## Mark Scheme (Results) J anuary 2011

GCE

## GCE Applied ICT (6959/ 01)

Communications and Networks

Edexcel is one of the leading examining and awarding bodies in the UK and throughout the world. We provide a wide range of qualifications including academic, vocational, occupational and specific programmes for employers.
Through a network of UK and overseas offices, Edexcel's centres receive the support they need to help them deliver their education and training programmes to learners. For further information, please call our GCE line on 0844576 0025, our GCSE team on 0844576 0027, or visit our website at www.edexcel.com.

If you have any subject specific questions about the content of this Mark Scheme that require the help of a subject specialist, you may find our Ask The Expert email service helpful.

Ask The Expert can be accessed online at the following link:
http:// www.edexcel.com/ Aboutus/ contact-us/

Alternately, you can speak directly to a subject specialist at Edexcel on our dedicated ICT Subject telephone line: 08443722186.

J anuary 2011
Publications Code UA026098
All the material in this publication is copyright
© Edexcel Ltd 2011

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Indicative content: a set of notes for J anet about three contactless systems |  |
|  | First two methods <br> For proximity and / or vicinity <br> diagram shows radio loop / transmitter <br> diagram shows mobile device containing a circuit / transmitter-receiver <br> For vicinity <br> diagram shows radio receiver <br> For proximity <br> diagram shows touch pad <br> Descriptions might include, energy from electromagnetic / EM field from terminal, no batteries / internal power source needed <br> Differences between proximity and vicinity <br> The main (needed) difference is the range. (This may be shown in the diagrams) <br> Proximity $=$ touch ( $0-10 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) <br> Vicinity $=$ nearby ( $1-2$ metres) |  |

Other differences. ISO numbers, transfer rates, power requirements, security.
Third method. (No direct contact between the reading device and the object being read.)
A diagram showing a sensible method. e.g. fingerprint / palmprint / other reasonable biometric. Bar coded card / other passive scanable item.
NOT manual methods, e.g. typing entry codes / passwords, workers looking at I.D.
A reasonable note about how it works, stating range / must touch.
Indicative content for recommendation with reasons.
Reasons must relate to the issues given in the scenario:

1. The holiday park will be open to day visitors as well as residential guests. Some form of electronic access control will be required at the footbridges to keep the day visitors out of the apartment area.
2. Residential guests will have free use of all the rides, (log flume, rapids ride and boating lake). Day visitors will pay as they go.
3. The rides, bar-cafes, and the ticket office must be connected to the LAN.
4. A residential guest must be able to obtain items at the bar-cafes and charge the cost to their account.
5. People are likely to be wearing only a swimming costume.
6. Residential guests will include children who may use the Water Wonders facilities unaccompanied. Parents must be given a method of restricting a child's privileges. e.g. what they may purchase and which rides they may use.
7. Any access or payment device used in the system must be waterproof, shockproof and robust. It must use contactless technology. (No direct contact between the reading device and the object being read.)
8. There should be a common method of operation for all access and payment points.
Indicative reasons:

- suitable for adults and children. e.g. automatic recognition / no PINs or passwords to remember
- robust and waterproof. e.g. embedded in plastic / no exterior contacts / no battery needed / solid state / uses a biometric
- usable for access. e.g. preprogrammed code for footbridges / rides / biometric identifies user / more difficult to copy
- usable for payment. e.g. individual codes / biometric and connection to accounts computer
- wearable device such as a wristband. e.g. any sensible suggestion, wristband, belt clip, neck strap / uses a biometric

|  | parental controls. e.g. connection to a terminal for parents to choose <br> restrictions / additional information can be added e.g. medical <br> conditions |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| - proximity / biometric / barcode better than vicinity for payment and |  |  |
| parental control as it requires a positive action (touch) by the user |  |  |
| cost comparisons. |  |  |
| Reverse arguments as reasons not to recommend are acceptable but would need |  |  |
| to address both rejected choices as one point. |  |  |


| Level | Mark | Descriptor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | No rewardable material. |
| Level 1 | 1-4 | Notes have simple diagrams with little or no text. Or have text but no diagrams. <br> Notes have reasons that only address one or two requirements of the scenario. <br> (suitable for adults and children, robust and waterproof, usable for access, usable for payment, wearable device such as a wristband, parental control) <br> The candidate uses everyday language and the response lacks clarity and organisation. Spelling, punctuation and the rules of grammar are used with limited accuracy. |
| Level 2 | 5-8 | Notes have diagrams or a detailed description for the proximity and vicinity systems that illustrate some technical detail. The text refers to the difference between them. <br> There is some attempt at a contactless third system. <br> Notes have reasons which address at least three of the scenario requirements. (suitable for adults and children, robust and waterproof, usable for access, usable for payment, wearable device such as a wristband, parental control) <br> The candidate uses some terms and shows some focus and organisation. Spelling, punctuation and the rules of grammar are used with some accuracy. |
| Level 3 | 9-12 | Notes have clear diagrams for the proximity and vicinity systems that illustrate some technical details. The text makes clear the difference between them. <br> There is a sensible description of a contactless third system. <br> Notes have reasons which address at least four of the scenario requirements. (suitable for adults and children, robust and waterproof, usable for access, usable for payment, wearable device such as a wristband, parental control) <br> The candidate uses a range of appropriate terms and shows good focus and organisation. Spelling, punctuation and the rules of grammar used with considerable accuracy. |

Activity 2 - Network connectivity.



| Question Number | Answer |  |  |  | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3a |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Required evidence for <br> A table for submission to J anet which identifies the hardware and cabling components to be used on the Water Wonders site, giving a reason for each component. |  |  |  | 7 |
|  | 1 mark per component, with sensible reason. Max 7 Needs to be in context. Allow different numbers if reason justifies. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Component | Number | Reason | Notes |  |
|  | PC (+screen, keyboard, etc.) | 6 | 3 bar-cafe, 3 rides | Not 7 without a good reason. Ticket office has one already |  |
|  | Switch with fibre optic link capability | 1 | for centre of star + fibre optic link | Min of 7 ports. 13 if assume that payment points have own cables Allow switch plus separate optical receiver transmitter |  |
|  | Fibre optic cable | 150-250 m | link between stars | length depends where candidate sites the switch <br> Allow here OR in next table (3b) |  |
|  | Fibre optic terminators | 2 | link to switches | Allow here OR in next table (3b) |  |
|  | Ethernet cable Cat 5 or better | $\begin{aligned} & \min 2 \text { boxes } \\ & / 600 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | cables to rides + barcafes + ticket office | length depends where candidate sites the switch |  |
|  | RJ 45 ends | pack of 25 | need 2 per cable / patch lead | = 14 for the PCs but may add more |  |
|  | Patch leads | 6 to 12 | data socket to PC etc. | depends on network configuration check the reason |  |
|  | Data sockets | 6 to 12 | SO <br> structural <br> cable does <br> not plug <br> into a PC etc. | depends on network configuration check the reason |  |
|  | Internet phone / microphone | 7 | 6 new PCs, 1 in ticket office, all need VolP | NOT a standard telephone. Must be something that can connect to the network. e.g. a VoIP phone / PC microphone / headset. |  |
|  | Patch panel | 1 | To organise cabling at the switch | not a requirement, allow with a sensible reason |  |


| 3b | Required evidence for 3b <br> A table for submission to J anet which identifies the hardware and cabling components to be used on the apartments site, giving a reason for each component <br> 1 mark per component, with sensible reason. Needs to be in context. Allow different numbers if reason justifies. |  |  |  | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Component | Number | Reason | Notes |  |
|  | PC (+screen, keyboard, etc.) | $\min 2$ | 1 for restaurant, 1 for Internet cafe | NOT including the 5 already present. Will probably have more than 1 in Internet cafe. |  |
|  | Server | 1 or 2 | control network | may have server + backup |  |
|  | Switch with fibre optic link capability | 1 | for centre of star + fibre optic link | Min of 9 ports, more for expansion and extra Internet Cafe PCs <br> Allow switch plus separate optical receiver transmitter |  |
|  | Router | 1 | for Internet | needs to be telephone broadband |  |
|  | Fibre optic cable | $\begin{aligned} & 150- \\ & 250 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | link between stars | length depends where candidate sites the switch Allow here OR in previous table (3a) |  |
|  | Fibre optic terminators | 2 | link to switches | Allow here OR in previous table (3a) |  |
|  | Ethernet cable Cat 5 or better | $\begin{aligned} & \min 1 \\ & \text { box / } \\ & 300 \mathrm{~m} \end{aligned}$ | cables for reception etc. | length depends where candidate sites the switch |  |
|  | RJ 45 ends | pack of 25 | need 2 per cable / patch lead | = 18 for the PCs / printers but may add more for Internet Cafe |  |
|  | Patch leads | $\min 9$ | data socket to PC etc. | depends on network configuration, check the reason and PC numbers |  |
|  | Data sockets | $\min 9$ | so structural cable does not plug into a PC etc. | depends on network configuration, check the reason |  |
|  | Internet phone / microphone | $\min 6$ | 5 old PCs + restaurant, all need VolP | NOT a standard telephone. Must be something that can connect to the network. e.g. a VoIP phone / PC microphone / headset. May be on Internet cafe PCs as well |  |
|  | Patch panel | 1 | to organise switch cabling | not a requirement, allow with a sensible reason |  |
|  | Specific printer | 1 | restaurant | Required by scenario |  |
|  | Other sensible |  |  | Must be justified and in context |  |


| 3c | Required evidence for 3c <br> A table for submission to J anet which identifies the software components to be used in the design <br> 1 mark per component, with sensible reason. |  |  | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Component | Reason | Notes |  |
|  | Network / server OS | to control the network | probably Windows Server 2008 but allow other sensible |  |
|  | Workstation OS | to run PCs | Probably Windows 7 but allow other sensible |  |
|  | Anti-virus | network has Internet Cafe / connection to Internet | any reasonable version, e.g. Sophos, Norton May be part of OS |  |
|  | Anti-malware | network has Internet Cafe / connection to Internet | any reasonable version, e.g. Spybot, Ad-aware, Defender May be part of OS |  |
|  | Firewall / filter | network has Internet Cafe / connection to Internet | any reasonable version, e.g. Zone Alarm, Outpost May be part of OS |  |
|  | VolP software | required by scenario | any reasonable version, e.g. Skype, Live Messenger |  |
|  | Other sensible | must match scenario | Not OFFICE software, etc. |  |
|  |  |  |  | (21) |


| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4a | Required evidence for 4a: <br> a network design for the complete project |  |
|  | a) Diagram shows; 3 rides, 3 bar-cafes, ticket office, reception block with restaurant and Internet Cafe. <br> b) Diagram shows access control system for footbridges. <br> c) Cable type(s) identified. <br> d) Each ride has PC and access control system. <br> e) Each bar-cafe has PC and access control system. <br> f) Ticket office has PC and networked printer. <br> g) Ticket office has router. <br> h) Ticket office has Internet connection. <br> i) Ticket office has three networked ticket machines. <br> j) Ticket office has an (8 port) switch. <br> k) Water Wonders site, has a central switch in a sensible location. <br> Not in ticket office. <br> With fibre connection to q <br> I) Reception has 4 pcs and a networked colour laser printer. <br> m) Manager's office has PC and a networked B/ W Iaser printer. <br> n) Restaurant has a PC and printer <br> o) Internet Cafe has equipment as specified by candidate. <br> p) Server in sensible position. (not used as a switch, max 3 connections) <br> q) Reception block has central switch (16 port)in sensible position. <br> With fibre connection to $k$ <br> r) Reception block has router. <br> s) Sensible routes from server to router \& switch. <br> t) Reception / Internet Cafe has Internet connection. <br> Max 16 marks | 16 |
| 4b | Required evidence for 4b <br> An explanation and justification of decisions made regarding the positioning of network devices and equipment. <br> There are no marks for descriptions of what is on the diagram. <br> 1 mark per explanation which justifies a positioning decision, to a maximum of 6 . <br> 1 mark per explanation which justifies a general network decision, to a maximum of 3 <br> Maximum total of 6 . <br> e.g. The Internet Cafe has 6 PCs $=0$ <br> The Internet Cafe has 6 PCs so that routine maintenance of a machine will not prevent guests from having Internet access / so that guests are less likely to complain about having to queue for access. $=1$ <br> Answers may include: <br> - Server position <br> - Apartments site, router position <br> - Network protection / security measures <br> - Internet Cafe PC numbers | 6 |

- Internet Cafe connection
- Internet Cafe security
- Internet Cafe Iocation
- Water Wonders site, switch position
- Expansion provision

Network Diagram. NOTE. This diagram:

- is drawn to illustrate all of the marking points
- is not the only answer
- is probably not the best answer


Activity 5 - Network addressing and protocols

| Question Number | Answer | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5a | Required evidence for 5a: <br> All addresses given must be 192.168.1.X | 8 |
|  | Static / dynamic with device $\quad$ Justification |  |
|  | (a) Static address for server (1) <br> (b) Server runs the system / DHCP so cannot be in DHCP / dynamic (1) |  |
|  | (c)Static address for router (1)(d) routers are gateways, <br> addresses must be fixed (1) |  |
|  | (e) Static address for f) e.g. Printer remote admin (1) networked printer (1) |  |
|  | (g) Static or Dynamic addresses for PCs, with justification (1) |  |
|  | (h) Static for access / payment <br> points (1)(i) e.g. remote admin, checking <br> child privileges at each point (1) |  |
|  | (j) Static or Dynamic addresses for ticket machines, with justification. (1) |  |
|  | (k) Explanation of reservations / scopes / leases in DHCP (1) Mark may be given as a bonus in any of the above |  |
|  | 1 mark each to a maximum of 8 marks |  |


| Question <br> Number | Answer | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{5 b}$ | Required evidence for 5b: <br> Explanation of why having two similar Class C networks will not <br> cause a problem. <br> Any 5 of: <br> $\bullet$ <br> - both networks are private | $\mathbf{5}$ |
|  | - explanation of what private means  <br> - routers have public addresses  <br> $\bullet$ the public addresses hide / mask the private ones <br> - explanation of Network Address Translation being used  <br> Maximum 5 marks  |  |


| Question Number | Answer |  | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5c | Required evidence for 5c: <br> A list and brief description of some common VoiP features. Any sensible feature with a description. 1 mark to max of 6 Description indicates a business use, in the context of Water Wonders 1 mark |  | 8 |
|  | Example features | Example of how it is used in context |  |
|  | voice mail | To allow messages to be left for the manager if they away from their desk. |  |
|  | text communication and attachments / file sending | To allow documents to be sent from London - Spain during a video conference call |  |
|  | video communication | Video conferencing between management in London and Spain |  |
|  | conference / multi-way calls | Allows all staff at e.g. the barcafes to be given instructions at the same time |  |
|  | Call logging | Enables management to track usage / abusage by staff. |  |
|  | Other sensible X3 | In context |  |
|  |  | Maximum 8 marks |  |

Standard ways of working. 2 Marks
All printouts must have a header and a footer. The header must contain the activity number. The footer must contain your name, candidate number and centre number.

Minimum font size of 10 should be used for all word processed documents.

Further copies of this publication are available from Edexcel Publications, Adamsway, Mansfield, Notts, NG18 4FN

Telephone 01623467467
Fax 01623450481

Email : publications@linneydirect.com
Order Code UA026098 J anuary 2011

For more information on Edexcel qualifications, please visit www.edexcel.com/ quals

Edexcel Limited. Registered in England and Wales no. 4496750
Registered Office: One90 High Holborn, London, WC1V 7BH

