



Oxford Cambridge and RSA

Friday 20 May 2022 – Afternoon

AS Level Ancient History

H007/01 Relations between Greek states and between Greek and non-Greek states, 492–404 BC

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes



You must have:

- the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet

INSTRUCTIONS

- Use black ink.
- Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.
- Answer **all** the questions in Section A and **one** question in Section B.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is **60**.
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].
- Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- This document has **4** pages.

ADVICE

- Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

SECTION A

Answer **all** the questions in this section.

- 1 How effective were the strategies of Sparta during the Archidamian War (431–421 BC)? [10]
- 2 Read the following passages.

In the following winter Aristides, the son of Archippus, one of the commanders of the Athenian ships which were sent out to collect money from the allies, captured at Eion, on the Strymon, a Persian called Artaphernes, who was on his way to Sparta from the King of Persia. He was taken to Athens, and there the Athenians had his dispatches translated from the Assyrian characters and read them. A number of subjects were mentioned, but the main point for the Spartans was this – that the King did not understand what they wanted, since the many ambassadors who had come to him all said different things: if, therefore, they had definite proposals to make, they were to send him some delegates with this Persian. Afterwards the Athenians sent Artaphernes back in a trireme to Ephesus and sent some ambassadors with him. There, however, they heard that Artaxerxes, the son of Xerxes, had just died (his death took place just about this time), and they returned home.

Thucydides, *The History of the Peloponnesian War*, 4.50

We are the people who first made a treaty with the Great King – I must remind you of past events in order to give you the best advice – and agreed to friendship for all time, a treaty which Epilykos son of Tisander, my mother's brother, was responsible for as ambassador, and then, persuaded by the King's banished subject Amorges, we cast off the King's power, as if it was worth nothing, and took up the friendship of Amorges, considering him to be stronger.

Andokides 3.29

On the basis of these passages and other sources you have studied, to what extent did both the Spartans and the Athenians seek the help of the Persians during the Peloponnesian War? [20]

SECTION B

Answer **one** question from this section.

- 3*** How effective was the Thirty Years' Peace of 446–445 BC in resolving the conflicts between the various cities of mainland Greece?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as supporting your answer with your own knowledge.

[30]

- 4*** 'Persian desire for expansion and conquest made conflict with the cities of mainland Greece inevitable.' To what extent do you agree with this statement?

You must use and analyse the ancient sources you have studied as well as supporting your answer with your own knowledge.

[30]

END OF QUESTION PAPER



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