

GCE

Health and Social Care

Advanced GCE

Unit F918: Caring for Older People

Mark Scheme for June 2011

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Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
1 (a)	 One mark for each economic change, FOUR required no income from work as no longer working increased income from lump sum on retirement / insurance policies mature less income to rely on rely on pension have to budget carefully may be eligible for benefits mortgage paid off less / more debts may / may not be able to afford to go on holiday / leisure activities / socialising less / more money for luxuries / can afford luxuries may need to buy economy foods / poorer diet may / may not be able to treat grandchildren less / more money for presents no travelling expenses to work may need to downsize house to release money may not be able to afford to run a car may not be able to afford bills/ bills more expensive as at home more of the time eligible for a free bus pass / pensioner discounts rely on savings get a part-time job for extra cash 	4x1 [4]	Answers must link explicitly to 'money' – vague answers such as 'cannot go on holiday' are not acceptable as there is no monetary justification – use omission annotation ^ Links must be made to retirement situation.

Que	stion	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
Que 1 (k		 One mark for each lifestyle change, THREE required One mark for each explanation, THREE required increased ability to participate in community activities may take on voluntary work / raised self-esteem increased leisure time – so able to spend more time with family no longer see work colleagues/working – as she is no longer an employee an does not go to work each day 	Mark 3x1 3x1 [6]	Rationale / Additional Guidance Explanation will be relevant and valid
		 spend more time together with partner / husband / family so they are able to appreciate each other more able to go out and make new friends/spend more time with friends – so have increased / more varied support take up new hobbies / leisure activities – so feel more relaxed / fitter has the freedom to choose what she does – no longer in routine / have to work shifts could experience health problems – become dependent on others and rely on partner / husband / 		
		 friends realisation that time is passing by / closer to death so make the most of opportunities rely on family financially – no longer supporting family as much dependent on others – have to rely on family rather than being the leading role socially isolated – change in focus with friends / no longer working 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
1 (c)	Level 3 [5 marks] Candidates will clearly outline how at least two new roles during retirement could affect Martha emotionally. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [3 – 4 marks] Candidates will describe or attempt to outline how at least two new roles during retirement could affect Martha emotionally Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 3 marks for one role done very well) Level 1 [0 – 2 marks] Candidates will identify new roles or emotional effects on Martha. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. New Roles • pensioner / no longer an employee • role within the community eg neighbourhood watch coordinator • role within the family eg childminder for grandchildren/spending more time with partner • voluntary worker eg working in a charity shop/helping out at hospice	[5]	Emotional effects must link directly to the role changes identified.

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	 Emotional effects: feel more / less valued / proud – because she is able / unable to provide support feel more / less needed / wanted – because she is able / unable to do the things he has always wanted to raised / lowered self-esteem / self-worth – because she has more freedom to choose what he does raised / lowered confidence – because she has been able / unable to make new friends / lost friends at work improved / lowered motivation – because she is / needs to learn new skills to carry out her new roles / no longer using skills feel happy / unhappy – because she is enjoying / not enjoying her new roles feel bored – no longer working / less active worried / concerned – because she does not like the changes that are happening to her stressed / depressed – due to being dependent on others / because she is no longer relied on to provide for her family / at work 		

	Quest	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
2	(a)	(i)	 One mark for ONE disorder from: cancer of the bowel ulcerative colitis Crohn's Disease diabetes 	[1]	Accept IBS
	(a)	(ii)	One mark for each physical effect, FOUR required from:	4x1	Effects must link to the disorder named in (a)i.
			 unable to eat a normal diet/loss of appetite weaker stomach muscles weak muscles in digestive tract/incontinence dehydration due to loss of fluids weak muscles in the rectum persistent diarrhoea / loose stools severe constipation feeling very tired / lack of energy bloating of the abdomen severe wind causing pain in stomach painful piles severe / unexpected loss of weight anaemia / lack of iron in the body lack of essential nutrients inflammation of the digestive tract severe abdominal pain blood in stools dizziness due to low/high blood sugar frequent urination specific physical effects linked to disorder chosen 	[4]	Note: sub-max of TWO for identification only

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
Question 2 (b)	Level 3 [5 – 6 marks] Candidates will clearly explain at least two coping strategies an older person could use to relieve the effects of a disorder of the digestive system. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [3 – 4 marks] Candidates will describe or attempt to explain at least two coping strategies an older person could use to relieve the effects of a disorder of the digestive system. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 3 marks for one way done very well) Level 1 [0 – 2 marks] Candidates will identify coping strategies an older person could use to relieve the effects of a disorder of the digestive system. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. • use complementary therapies – for relaxation / relieve symptoms • talk to professionals - to get information about their condition • take prescribed medication regularly – relieve pain / aid	Mark [6]	Rationale / Additional Guidance Listing coping strategies alone only give level 1. Must have additional explanation for at least one of the ways to get into level 2.
	 take prescribed medication regularly – relieve pain / aid digestion eat a balanced diet - to maintain digestion take food / vitamin / mineral supplements – to prevent malnutrition 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	 plan outings / journeys in advance – to know where toilets are join a support group - to share experiences / get advice talk to others in a similar situation – to support them / gain advice research using internet / books / leaflets – increase understanding increase water intake - to improve digestion seek advice / support from voluntary groups eg Age Concern take gentle exercise - to aid digestion 		

(Questi	ion	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
3	(a)	(i)	One mark for ONE disorder from:	[1]	
			senile dementia / Alzheimer'smultiple sclerosisParkinson's		
3	(a)	(ii)	 Parkinson's One mark for each identification TWO required One mark for each explanation TWO required isolation – because they are unable to go out / poor mobility / unable to drive loss of friends – because of unusual behaviour patterns / forget who they are not able to take part in activities – so do not try / could get lost or not find way home do not want to go out – because of lack of confidence / embarrassed people have negative reactions to them – because of changes in their appearance make friends with carers – because they see them regularly see less of family – because they do not recognise them / afraid see more of family – because they are concerned about them 	2x1 2x1 [4]	Effects must be SOCIAL- for example 'cannot afford to go out' is not appropriate [Effects will be linked to the disorder of the nervous system] [Explanation of each effect will be relevant and valid] Note: sub-max of three if no explanation
			 do not take part in hobbies / interests – because they get confused easily make new friends with people in a similar situation to themselves – because they understand their situation dependent on others – as they cannot do things for themselves socially excluded – people do not understand their condition / stereotyping /prejudice/feels safer poor social skills – cannot interact / communicate with others 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
3 (b)	Level 3 [5 – 6 marks] Candidates will clearly discuss at least two reasons why an older person with a disorder of the nervous system could find it difficult to cope with daily living activities. References will be directly made to the impact of a disorder of the nervous system and examples of daily living activities demonstrating thorough understanding. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [3 – 4 marks] Candidates will discuss at least two reasons why an older person with a disorder of the nervous system could find it difficult to cope with daily living activities. Candidates will attempt to link their answer to a disorder of the nervous system and daily living activities. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 3 marks for one reason done very well) Level 1 [0 – 2 marks] Candidates will identify possible ideas why an older person could find it difficult to cope with a disorder of the nervous system. There may be limited, if any reference to a specific disorder. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. • lack of self-esteem – because they rely on help from other people	[6]	Answers must be linked to daily living activities to achieve Level 2 and 3 marks – not generalised.

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
Question	 increased care needs – because their body does not function properly speech affected – so cannot make themselves understood / get frustrated self image / identity changed - people making fun of them / prejudice lack of confidence – because they are unsure of how to deal with the disorder afraid / concerned – because the disorder increases the risk of accidents embarrassment – because of their inability to participate in activities pain / discomfort – may affect their ability to carry out daily living tasks / participate in activities not able to go out socialising - afraid of falling or dropping something lack of visitors – people lose interest in going to see them not see family / friends – unable to cope with their condition deteriorating less leisure activities / hobbies – due to loss of memory have to spend time at medical appointments – to keep disorder under control isolation / loneliness – because cannot go out as much as before / find it difficult to talk to others about their disorder confusion – because they do not understand the impact of their disorder 	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	 poor mobility / balance – making showering/getting dressed difficult cooking meals difficult / forget to eat – safety issues with using the cooker / memory loss poor personal hygiene – forget to wash / use of toilet 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance	
Question 3 (c)	Level 3 [7 – 9 marks] Candidates will clearly analyse at least two ways a home care assistant should promote individual rights and beliefs when supporting an older person with a disorder of the nervous system. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [4 – 6 marks] Candidates will attempt analysis of at least two ways a home care assistant should promote individual rights and beliefs when supporting an older person with a disorder of the nervous system. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 5 marks for one way done very well) Level 1 [0 – 3 marks] Candidates will identify ways a home care assistant should promote individual rights and beliefs when supporting an older person with a disorder of the nervous system. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be list-like, muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. Promote individual rights and beliefs: encourage older person to be independent wherever possible	Mark [9]	Rationale / Additional Guidance Level 3 must refer to promoting right of a person wit disorder of the nervous system – examples are accepatable.	h a
	understanding. Answers are likely to be list-like, muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. Promote individual rights and beliefs: encourage older person to be independent wherever			

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	 always ask older person what they need / want and not make presumptions empower older person to do as much as they can for themselves no matter how long it takes make sure the support they provide is carried out safely make sure they live in a safe environment treat older person with dignity and respect recognise personal beliefs and preferences enable them to maintain their identity raise awareness of how to complain being aware of their cultural / religious needs addressing older person correctly / calling him by the name they prefer keep information confidential and sharing on a need to know basis talk in an appropriate manner and not making him feel inadequate provide care according to their individual needs consent must be requested before care is carried out 		
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Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
4 (a)	One mark for each description of physical effect, THREE required from: • decreased mobility / unable to move around easily / loss of balance • pains in the chest / down left arm • pain in the jaw / neck • decreased energy levels / feeling very tired • suffers from breathlessness • cold / blue lips / cold / blue fingers / toes • poor circulation affecting fingers / toes • weakened heart muscles • increased risk of further heart problems • feeling light headed / dizzy spells • feeling nauseous / vomiting • tiredness/fatigue • swollen ankles • weakness/numbness/paralysis down one side of the body • slurred speech / communication difficulties / swallowing difficulties • high/low blood pressure • unable to do strenuous activities	[3]	Answers must be description – identification only on two or more must have sub-max of 2 marks only [If effect is directly linked to the chosen disorder the mark will be awarded] Note: sub-max of TWO for identification only

Que	estion	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
4	(b)	Level 3 [5 marks] Candidates will clearly outline how at least two reasons why Sophia has an increased likelihood of potential dangers. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [3 – 4 marks] Candidates will describe or attempt to outline how at least two reasons why Sophia has an increased likelihood of	<u>Mark</u> [5]	For level 3 reasons must link to Sophia eg age related or related to her disorder of the circulatory system.
		potential dangers. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 3 marks for one reason done very well) Level 1 [0 – 2 marks] Candidates will identify reasons why Sophia has an increased likelihood of potential dangers. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding.		
		Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling may be noticeable and intrusive. • she could have a reoccurrence of her disorder of the circulatory system – which could make her fall / unable to call for help		
		 loss of feeling in her fingers/poor grip – so she drops things easily tiredness could make her muscles weak – so she could trip / stumble and break bones poor mobility could result in accidents – because she is unstable on her feet she could fall more easily – because her balance has deteriorated 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance	
	 cooking /preparing meals can be dangerous – her reactions are not as quick as they were/could drop hot pans she might not see steps / stairs – causing her to trip she could become forgetful - so not lock the door or forget to turn electrical equipment off may let strangers into the house – as she cannot remember who she should let in may find getting in/out of the bath difficult – so slip and hurt herself/break bones her carer is an older person – so cannot fully support her to reduce risks 			

Questio	n Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance	
4 (c)	Level 3 [6 – 7 marks] Candidates will clearly analyse at least two ways the Carers Recognition and Services Act 1995 ensures Rigor receives the support he needs to care for Sophia at home. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.	[7]	[7]	Must be reference to Rigor to achieve level 2 marks – application of knowledge is required.
	Level 2 [4 – 5 marks] Candidates will describe at least two ways the Carers Recognition and Services Act 1995 ensures Rigor receives the support he needs to care for Sophia at home. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling.			
	Level 1 [0 – 3 marks] Candidates will identify ways the Carers Recognition and Services Act 1995 ensures Rigor receives the support he needs to care for Sophia at home. Answers are likely to be list-like. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive.			
	 assess the ability of Rigor to provide care social services must take this into consideration Rigor is not expected to take on duties of professional care worker care plan will be written to make sure Sophia's needs are met professionals work together with Rigor to provide care information given about services available 			

Question

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
5 (a)	Level 3 [6 - 7 marks] Candidates will explain in detail how at least two different types of community care services that could provide support for Charlie at this time. Relevant examples of services will be used to highlight the answer. A thorough understanding of the support provided will be evident. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the work. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [4 – 5 marks] Candidates will give a limited explanation of how at least two different types of community care services that could provide support for Charlie at this time. Examples of services will be used to highlight their answer. A basic understanding of the support they could provide will be evident. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidente of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 4 marks for ONE type of service covered very well) Level 1 [0 – 3 marks] Candidates may identify one or two different community care services that could provide support for Charlie at this time. There will be limited reference to specific types of services or the support provided. Understanding will be superficial. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive. Health-care services • GP surgery - GPs prescribe medication to reduce pain	INCIN	Accept relevant examples of practitioners who work for the service – it should be noted that technically these are not the services as asked for in the question. Care worker is too vague to be awarded mark Services must be linked to supporting Charlie to live in his own home.

Question Expected Answer	Mark Rationale / Additional Guidance
community nursing - monitor health to assess changes / administer medication / take blood pressure/pulse / check peak flow measurements / check and change oxygen tanks physiotherapy - provide exercises to improve breathing health visiting - advise on health living practices to improve safety / reduce risks / monitor health NHS Direct - provide advice and guidance if his condition worsens ambulance service - provide transport to hospital appointments / provide emergency treatment if breathing fails Social-care services social services - social worker - assess needs to produce a care plan to ensure needs are met / care manager - monitor care plan and ensure needs are being met occupational therapy - assess home for aids and adaptations / provide specialist aids / adaptations / advise on safe practices to improve independence day-care centre - meet others in similar situations to share experiences, increase social interaction to make friends / reduce isolation transport services - take them to appointments safely Domiciliary services home-care - provide support with daily living tasks, support with personal hygiene meals on wheels - delivering ready made meals to give the nutrients required / reduce potential risks of preparing own meals	Mark Rationale / Additional Guidance

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
5 (b)	Level 3 [7 – 8 marks] Candidates will clearly discuss at least two ways practitioners should promote equality and diversity in their day-to-day tasks. There will be specific reference to day-to-day tasks they will carry out when providing care for Charlie. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [4 – 6 marks] Candidates will briefly discuss at least two ways practitioners should promote equality and diversity in their day-to-day tasks when caring for Charlie. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. (Sub-max 4 marks for one way done very well) Level 1 [0 – 3 marks] Candidates will identify ways the practitioners should promote equality and diversity with little if any reference to their day-to-day tasks or provision of care for Charlie. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive. Promote equality and diversity use non-discriminatory practice towards Charlie provide care according to Charlie's needs for his respiratory disorder never stereotype Charlie because he has a respiratory disorder	[8]	List like answers with loads of examples of ways without discussion can only achieve level 1.

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	 identify and fight their own prejudices towards older people / those with respiratory disorders use language that Charlie can understand when explaining the care they are providing challenge others who may discriminate against him check Charlie has understood what is said before continuing with his care listen carefully to Charlie when he is talking to them use appropriate body language so that Charlie feels he can approach them for support not labelling people as disabled / old respect Charlie's personal beliefs not verbally abusing Charlie by swearing / shouting at him not physically abusing Charlie / hurting him / hitting him / not maintaining his hygiene provide information in chosen language provide meals according to his preferences when Charlie is dressing encourage him to do as much as he can for himself any other acceptable response 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
6 (a)	Level 3 [7 – 8 marks] Candidates give detailed and comprehensive analysis of at least two ways sensory impairments could affect an older person's ability to communicate with other people. Relevant examples will be used to highlight the answer given demonstrating a high level of knowledge and understanding of the impact of sensory impairments. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be evidence of synthesis within the answers. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [4 – 6 marks] Candidates give sound analysis of at least two ways sensory impairments could affect an older person's ability to communicate with other people. Examples will be used to highlight the answer given demonstrating a sound level of knowledge and understanding of the impact of sensory impairments. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the work. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Sub-max of FOUR marks for one way analysed in detail. Level 1 [0 – 3 marks] Candidates will give a basic analysis or identify one or two effects of sensory impairment on an older person's ability to communicate with other people. Examples may be omitted or vague. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive. • may be unable to make eye contact/see who they are	Mark [8]	Rationale / Additional Guidance Accept examples of impact of sensory impairment on older person's ability to communicate.
	 may be driable to make eye contact/see who they are communicating with cannot hear conversations may have to rely on someone to sign for them / interpret conversations 		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	may lose track of the conversation		
	low self-esteem		
	lack of confidence		
	others may be unable to use sign language		
	others may get frustrated when trying to communicate		
	with them and give up trying		
	Braille may not be available		
	 information not always available in preferred formats 		
	may get frustrated when they are not understood		
	can miss non-verbal signals through body language		
	 hearing enhanced for people with visual impairments 		
	conversations tend to be more meaningful		
	able to concentrate fully on conversations they are		
	having		
	 most services have advocates available 		
	there is a wide range of communication aids they can		
	use		
	carers make an effort to communicate with them		
	 touch is accepted as an alternative method of 		
	communication		
	 people with sight problems may find it difficult to 		
	recognise people which makes conversations difficult		
	 services may not be fitted with a hearing loop so 		
	people who se hearing aids would have problems		
	communicating		
	people who lip read would not be able to converse on		
	the telephone		
	clarity of speech could worsen with hearing		
	degeneration		
	others may not realise they have a sensory impairment		
	so not communicate with them effectively		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
6 (b)	Level 3 [9 - 12 marks] Candidates will clearly evaluate the effectiveness of the NHS and Community Care Act on the provision of services to meet the needs of pwus with a sensory impairment. There will be explicit reference to strengths and weaknesses of the legislation and meeting the needs of older people with sensory impairment. A conclusion will be drawn. Answers will be factually accurate, using appropriate terminology. There will be few, if any, errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Level 2 [5 - 8 marks] Candidates will evaluate the effectiveness of the NHS and Community Care Act on the provision of services to meet the needs of pwus with a sensory impairment. There may be some reference to strengths and weaknesses. Answers will be factually accurate. There will be evidence of coherence within the answers. There may be noticeable errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling. Sub-max of 6 marks for strengths or weaknesses only. Level 1 [0 - 4 marks] Candidates will identify ways the NHS and Community Care Act influences the provision of services to meet the needs of pwus with little if any reference to a sensory impairment. Candidates may give minimal description and show limited understanding. Answers are likely to be muddled, demonstrating little knowledge or understanding. Errors of grammar, punctuation and spelling will be noticeable and intrusive. Strengths pwus have the right to have their needs assessed right to have services provided in accordance with	[12]	Do not give marks just for 'meeting needs' as this is the question. No marks for act providing aids or adaptations as these are not service provision.
	published criteria		

Question	Expected Answer	Mark	Rationale / Additional Guidance
	 pwus have the right to complain if the service is not provided care plan will be written to make sure needs are met practitioners work in partnership to care for individual needs information given about services available allows pwus to have maximum independence enables pwus to remain in their own home for longer consistent approach will be given by all her carers pwus fully involved in the assessment of their needs choices will be offered health and social services working together services delivered in a seamless manner high standards of care pooled budgets to provide co-ordinated care packages 		
	 Weaknesses pwus not aware of their rights post-code lottery for provision of services financial constraints on provision pwus may be afraid to complain care is often rushed due to shortage of time allocations lack of communication between services records can be completed inaccurately some professionals do not work well with others mistakes may not be recognised 		

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