrupt users	Delete old users
		Keep passwords secure
		Policies on where data is kept.
Data is viewed illegally.	Hackers	Firewall software
		Secure passwords
	Data left where it can be accidentally viewed.	Policies for data use

[11]

#### Section B Mark Scheme June 2009

**10 (i)** fibre optic cable (1 mark) ST or SC connector (1 mark)

OR

STP cable (1 mark) RJ-45 connector (1 mark)

[2]

- (ii) 1 mark each for any two relevant reasons from:
  - fibre immune to electrical interference
  - fibre light is not affected by electrical equipment
  - STP high level of resistance to electrical interference
  - STP fast transmission
  - either suitable length >100m before degradation.

[2]

- 11 1 mark each for any three of:
  - http:// = internet service to be used
  - www = type/name of server
  - ocr.org.uk = domain name
  - path to page stored on server
  - type of organisation
  - location.

[3]

12 Continuously varying (1 mark)

Use (e.g.): transmission of signals over telephone line, data from sensors (1 mark)

[2]

13 (a) 1 mark for identification and 1 for expansion of any of:

range of frequencies (1) on a channel (1) available for transmission of data (1) difference between highest and lowest frequency (1) available of channel (1) volume of data over time (1) expressed as bps (1)

[2]

**(b)** 1 mark for correct answer (4 seconds)

1 mark each for any two of:

size of file =  $32 \times 1024 \times 8$  bits speed of transfer =  $64 \times 1024$  bits per second divide size of file by speed of transfer

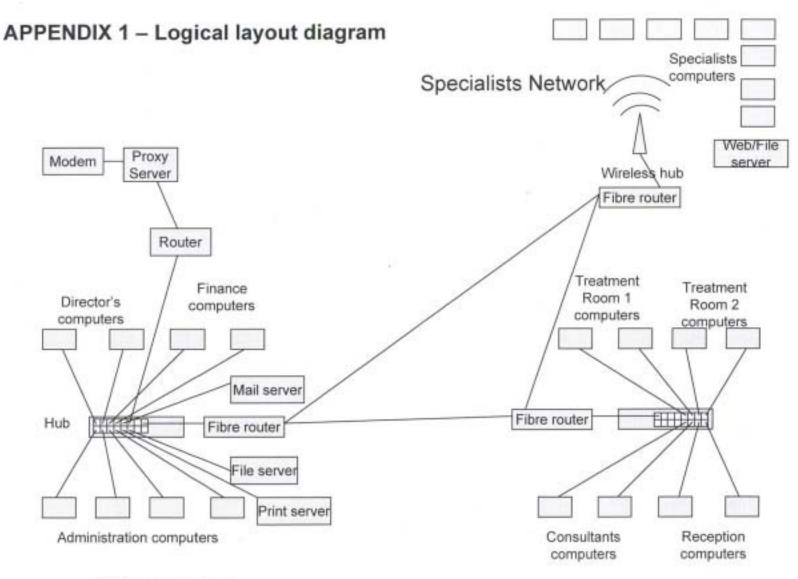
[3]

- 14 (a) 1 mark each for any three of:
  - keeps a record of all problems that have occurred
  - groups problems into categories
  - helps to show recurring problems
  - provides a reference point
  - referred to if major problems occur.

[3]

- (b) 1 mark each for any three of:
  - date
  - time
  - description
  - user
  - who reported the problem
  - how the problem was resolved
  - who resolved the problem.

[3]



Office Network

Treatment centre Network

## **Grade Thresholds**

## GCE Applied ICT (H115/H315/H515/H715) June 2009 Examination Series

## **Coursework Unit Threshold Marks**

U	nit	Maximum Mark	Α	В	С	D	Е	U
G040	Raw	50	46	41	36	31	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G042	Raw	50	46	41	36	31	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G043	Raw	50	45	40	35	30	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G044	Raw	50	44	39	34	30	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G045	Raw	50	44	39	34	30	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G046	Raw	50	44	39	34	30	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G047	Raw	50	46	41	36	31	26	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G048	Raw	100	87	77	67	58	49	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G049	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G050	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G051	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G052	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G053	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G056	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G057	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G058	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G059	Raw	50	46	40	35	30	25	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0

## **Examined Unit Threshold Marks**

U	nit	Maximum Mark	Α	В	С	D	E	U
G041	Raw	100	77	70	63	56	49	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G054	Raw	100	68	60	52	45	38	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0
G055	Raw	100	69	61	53	46	39	0
	UMS	100	80	70	60	50	40	0

## **Specification Aggregation Results**

Uniform marks correspond to overall grades as follows. Advanced Subsidiary GCE (H115):

Overall Grade	Α	В	С	D	E
UMS (max 300)	240	210	180	150	120

Advanced Subsidiary GCE (Double Award) (H315):

Overall Grade	AA	AB	BB	ВС	CC	CD	DD	DE	EE
UMS (max 600)	480	450	420	390	360	330	300	270	240

## Advanced GCE (H515):

Overall Grade	Α	В	С	D	E
UMS (max 300)	480	420	360	300	240

Advanced GCE (Double Award) (H715):

Overall Grade	AA	AB	BB	ВС	CC	CD	DD	DE	EE
UMS (max 600)	960	900	840	780	720	660	600	540	480

## **Cumulative Percentage in Grade**

Advanced Subsidiary GCE (H115):

Α	В	С	D	E	U
2.8	12.2	33.5	59.9	79.8	100
There were 965	54 candidates ag	gregating in June	e 2009.		

Advanced Subsidiary GCE (Double Award) (H315):

AA	AB	BB	ВС	CC	CD	DD	DE	EE	U
1.9	4	7.8	17.3	29.7	42.5	56	66.6	76.4	100
There we	ere 670 ca	ndidates a	aggregatin	g in June	2009.				

## Advanced GCE (H515):

Α	В	С	D	E	U					
5	22	50.8	76.2	92.1	100					
There were 7033 candidates aggregating in June 2009.										

Advanced GCE (Double Award) (H715):

AA	AB	BB	ВС	CC	CD	DD	DE	EE	J		
1.3	4.8	11.4	20.8	35.4	52.5	65.8	77	88.7	100		
There were 797 candidates aggregating in June 2009.											

For a description of how UMS marks are calculated see: <a href="http://www.ocr.org.uk/learners/ums">http://www.ocr.org.uk/learners/ums</a> results.html

Statistics are correct at the time of publication.

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