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## **CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS**

**GCE Advanced Level** 

## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2013 series

# 9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/43

Paper 4 (Problem Solving – Supplement), maximum raw mark 120

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2				rk Schei				Syllabus	Paper
	G	CE A LEV	EL –	October	/Nove	mber 2013		9706	43
1 (a)			Pa	artners C	apital A	Accounts			
	A \$	B \$		C \$		Bal. b/d	A \$ 45 000	B \$ 35 000	C \$ 27 500 <b>(1)</b>
Goodwill 14 4 Re-valuation 3 7 Loan a/c	400 <b>(1)</b> 750 <b>(1)</b>	9 600 2 500	` '	1 250 30 250		Goodwill		(1) 8 000	
Bal c/d 38 8 57 0		30 900 43 000		<u>31 500</u>		Bal. b/d	57 000 38 850	43 000 30 900	31 500 (1)of
									[12]
(b) Inco	ome stat	tement an	d app	ropriatio	n acco	unt for yeaı	ending	30 June 201	13
	9	months t	o 31 <b>l</b>		13 \$	3	months t	o 30 June 2	013 \$
Gross pr Bad deb		•		238		1)	•		500 (1)
				244				79	500
Wages		112 500					7 500 <b>(1</b>		
Rent Heat and	d liaht	20 625 9 450					8 875 <b>(2</b> 3 150 <b>(2</b>		
Sundries		2 250				`	750 <b>(1</b>		
Loan inte	erest			,,,,			605 <b>(2</b>		
Net profi	+			(144	<u>825</u> ) 675 <b>(</b> 1	l\of			<u>880)</u> 620 <b>(1)of</b>
Int. on ca				99 (	015 (1	1,01		30	020 (1)01
	Α	3 038					777 <b>(1</b>	-	
	B C		(1)of				<u>618</u> (1	)	
	C	<u>1 856</u>	(1)01	(7	<u>257</u> )			(1	<u>395</u> )
					418				225
Profit	Λ	46 000	/4\~£			4-	7 EOF 14	\_f	
	A B	46 209 30 806					7 535 <b>(1</b> 1 690 <b>(1</b>		
	B C	<u>15 403</u>				<u></u>	\·	,	

(c) More capital may be invested. (2) (2) More knowledge, experience becomes available. May offer wider range of services to customers. (2) More cover available during absences (sickness, holidays). (2) Losses may be shared. (2) max 6 [6]

(92418)

NIL

[Total: 40]

[22]

 $(29\ 225)$ 

NIL

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2 (a) Voronez plc At 30 June 2012

Ordinary share capital

	Issue of 120 000 ordinary \$1 shares Bonus issue one share for every four held Rights issue one share for every six held Statement of financial position	120 000 (1) 30 000 (1) 150 000 25 000 (1) 175 000 (1)OF	
	Preference share capital Issue of 40 000 redeemable preference \$1 shares Statement of financial position	\$ <u>40 000</u> (1) <u>40 000</u>	
	Share premium Premium on issue of ordinary shares 120 000 @ \$0.10 Premium on issue of preference shares 40 000 @ \$0.15 Premium on rights issue of ordinary shares 25 000 @ \$0.60 Statement of financial position	\$ 12 000 <b>(2)</b> 6 000 <b>(2)</b> 15 000 <b>(2)OF</b> 33 000 <b>(1)OF</b>	
	Retained earnings Profit for the year (after preference dividend \$2000) Dividend on ordinary shares 120 000 @ \$0.10 Transfer to ordinary share capital (bonus issue) Statement of financial position	\$ 100 000 <b>(1)</b> (12 000) <b>(2)</b> ( <u>30 000</u> ) <b>(1)</b> <u>58 000</u> <b>(1)OF</b>	[17]
(b)	Voronez plc At 30 June 2013		
	Ordinary share capital Balance at start of year Purchase of own shares Statement of financial position	\$ 175 000 <b>(1)OF</b> ( <u>80 000</u> ) <b>(1)</b> <u>95 000</u> <b>(1)of</b>	
	Share premium Balance at start of year	\$ 33 000 <b>(1)OF</b>	
	Capital redemption reserve Purchase of own shares	\$ 80 000 <b>(1)</b>	
	Retained earnings Balance at start of year Profit for the year Preference dividend Capital redemption reserve – par value of shares Capital redemption reserve – premium on redemption Statement of financial position	\$ 58 000 (1)OF 86 000 (1) (2 000) (1) (80 000) (2) (10 000) (2) 52 000	[12]
(c)	Dividends must be paid from revenue reserves (retained earnings). (1 No dividend can be paid if no retained earnings (1) or revenue reserves.	ės (1).	[6]

[5]

Dividends may not be paid from share capital (1) or capital reserves (1).

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- (d) (i) A capital redemption reserve is created to protect the creditors of the business (1), to ensure the capital and cash of the company is not taken out of the business (1). [2]
  - (ii) The whole of the amount of the redemption is taken from retained earnings (1). This is because no new issues of shares have been made to help fund the redemption (1). [2]
  - (iii) The capital redemption reserve may be used to issue bonus shares (1) to existing shareholders (1). [2]

[Total: 40]

3 (a) Budgeted income statement for the year ending 31 May 2014

	\$		\$		
Revenue			58 870		
Opening inventory	4 800				
Ordinary goods purchased	23 770	(1)both			
	28 570				
Closing inventory	<u>5 100</u>	(1)both			
Cost of sales			23 470		
Gross profit			35 400		
Discount received					
Less:			238	(1)	
Discount allowed	1 177	(1)			
Bad debts	589	(1)			
Rent	10 000	` '			
Administration costs	10 300	(1)			
Interest	480	(1)			
Insurance	1 850	(1)			
Loss on disposal	500	(1)			
Depreciation					
Fixtures and fittings	2 300	(1)			
Vehicle	<u>7 200</u>	(1)			
			<u>34 396</u>		
Budgeted profit for the year			1 242	(1)of	[13]

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## (b) Budgeted statement of financial position at 31 May 2014

Non-current assets Fixtures and fittings Vehicle	\$ Cost 23 000 <u>18 000</u> 41 000	\$ Depreciation 9 400 7 200 16 600	\$ Net book value 13 600 <b>(1)of</b> <u>10 800</u> <b>(1)of</b> 24 400
Current assets Inventory Trade receivables		5 100 (1)	
11 900 + 58 870 (1)of – 59 700 (1) – 1177 (1)of – 589 (1)of Other receivables (insurance)		9 304 500 14 904	
Current liabilities Trade payables 6100 + 23 770 (1)of – 20 700 (1) – 238 (1)of	8 932		
Other payables (interest) Cash and cash equivalents (bank) Net current assets	240 <b>(1)</b> 5 340 <b>(1)</b>		<u>392</u> 24 792
Non-current liabilities *Bank loan (6%)			8 000 (2) 16 792
Capital at 1 June 2013 Capital introduced Profit for the year			25 550 5 000 <b>(1)</b> <u>1 242</u> <b>(1)of</b> 31 792
Drawings			15 000 16 792

#### \*Bank 2 marks for correct figure.

1 mark for incorrect figure if it is a balancing figure.

[17]

(c) Trade receivables days = 
$$\frac{9304}{58870} \frac{\text{(1)of}}{\text{(1)of}} \times 365 = 57.7 \text{ days}$$
  
+ Inventory days =  $\frac{4950}{23470} \frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{(1)of}} \times 365 = 77.0 \text{ days}$   
- Trade payables days =  $\frac{8932}{23770} \frac{\text{(1)of}}{\text{(1)of}} \times 365 = \frac{137.2 \text{ days}}{\text{(2.5) days (1)of}}$ 

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(d) Improve credit control for trade receivables/trade payables.

Use factoring.

Reduce inventory levels.

Sell surplus non-current assets (if any).

Take additional bank loan.

Introduce additional capital

Reduce drawings.

Any three  $\times$  1 mark

[3]

[Total: 40]