

GCE

Accounting

Unit F014: Management Accounting

Advanced GCE

Mark Scheme for June 2016

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All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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Question			Answer/Indicative content							Mark	Guidance	
1	(a)	a) <u>FIFO</u>									8	
		Ye	ear	Receipts	Issues		Bala	nce				
		20)13	560 x 16	7,120 x 16		640	x 16 = 10,240)(1)			
				7,200 x 16								
		20)14	640 x 16	640 x 16		660 x	x 16.80 = 11,0	088 (1)			
				7,920 x 16.80	7,260 x 16	.80						
		20)15	660 x 16.80	660 x 16.8	0	400	x 17.22 = 6,8	88 (1)			
				9,000 x 17.22	8,600 x 17	.22						
		<u>LIF</u>	<u>0</u>				-					
		Ye	<u>ear</u>	Receipts	Issues		Bala	nce				
		20)13	560 x 16	7,120 x 16		640 x	x 16 = 10,240	(1)			
				7,200 x 16								
		20)14	640 x 16	7,900 x 16	.80	640 x	x 16 = 10,240)			
				7,920 x 16.80			20 x	16.80 = 336				
							= 10	,576 (2)				
		20	015	640 x 16	9,000 x 17	.22	400 (1) x 16 = 6,40	00 (1)			
				20 X 16.80	20 x 16.80							
				9,000 x 17.22	240 X 16							
		Tro	dina A	accurate for the w	or onded							
	(b)		ung A					2014		2015	9	
		50			<u>2013</u> 142 400(1)			<u>2014</u> 165 000(1)		104 460(1)		
			ales Istock	8 060	142,400(1)	10.2	40	103,900(1)	11 088	194,400(1)		
			irch	115 200(1)		133.0	+0 56(1)		15/ 080(1)			
				<u>124</u> 160		143.2	96		166 068			
		C/	stock	10 240		11 0	88		6 888			
		C	nS		113,920	<u> </u>	00	132,208		159,180		
		Gr	ross		28.480			33.692		35.280(1)		
		Pr	ofit		(1of)			(1of)		<u> </u>		
						1			1			

Question	Answer/Indicative content	Mark	Guidance
(c)*	FIFO Resulting value of closing stock more likely to reflect current market values.	14	
	Good representation of sound storekeeping practice, if oldest stock is issued first.		
	Acceptable for SSAP 9/IAS 2 and HMRC for tax purposes.		
	Issue prices may not equate to current values.		
	Initially discloses highest profit, although in the long run will equate with other methods.		
	LIFO Usually unrealistic if based on assumption that the most recent purchases are sold before older stock.		
	Stock valuation is at older prices and may not relate to current costs.		
	Not acceptable for the purposes of SSAP 9/IAS 2 or for HMRC for tax purposes.		
	Initially discloses lowest profit, although in the long run will equate to other methods.		
	AVCO Evens out fluctuating prices which may present with other methods.		
	Acceptable for SSAP 9/IAS 2 and HMRC for tax purposes.		
	Disclosed profit in between FIFO/LIFO methods, although equates to same in the long run.		
	A maximum of 4 marks available for each method, broken down for each as follows:		
	1 for point plus 1 for development)		
	QWC (2)		

Question		1	Answer/Indicative content				
2	(a)(i)	<u>960,000</u> 40% (2) 2,400,000		2			
	(ii) (i)	Selling price Job NG113 Direct labour Direct materials Prime cost Factory overheads Total factory costs Gen expenses 20% Total cost Profit Selling price	$ \begin{array}{r} 21,200 \\ \underline{800} \\ 22,000(1) \\ \underline{8,480}(1) \\ 30,480 \\ \underline{6,096}(1) \\ 36,576(1) \\ \underline{24,384} \\ \underline{60,960}(10f) \\ \end{array} $	5			
	(b)	Direct labour hour rate de	pt	6			
		Finishing <u>450,000</u> 250,000	1.80 DLH (1)				
		Assembly <u>360,000</u> 300,000	1.20 DLH (1)				
		Packing <u>150,000</u> 187,500	0.80 DLH (1)				
		Machine hour rate dept Finishing <u>450,000</u> 15,000	30 MHR (1)				
		Assembly <u>360,000</u> 9,000	40 MHR (1)				
		Packing <u>150,000</u> 7,500	20 MHR (1)				

Question	Answer/Indicative content	Mark	Guidance
Question (c) (d)	Answer/Indicative content Selling price Job NG113 Direct labour 21,200 Direct material 21,200 Birect material Prime cost 22,000(1) Factory overheads: 22,000(1) Finishing (1,100 x 1.80) 1,980(1) Assembly (1,500 x 1.20) 1,800(1) Packing (400 x 0.80)	Mark 7 9	Guidance
	(3 x 1 mark, with 1 mark for appropriateness)		

Question		Answer/Indicative content	Mark	Guidance
	(e)	Over absorption, too much overhead charged to production, overpriced and uncompetitive, fall in demand and subsequent loss of revenue/reduction in profit.	6	
		Under absorption, insufficient overhead charged to production, lower price to customer, costs not covered and subsequent reduction in profits.		
		(2 x 3 marks) (1 for point plus up to 2 for development)		

Question				Mark	Guidance					
3	(a)*	<u>Marginal</u> Sales O/stock Var cost C/stock Contribu Fixed co Gross P	Costing - s <u>496,000</u> 496,000 <u>62,000</u> (1) tion sts rofit	<u>2013</u> 588,000 (1) <u>434,000</u> 154,000 <u>64,000</u> (1) <u>90,000</u> (1)	62,000 <u>512,000</u> 574,000 <u>64,000(1)</u>	<u>2014</u> 672,000 (1) <u>510,000</u> 162,000 <u>70,000(1)</u> <u>92,000(1)</u>	64,000 <u>720,000</u> 784,000 <u>18,000</u> (1)	<u>2015</u> 860,000 (1) <u>766,000</u> 94,000 <u>72,000(1) 22,000(1)</u>	24	
		Absorption Sales O/stock Var cost Fixed co C/stock Gross P	on Costing s 496,000 sts <u>64,000</u> (1) 560,000 <u>70,000</u> (1) rofit	<u>2013</u> 588,000 <u>490,000</u> <u>98,000</u> (1)	70,000 512,000 <u>70,000</u> (1) 652,000 <u>72,750</u> (1)	<u>2014</u> 672,000 <u>579,250</u> <u>92,750</u> (1)	72,750 720,000 <u>72,000</u> (1) 864,750 <u>19,800</u> (1)	2015 860,000 <u>844,950</u> 15,050(1) QWC 3		
	(b)	Make or b Dropping Acceptan Minimum Limiting fa Break-eve	ouy a product ce of special orde selling price actor en rk)	r					3	

June 2016

Question		Answer/Indicative content	Mark	Guidance
4	(a)	Standard cost for the total production in May 2016Materials718,848(1)Labour196,560(1)Variable overheads114,660(1)Fixed overheads51,480(1)1,081,548	5	
	(b)	Actual cost for the total production in May 2016 Materials 724,500 Labour 183,520 Variable overheads 114,000 Fixed overheads $\frac{48,300}{1,070,320}$ MPV: (6.40 - 6.30)115,000 = 11,500F(2) MUV: (112,320 - 115,000)6.40 = 17,152A(2)	12	
		LRV: $(12 - 12.40)14,800 = 5,920A(2)$ LEV: $(16,380 - 14,800)12 = 18,960F(2)$ TVO: $114,660 - 114,000 = 660F(2)$ TFO: $51,480 - 48,300 = 3,180F(2)$		

Questio	n Answer/Indicative content	Mark	Guidance
(c)	Reconciliation statement for the budgeted (standard) cost for the total production in May 2016 and the actual cost of production in May 2016.	4	
(d)	Budgeted (standard) cost 1,081,548(1 of) MPV 11,500 MUV 17,152 LRV 5,920 LEV 18,960 TVO 660 TFO 3,180 23,072(1) 34,300(1) Actual cost 11,228 Actual cost 1070,320(1) A favourable price variance may be because cheaper lower quality materials have been purchased and these may result in production problems and reduce profit. Cheaper lower quality materials may lower the quality of finished products and reduce customer demand and reduce profit. If same quality materials have been bought at a lower price then this will reduce the cost of sales and increase profit. Cheaper lower quality material may mean additional quantity is needed and give an adverse material usage variance. Additional work required may also lead to adverse labour efficiency. (2 x 3 marks) (1 for point plus up to 2 for development)	6	

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