

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2013 series

9706 ACCOUNTING

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9706/21

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2013 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2		Mark Scheme	Sylla		Paper		
		GCE AS/A LEVEL – May/June 2013	97	06		21	
(a)	Income s	tatement (trading section) from the year ended 31 Mar	ch 2013.				
			\$		\$		
	Revenue Cost of s			50	000 0		
		/ (1 August 2012)	15 400				
	Purchase		23 000				
			38 400				
	Inventory	/ (31 March 2013)	<u>13 200</u>				
				<u>25</u>	<u>5 200</u>	(1)	
	Gross pr	ofit		24	\$800	(1)	[2]
(b)	Gross pr	ofit percentage = (24 800 / 50 000) × 100 = 49.6%					[2]
(c)	The cost More was Theft of i Closing i	s margin obtained is less (worse) than planned. of the goods purchased for resale may have been higl stage than anticipated. nventory or cash nventory was understated on selling price	ner than	anticip	bated.		
	Two mar	ks per point – max of 4.					[4]
(d)	Income a	and Expenditure account for the year ended 31 March 2	2013				
			\$		\$		
	Profit on	food and drink	24 800	(1)0	F		
		000 - 1600 - 400 + 1000 + 2600)	31 600	(2)			
	•	concert (116 800 – 83 500 – 27 000)	6 300	(3)	62 70	0	
	Printing (14 000 – 2600 + 2800)	14 200	(1)			
	Repairs		8 000	(')			
	•	(45 000 – 2800 + 1600)	43 800	(1)			
	Sundry e		760	(1)			
	Sponsor	•	1 000				
	Loan inte		2 700	(1)			
	Deprecia	tion sale of equipment	34 000 2 000	(1) (1)			
	2000 011		2 000	. ,	106 46	0	
	Deficit of	expenditure/income			<u>\$43 76</u>	<u>0</u>	[12]
	Candidat	e may assume printing is for concert programmes in w	hich cae	o thor		d bo	~

Candidate may assume printing is for concert programmes in which case there would be a loss on the concert of \$7900.

Workings for depreciation: $(200\ 000 - 40\ 000 + 10\ 000) \times 20\% = 34\ 000$

Pa	ge 3	Mark Scheme GCE AS/A LEVEL – May		Syllabus 9706	Paper 21	
(e)	Stateme	nt of Financial Position at 31 March		5100	21	
(0)	Otatomo		\$	\$	\$	
	Non-curr	ent (fixed) assets	Cost	Depreciation	<u>NBV</u>	
	Equipme	nt	170 000	66 000	104 000	(3)
	Current a Inventory Subscrip Bank		13 200 2 600 <u>32 540</u>	(2) 48 340		
	Current I Subscrip Salaries Interest a Printing a	tions prepaid accrued accrued	400 1 600 2 700 <u>2 800</u>	<u>7 500</u>	<u>40 840</u> 144 840	
	Non-curr Loan	ent liabilities			<u>30 000</u>	
	Net asse	ts			<u>114 840</u>	
	Accumul LESS De	ated fund eficit I/E	158 600 <u>43 760</u>	(4) (1)(OF)	<u>114 840</u>	
	ACCUM	ULATED FUND CALCULATION				
	Award or	ne mark for each pair correct to ma	aximum of 4			
	Inventory	ent (200 000 – 40 000) / tions due		160 000 15 400 <u>1 600</u> 177 000		
	Less liab Salaries Subscrip Printing a Bank ove	accrued tions prepaid accrued	2 800 1 000 2 600 <u>12 000</u>	<u>18 400</u> 158 600	[Total:	[10] 30]

Workings for net depreciation: $40\ 000 - 8000 + 34\ 000 = 66\ 000$.

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2 (a) (i)

Machinery Account						
	\$			\$		
Balance b/d	138 600	(1)	Disposal	14 000	(1)	
Bank	11 500	(1)	Disposal	8 000	(1)	
Bank	16 200	(')	Disposal	9 600	(1)	
			Balance c/d	134 700		
	166 300			166 300		

(ii)

[5]

[6]

(11)						
Provision for Depreciation of Machinery Account						
	\$			\$		
Disposal	7 560	(1of)	Balance b/d	52 200 (1)		
Disposal	5 760	(1of)	Income Statement	24 246 (1of)		
Disposal	8 640	(1of)				
Balance c/d	54 486	(1)				
	76 446			76 446		
				[6]		

Workings for balance of depreciation: (134 000 – 10%) \times 20% = 24 246

(iii)

	Mach	iner	y disposals Account		
	\$			\$	
Machinery	14 000		Provision for Depreciation	7 560	(1)
Machinery	8 000		Bank	7 100	
Machinery	9 600	(1)	Provision for Depreciation	5 760	(1)
			Bank	1 320	(1)
			Provision for Depreciation	8 640	(1)
			Bank	850	
	31 600		Income Statement	<u> </u>	(1of)
				31 600	

(b) Reducing balance method (1), revaluation (1) or any other valid method. [2]

(c) Time, wear and tear, obsolescence, depletion (any 3 for 1 mark each). [3]

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Receipts	January	February	March	
Receipts from customers	12 000	10 000	12 000	(1)
Payments				
Payments to suppliers	10 000	4 000	6 000	(1)
	4 000	6 000	8 000	(1)
Other expenses	5 000	5 000	5 000	(1)
	19 000	15 000	19 000	
Opening bank balance	800 (1)	(6200)	(11200)	
Net cash flow	(7 000)	(5 000)	(7 000)	
Closing bank balance	(6 200)	(11 200)	(18 200) (1of)	

(e) Delay payment to suppliers; reduce expenses if possible; take deposits from customers; offer settlement discounts (2 × 1 mark). [2]

[Total: 30]

[6]

	Paper	Syllabus	Mark Scheme	Page 6
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3 (a)

Revenue (to	tal costs \times 1.25)		\$ 2 768 750 (2of)			
Direct mater	ial	\$ 310 000 (1)				
	r – Department A r – Department B	320 000 } (1) 180 000 } (1)				
Production overhead – Department A Production overhead – Department B Administration overhead		520 000 } (1) 480 000 } (1) <u>405 000</u> } (1)	<u>2 215 000</u>			
Profit for the	e year		<u>553 750</u> (1of)	[9]		
(b) (i) \$520 000 / 32 000 hours = \$16.25 per direct labour hour						
(ii)	\$480 000 / 20 000 hours = \$24.00 per direct labour hour					
(iii)	\$405 000 / \$810 000 = 50% of direct p	production costs		[2]		

(c)

,		\$		
Direct material	5 625 × \$2.48	13 950	(1)	
Direct labour – Department A	1 500 × \$10.00	15 000	(1)	
Direct labour – Department B	1 200 × \$9.00	10 800	(1)	
Production overhead – Department A	1 500 × \$16.25	24 375	(1of) 2(of)	
Production overhead – Department B	1 200 × \$24.00	28 800	(1of) 2 (of)	
Administration overhead	\$39 750 (1) × 50%	19 875	(1of)	
Total costs		112 800	(2 + 1of)	[11]

(d) \$112 800 (1of) × 1.25 (2) = \$141 000 (1of)

OR \$112 800 (1of) + 28 200 (2) = \$141 000 (1of)

[4]

[Total: 30]