

GCE

Health and Social Care

Unit F910: Promoting Quality Care

Advanced Subsidiary GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2015

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

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Annotations

Annotation	Meaning of annotation
	Tick
×	Cross
?	Unclear
BP	Blank Page – this annotation must be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.
BOD	Benefit of doubt
Li	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NAQ	Not answered question
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
TV	Too vague
^	Omission

IMPORTANT UPATE:

ADDITIONAL OBJECTS: You **must** annotate the additional objects for each script you mark. If no credit is to be awarded for the additional object, please use annotation as agreed at the SSU, likely to be 'seen' or the highlighting tool.

CROSSED OUT, RUBRIC ERROR (OPTIONAL QUESTIONS) AND MULTIPLE RESPONSES

Crossed-out Responses: Where a candidate has crossed out a response and provided a clear alternative then the crossed out response is not marked. Where no alternative response has been provided, examiners may give candidates the benefit of the doubt and mark the crossed out response where legible.

Rubric Error Responses – Optional Questions: Where candidates have a choice of question across a whole paper or a whole section and have provided more answers than required, then all responses are marked and the highest mark allowable within the rubric is given. (The underlying assumption is that the candidate has penalised themselves by attempting more questions than necessary in the time allowed.)

Multiple Choice Question Responses: When a multiple choice question has only a single, correct response and a candidate provides two responses (even if one of these responses is correct), then no mark should be awarded (as it is not possible to determine which was the first response selected by the candidate).

When a question requires candidates to select more than one option/multiple options, then local marking arrangements need to ensure consistency of approach.

Contradictory Responses: When a candidate provides contradictory responses, then no mark should be awarded, even if one of the answers is correct.

Short Answer Questions (requiring only a list by way of a response, usually worth only **one mark per response**): Where candidates are required to provide a set number of short answer responses then only the set number of responses should be marked. The response space should be marked from left to right on each line and then line by line until the required number of responses have been considered. The remaining responses should not then be marked. Examiners will have to apply judgement as to whether a 'second response' on a line is a development of the 'first response', rather than a separate, discrete response. (*The underlying assumption is that the candidate is attempting to hedge their bets and therefore getting undue benefit rather than engaging with the question and giving the most relevant/correct responses.)*

Short Answer Questions (requiring a more developed response, worth **two or more marks**): If the candidates are required to provide a description of, say, three items or factors and four items or factors are provided, then mark on a similar basis – that is downwards (as it is unlikely in this situation that a candidate will provide more than one response in each section of the response space.)

Longer Answer Questions (requiring a developed response): Where candidates have provided two (or more) responses to a medium or high tariff question which only required a single (developed) response and not crossed out the first response, then only the first response should be marked. Examiners will need to apply professional judgement as to whether the second (or a subsequent) response is a 'new start' or simply a poorly expressed continuation of the first response.

	Questi	on	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	а	i	One mark for each example. Two required <u>Direct</u> Exclusion from: Job(s)/Occupation/Employment Education Goods and Services Verbal abuse/physical abuse	2x1	Accept any suitable examples relevant to any protected characteristics: age, sex, disability, gender reassignment, sexual orientation, religion and belief, marriage and civil partnership, race, pregnancy and maternity.
			versal abass, priyotoal abass		Direct discrimination is less favourable treatment of a group based on a protected characteristic.
1	а	ii	Indirect Lack of wheelchair access No female toilets Information only in one language No prayer room Height restrictions Requiring uninterrupted previous service/work history Headgear restrictions Dress codes Hair restrictions		Accept any suitable examples relevant to any protected characteristics: age, sex, disability, gender reassignment, sexual orientation, religion and belief, marriage and civil partnership, race, pregnancy and maternity. Indirect discrimination occurs when an employer/organisation applies a provision, criterion or practice that puts one group at an unfair disadvantage

Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance	
Question 1 b	One mark for each identification. One mark for each explanation. Interviewing • non-discriminatory questions - ensure people with disabilities are not asked about anything inappropriate. • same questions to all - to ensure that there is a fair chance for everyone in relation to questions asked to people with disabilities • no personal questions - to avoid asking about things that should not influence a decision, e.g disabilities • mixed panel - to ensure there are a range of viewpoints on the panel to make it fairer and not biased towards people with disabilities	Mark 3x1 3x1	Guidance Accept reasonable explanations relevant to disability	
	consult relevant commissions / legislation to ensure compliance with legal requirements regarding people with disabilities			

Q	uestio	n Answer	Marks	Guidance		
				Content	Levels of response	
1	С	a policy statement explaining who is covered by the policy and what is meant by goods, facilities and services; stating the aims and outcomes of the policy; the link to the organisation's vision or mission statement and business plan; have reference to the legal requirements; indicate who is responsible for implementation;	7	Level 3 at least 2 components clearly described, or all components described well	.Level 3 [6 - 7marks] There will be a detailed description of at least two components of an EOP, or all components described well These will be developed logically and there will be evidence of synthesis within the work. Answers will be factually accurate, using	
		an implementation plan which includes commitment from senior management and staff; consultation with people who use services, staff and the wider community; the training of staff to		Level 2- at least one component	appropriate terminology. There will be few errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.	
		promote ownership and good practice; target setting and timescales; establishing methods for monitoring and measuring progress; communicating the policy to people who use services and staff;		described	Level 2 [4 – 5 marks] They will make an attempt to describe at least two components of an EOP. Answers will be factually correct. There may be some noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and	
		the ways in which the policy will be monitored to include the collection of data, e.g. by gender for applications for services, those refused services, complaints;		Level 1- May only be one component described	spelling. Sub-max of 4 for one component done well Level 1 [1 – 3 marks]	
		an evaluation of the policy to see whether the policy has ensured fair representation of people from all groups in the community; high levels of customer satisfaction; a good reputation of the organisation in the local community;			There may be evidence of description of one or two components of an EOP. Answers are likely to be list-like, muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive	
		after evaluation, targets can be set to improve future performance.			0 marks - response not worthy of credit.	

C	uesti	ion	Answer	Mark	Guidance
2	а		Three explanations from:	2 2	Focus of responses should be on why not how.
			Maintaining confidentiality	2	1 mark for a simple explanation
			maintain trust		2 marks for a detailed explanation
			maintain rights		·
			keep them safe/protected		Some explanations can be interchangeable.
			maintain privacy		Accept suitable explanations which relate to vulnerable
			avoid embarrassment		adults.
			meet legal requirements		
			protect reputation of the home/care worker		Do not accept repeated reasons.
			Promoting individual rights and beliefs maintain privacy for people within the home. maintain dignity and respect maintain choice so PWUS can make own decisions empower PWUS PWUS feel supported/valued/confident avoid discrimination in the setting		
			Promoting the equality and diversity meet mobility/individual needs treat people fairly/with equal opportunities encourage understanding of different culture/religion treat according to needs PWUS can have a voice		

3 a One mark for each. Four required • anger • frustration • withdrawn • humiliated • embarrassed • low self-esteem/self worth/worthless • low self confidence	Question	Answer	Mark	Guidance
 frustration withdrawn humiliated embarrassed low self-esteem/self worth/worthless low self confidence Only accept the first answer on each line Only accept the first answer on each line	3 a		4x1	
 depressed sad/upset/unhappy devalued stressed/feel ill lonely/isolated/excluded self-harming disempowered anxious/frightened/scared/paranoid confused lack of trust 		 frustration withdrawn humiliated embarrassed low self-esteem/self worth/worthless low self confidence depressed sad/upset/unhappy devalued stressed/feel ill lonely/isolated/excluded self-harming disempowered anxious/frightened/scared/paranoid confused 		

Qı	uestion	Answer	Marks	Guida	ance
3	b	Legislation Children Act (1989,2004) Accept Human Rights Act, Protection of Children Act, ECM aims to reduce discrimination / abuse aims to protect children from abuse / discrimination gives children rights paramount principle children consulted wherever possible / gives children the right to speak out / have a voice / to be	6	If act is named incorrectly still award marks if description is correct or if no legislation is named. No mark for identification of a law. Level 3 Comprehensive description – at least two features	Level 3 [5 – 6 marks] There will be a comprehensive description of at least two features of legislation that aims to protect children and young people. These will be developed logically and there will be evidence of synthesis within the work. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.
		 heard stay with wider family circle issues determined as soon as possible working in multidisciplinary teams children with special needs are categorised as children in need' care orders / emergency protection orders ECM five key outcomes 		Level 2 Detailed description at least two features or sub max 3 for one feature done well	Level 2 [3 -4 marks] There will be a detailed description of at least two features of legislation that aims to protect children and young people. Answers will be factually correct. There may be some noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Sub-max of 3 for one feature done well.
		 children's plan and children's trusts Local Safeguarding Children's Boards (LSCB) working together / partnership working children's commissioner created children's database Director of Children's Services / Lead 		Level 1 Basic description/list like answers	Level 1 [1- 2 marks] There will be a basic description of the content of legislation that aims to protect children and young people. Answers are likely to be list-like, muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive.
		 care orders / emergency protection orders 		For ECM – five key outcomes count as one feature only.	0 marks – response not worthy of credit.

Question	Answer	Mark		Guidance
3 C	 Limitations communication errors social workers overloaded and fear for their jobs media hounding. cost and time – resources (staff) may not be able to meet the demands of the legislation not all professionals follow procedures all children covered by the legislation – has led to loss of focus on the most vulnerable difficult for children to know about legal protection/their rights issues of child poverty and inequalities in society. Children's voice not heard/ vulnerable/scared to speak out/embarrassed/ashamed Children should be 'seen but not heard'/do not think they will be listened to or believed Some abuse difficult to detect/prove/signs maybe missed Stress to children in reporting abuse/in court Attitudes of non-professionals may not be changed e.g. parents 	10	Level 2 Attempts to analyse but more descriptive. Level 1 Basic List-like	Level 3 [8- 10 marks] The learner will give a detailed analysis of why legislation does not always benefit children and young people. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [5 – 7 marks] The learner will make a reasonable attempt to analyse why legislation does not always benefit children and young people. Answers will be factually correct. There may be some noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 1 [1 - 4 marks] The learner will attempt to analyse why legislation is not always successful. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating limited knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling are likely to be noticeable and intrusive. 0 marks – response not worthy of credit.

Q	uestion	Answer	Marks		Guidance
				Content	Levels of response
4	b	+adaptation of premises and facilities within the school/college to improve access for disabled children - this can be costly and time consuming + Provision of specialist equipment/resources eg loop system, adapted seating -cost, storage, training to use equipment + provision transport/volunteer drivers to get children who have limited transport/mobility to services -costly for local councils/government, lack of volunteers +campaigns to raise awareness/change attitudes towards children with disabilities. Campaigns for full inclusion and acceptance. Positive statements -Hard to change attitudes, campaigns often do not get heard, advice ignored. +promotion of self-advocacy to give individual children a 'voice' -limited service, not always known about or appropriate. +funding – identifying additional sourcesFunding is being reduced. Hard to know how to access funding. +joint planning and funding between services to increase efficiency/ensure better coverageMay be competition between services for resources, time to manage and meet, who has ultimate responsibility. +leaflets/information in schools and for parents/carers in a variety of formats so that it's accessible by allCostly to produce and distribute. People may be unaware that this is available. +student forum groups to raise awareness -Difficulty recruiting/ may not speak out. +provision of specialist staff to meet needs - costs/recruitment +train staff to have positive attitudes	7	Level 3 Link to young people/disabled children and education services must be explicit. At least two ways Level 2 Some link to young people/disabled children /education services may be implicit. At least two ways or submax 4 if one done well or no evaluation. Level 1 May be list like. One or two ways	Level 3 [6 - 7marks] There will be a detailed evaluation of at least two ways education services could facilitate access to services for disabled children/young people, these will be developed logically and there will be evidence of synthesis within the work. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. For full marks a conclusion will be given. Level 2 [4 – 5 marks] They will make an attempt to evaluate at least two ways education services could facilitate access to its services for disabled children/young people Answers will be factually correct. There may be some noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Sub-max of 4 for one way done well or no evaluation just detailed explanation of ways. Level 1 [1 – 3 marks] There may be evidence of one or two ways education services could facilitate access to its services for disabled children/young people. Answers are likely to be list-like, muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive 0 marks - response not worthy of credit.

Question		n Answer	Marks	Guid	dance
				Content	Levels of response
4	С	 PoVA/Disclosures and Barring Service set out as part of Care Standards Act 2000 applies to care workers – both paid and unpaid. Places a duty on employers to refer a care worker to PoVA if by their misconduct they harmed or placed at risk of harm a vulnerable adult. DBS formed from the merger of the CRB and ISA. Defines what is meant by a 'vulnerable adult' Checks suitability of applicants before employment therefore minimises risk to PWUS Provides a list of unsuitable staff. MHA or Mental Capacity Act or Equality Act also accepted. 	5	No mark for naming legislation Level 2 Detailed outline of two features Level 1 One or two features - more list like. Basic outline	Level 2: 4-5 marks There will be a detailed outline of at least two features of legislation that aims to protect vulnerable adults. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling . Level 1 1-3 marks There will be a basic outline of one or two features of legislation which aims to protect vulnerable adults. List like answers should be placed in this band. Answers are likely to be muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive Sub max 3 for one feature done well O marks – response not worthy of credit.

Question		n Answer	Marks	Guidance		
				Content	Levels of response	
5	a	 Representation/stereotypes that teach people inaccurate views. News reporting that may be biased Sports representation is biased to certain sports associated with MEG – limits how they are seen by themselves and others. Portrayal and moral panics re terrorism that creates tensions and conflict. Generalisations of MEG Lack of MEG role models, especially as editors/senior journalists/presenters Often stereotyped in sport/music when they are shown. Lack of representation in adverts Shown as criminal/dependent/law breakers/benefit scroungers. Positive More role models in media/diversity of coverage Complaints made and upheld about racism/discrimination Objective coverage Documentaries showing MEGs in a positive light / raising awareness 	8	Level 2 Brief analysis Level 1 Basic information No requirement to include both positive and negative	Level 3 Response: 7-8 marks There will be a detailed analysis of how the media could influence public attitudes towards minority ethnic groups. Link to MEGS is explicit. Answers will be developed logically and use technical language. Answers will be factually accurate and they will be few errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 Response: 4-6 marks There will be a brief analysis of how the media could influence public attitudes towards minority groups. Links to MEGs may be more implicit. Answers will be factually correct. There will be some noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 1 Response: 1-3 marks There may be evidence of at least one way the media could influence public attitudes towards minority groups. Answers are likely to be muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive. List like answers should be placed within this level. 0 marks – response not worthy of credit.	

Question		on	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
5	b	•	not aware that they have been discriminated against therefore do not take their case forward unaware of their rights therefore they do not know the law well enough do not know how to seek redress fear of victimisation – worried it may actually make them be treated even worse/lose job cost / time / emotional cost of	Marks 7	Content Level 3 Two reasons explained in detail Level 2 Two reasons – a sound explanation. Sub max 4 for one reason done well Level 1 List like, one or two reasons, not explained.	Levels of response Level 3 [6-7 marks] There will be a detailed explanation of at least two reasons why individuals may not report discrimination, these will be developed logically and there will be evidence of synthesis within the work. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.	
		•	taking a case to court may put people off difficult to prove – so people won't bother as it's unlikely to result in positive outcome/feel may not be believed embarrassment / shame – about what's happened denial / fear of accepting what's happened – not able to cope with the reality of the situation effects of discrimination – lack confidence, learned helplessness			Level 2 [4 – 5 marks] There will be a sound explanation of at least two reasons why individuals may not report discrimination. Answers will be factually correct. There will be some noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Sub max 4 if one reason done well. Level 1 [1 - 3 marks] There may be evidence of one or two reasons why people may not seek redress. Answers are likely to be list-like, muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. O marks response not worthy of credit.	

Question	Answer		Guidance	
			Content	Levels of response
6	legislation alone does not reduce discrimination/protect rights/ discrimination still exists – need to work harder at changing attitudes institutional racism e.g. Stephen Lawrence case – organisations may be resistant to change more emphasis needed within education, advertising, media etc. to improve role models and reduce stereotypes difficult to police the protection of MEGs' rights /hard to prove MEGs may be vulnerable groups so more prone to abuse/discrimination stereotyping still very influential eg influence of the family/media (socialisation) cost/emotional stress and time to take cases to court/seek redress scapegoating of MEGs many people unaware of their rights many people unaware of how to seek redress fear of victimisation Strengths helps raise awareness gives people more rights more opportunities for MEGs more equality in many organisations high profile cases have been won school curriculum - more equality and encouragement to partake in range of subjects system of redress/support/commissions legislation is reviewed and updated racial hatred a criminal offence	15	Level 3 Well balanced evaluation. Both positive and negative points must be made. Link to MEGs is explicit. Level 2 Both positive and negative points must be made. Link to MEGs may be implicit. Sound evaluation. Sub-max of 8 for just negatives or just positives Level 1 May be only one strength or only one weakness. Attempt at evaluation.	A well-balanced evaluation of why legislation alone may not reduce discrimination against MEGs. Arguments will be developed logically and there will be evidence of synthesis within the work. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. For full marks a conclusion must be given. Level 2 [6 - 10 marks] Sound evaluation of why legislation alone may not reduce discrimination against MEGs. There will be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Submax of 8 for just negatives or just positives Level 1 [1-5 marks] An attempt at evaluating why legislation alone may not reduce discrimination against MEGs is given but lacks clarity and depth. Answers in this band are likely to be list-like, muddled and lack technical detail. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive 0 marks –. response not worthy of credit.

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