



## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2014 series

## 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/42

Paper 4 (Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

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Pa	age 2	2	Ма	rk Scheme	e			Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge Inte	ernational A	A Level – C	October/No	ovember 20	)14	9706	42
1	(a)								
				\$000					
		Profit from operation	S	3752	2 (1)				
		Finance costs (W1)		(132	<u>)</u> (2)				
		Profit before tax		3620	) (1) OF				
		Tax		(905	<u>)</u> (1) OF				
		Profit for the year		2715	(1) OF				
		W1: Finance cos	sts:						
		1 800 × 8% <b>(1)</b> ×	11/12 (1) =	<b>:</b> 132					
									[6]
	(b)								
	. ,				\$000				
			Share	Share	Rev	Gen	Ret E	arnings	Total
			Capital	Premium	Reserve	Reserve		-	
		Balance at 01 June	25000	5000	1000	Zero	2950	) <b>(1) row</b>	33 950 <b>(1</b> )

	Oupitui	1 IOIIIIIIII	1,0001,00	11000140		
Balance at 01 June 2013	25000	5000	1 000	Zero	2950 <b>(1) row</b>	33 950 <b>(1)</b>
Final dividend 01.09.13					(1000) <b>(1)</b>	(1000)
Share issue	5000 <b>(1)</b>	500 <b>(1)</b>				5500
01.10.13 Rights issue	6 000 <b>(4)</b>					6000
01.11.13 Revaluation			1 500 <b>(1)</b>			1 500
01.02.14 Interim dividend					(1 080) <b>(5)</b>	(1080)
01.02.14 Transfer				500 <b>(1)</b>	(500) <b>(1)</b>	
01.03.14 Profit					2715 <b>(1)</b>	2715
31.05.14 Balance at 31 May 2014	36000	5500	2500	500	3085 (1) OF row	47 585 <b>(1) OF</b>

## <u>Workings</u>

Rights issue  $(25\,000 + 5000)$  (1) / 5 (1) × \$1 (1) = \$6\,000\,000 (1) Revaluation 7 500 000 - 6 000 000 (1) = \$1 500 000 (1) Interim dividend (25 000 000 + (1) + 5 000 000 (1) + 6 000 000 (1) × 0.03 (1) = \$1 080 000 (1) Final dividend (25 000 000 × 0.04 = \$1 000 000 (1) (25 000 00

- (c) The final dividend is not a liability (1) at the statement of financial position date. (1) It is therefore disclosed as a note to the accounts. (1) Non adjusting event (1) treated in next financial year (1)
- (d) A bonus issue would result in 1 share for each 5 held being given to the existing shareholders. (1)
   This is a bookkeeping exercise and a reserve is debited (1) and no cash is raised. (1)
   Therefore, the expansion plans of Aston plc would not be assisted. (1)
   [4]

Page 3		3	Mark Scheme			Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge	International A Level – October/Novem	oer 2014	9706	42
	(e)	(i)	amount imp	arrying amount of property, plant and equip airment has occurred. <b>(1)</b> able amount is the higher of the net realisa			in use. <b>(1)</b>
		(ii)	Asset 1 Asset 2 Asset 3 Total loss to	310 No impairment 55 income statement = 310 + 0 + 55 = 365	(1) (1) (1) (1) OF		[2]
							[Total: 40]
2	(a)		ntribution cash flow	(50 − 31.1) (1) × 20000 = \$378000 (1) 378000 − 120000 (1) = \$258000 (1) OF			
		Pro	fit	258000 - 150000 (1) = 108000 (1) OF			[6]
	(b)		18.9 <b>(1)</b>	<u>0000 (1)</u> = <u>270000</u> = 14286 units (1) OF			[5]

(c) Purchase of machinery should be included in year 0 (1) as that is when the cash flow arises (1). The annual cash flows to be discounted should not include depreciation (1) as depreciation does not involve the movement of funds (1). NPV based on net cash flows and not profit (1). [max 4]

(d)

	Cash flow	Discount factor	Discounted cash flow	
Year 0	(600 000)	1	(600 000)	(1)
Years 1 – 4	258 000 (2) OF	3.169 <b>(1)</b> NPV	817602 217602	(1) OF (1) OF

- (e)  $\frac{217602}{600000}$  (1) OF  $\times$  100 = 36.27% (2) OF 600000 (1)
- (f) <u>217602</u> (1) OF = 68665.8 a year (1) OF 3.169 (1)

<u>68665.8</u> (1) OF = \$3.43 per unit (1) OF 20000 (1)

 $3.43 (1) \text{ OF} \times 100 = 6.86\%$  (1) OF 50 (1)

[9]

[6]

[4]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – October/November 2014	9706	42
(g)	IAS16 (1) import duties and taxes site preparation delivery and handling costs installation and assembly costs of testing/inspection fees regularly replaced parts		
	any five $\times$ (1) each		[6

3

(a)

[Total: 40]

	Cas	sh budget 2015	5		
	Jan \$	Feb \$	March \$	April \$	
Receipts					
Cash sales Credit sales	3000	2600	2800	3200 <b>(1) row</b>	
1 Month					
$(90\% \times 50\% \times 96\%)$	11232 10800 <b>}(1)</b>	12960 11700 <b>}(1)</b>	11232 13500 <b>}(1)</b>	12 096 11 700 <b>}(1)</b>	
2 Months (90% × 50%)	10800	11700 ** 7	13500 ***	11700 5 7	
Loan received			10 000 <b>(1)</b>		
Vehicle sale proceeds				<u>1 100 <b>(1)</b></u>	
	<u>25032</u>	27260	<u>37 532</u>	28096	
Payments					
Suppliers	16 150 <b>(1)</b>	17 100	14250 (1)	18050 <b>(1) any 3</b>	
Vehicle purchase Rent		4 500 <b>(1)</b>	12 000 <b>(1)</b>		
Dividend	3 100 <b>(1)</b>	4000 (1)			
Sales and administration	6200	6200	6800	7 100 <b>(1) row</b>	
	25450	27800	33050	25 150	
Difference	(418)	(540)	4482	2946	
Bank b/f	<u>(1303)</u> (1)	<u>(1721)</u>	<u>(2261)</u>	2221	
Bank c/f	<u>(1721)</u>	(2261)	2221	<u>5 167 <b>(1) OF</b></u>	
					· [1

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Page 5	Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge International A Level – Octobe	er/November 2014	9706	42
(b)	Budgeted income statement for the four	months ending 30 /	April 2015	
	Revenue	\$	\$ 116 000 <b>(1)</b>	
	Opening inventory Purchases	2100 <u>65000 (</u> 1) 67100		
	Closing inventory Cost of sales Gross profit Discount received $69000$ (1) $\times 5\%$ (1) Less:	<u>3800 (</u> 1) both	<u>63 300</u> 52 700 <b>(1) (</b> 3 450	DF
	Administration costs Discount allowed $110000$ (1) × (45% × 4%) (1) Loss on disposal Depreciation Interest Rent	26 800 (1) 1 980 1 000 (1) 540 (1) 130 (1) 3 000 (1)		
	Profit for the period		<u>33450</u> 22700 (1) (	DF [14]
(c)	Capital expenditure appears in the cash budget be Capital receipts appear in the cash budget but no Non-cash items appear in the income statement Credit items are recorded in the income statement Examples (max 2)	ot in the income state but not in the cash b	ement. (1) oudget. (1)	) [4]
(d)	To plan for cash surpluses so that money can be To plan for cash shortages so that alternative sou			[2]

(e) <u>56750</u> (3) = 6.1 times (1) OF 9300 (1)

Note: 56750 (1) OF =  $\frac{22700}{0.4}$  (1) OF

[5]

[Total: 40]