MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2012 question paper

for the guidance of teachers

9706 ACCOUNTING

9706/22

Paper 2 (Structured Questions – Core), maximum raw mark 90

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

• Cambridge will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

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| | Page 2 | | eachers' version . – May/June 2012 | Syllabus 9706 | Paper 22 |
|---|--|--|--|--|-------------|
| 1 | (a) | Manufacturing Accou | nt for the year endeo | d 30 April 2012 | |
| | Add Pur Less Pu Less Inv Cost of Direct c | ry (1.05.11) rchases of raw materials urchase returns ventory (30.04.12) raw materials consumed osts cturing wages | \$ 238 000 1 <u>10 000</u> 1 | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 20\ 000\ 1 \\ \hline \\ \frac{228\ 000}{248\ 000} \\ \underline{56\ 000\ 1} \\ 192\ 000\ 1 \\ \hline \\ \frac{265\ 000\ 1}{457\ 000\ 1} \end{array}$ | |
| | Indirect Insuran General Factory Heat an Depreci Work-in Add inve | Overhead factory wages $(46 + 5)$ ce $(14 - 7) \times 70\%$ l expenses supervision salaries d light 6 000 × 80% ation $(260 - 60) \times 20\%$ -progress entory $(1.05.11)$ ventory $(30.4.12)$ | 51 000 2 4 900 2 6 000 15 000 1 4 800 2 40 000 2 52 000 1 58 000 1 | <u>121 700</u> 578 700 <u>(6 000)</u> | |
| | Factory | cost of production | 10F | 572 700 | [19] |

If Depreciation on Factory Premises, \$120 000 is included, ignore it. Factory cost of production will now be \$692 700 if all else is correct.

(b) Income Statement for the year ended 30 April 2012

| Sales Less Cost of Sales | | 799 000 |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| Inventory of finished goods (1.05.11) Transfer value of finished goods | 78 000 <u>572 700</u> 650 700 | 10F |
| Less inventory of finished goods (30.04.12) Gross profit | 72 000 | <u>578 700</u> 220 300 10F |
| Decrease in provision DD | | <u>800</u> 1 221 100 |
| Insurance Heat and light Admin expenses Office salaries Depreciation | 2 100 1 1 200 1 33 000 55 000≻ 1 20 800 1 | 112 100 |
| Net profit | | 112 100 109 000 10F |

[8]

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- (c) Examples
 - 1 Value of opening and closing inventory at lower of cost or net realisable value.
 - 2 Depreciation of non-current assets charges the estimated amount of the asset consumed against profit.
 - 3 Any other valid point, provision for depreciation, accruals/prepayments.

One mark per valid point.

Not provision for unrealised profit – must apply to Bart's accounts.

[Total: 30]

[3]

| 2 | (a) | Sales | Net profit | | | | | | |
|---|-----|--|--|-----------|-----------------|----------------|---------|---|-----|
| | | 200 000 400 000 500 000 860 000 Net profit | 12 000 32 000 40 000 86 000 170 000 1 | | | | | | |
| | | Not pront | 110 000 1 | Average | 42 500 1 | | | | |
| | | | | Two years | 85 000 1 | | | | [3] |
| | (b) | | | Capital | accounts | | | | |
| | | | М | А | | М | А | | |
| | | | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | | |
| | | | 2 | 2 | | 1 | | | |
| | | Goodwill | 51 000 | 34 000 | Balance b/d | 442 000 | | | |
| | | | 10F | 10F | | 1 | | | |
| | | Balance c/d | 476 000 | 286 000 | Goodwill | 85 000 | | _ | |
| | | | | | Bank | | 200 000 | | |
| | | | | | Vehicles | | 94 000 | | |
| | | | <u> </u> | | Inventory | <u> </u> | 26 000 | 1 | |
| | | | <u>527 000</u> | 320 000 | | <u>527 000</u> | 320 000 | | |

If Mhairi's Goodwill is combined and a net figure of \$34,000 shown on credit side, award 3 marks.

Balances b/d 476 000

286 000

[11]

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(c) Statement of Financial Position (Balance Sheet) at 1 May 2012

| | \$ | \$ |
|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|
| Non-current assets | | |
| Equipment | | 232 000 |
| Fixtures | | 160 000 |
| Vehicles | | 94 000 |
| | | 486 000 2 |
| Current Assets | | _ |
| Inventory (86 + 26) | 112 000 | 2 |
| Trade receivables | 16 000 | |
| Bank (200 – 14) | <u>186 000</u> | 2 |
| | 314 000 | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Trade payables | <u>38 000</u> | |
| Net current assets | | 276 000 |
| Net assets | | 762 000 |
| Capital | | |
| Mhairi | | 476 000 10F |
| Aiden | | 286 000 10F |
| | | 762 000 |

(d) The advantages are:

- More capital is available;
- Different partners may have different skills that are beneficial to the business;
- The management of the business can be shared;
 - The business is more efficient
 - There are more ideas
 - The responsibility is shared, so less stress
- Losses can be shared;
- Liquidity is improved.

Two marks per valid point to maximum of 8.

[8]

[8]

[Total: 30]

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| | | | | GCE AS/A LE | EVEI | ∟ – May/Jun | e 2 | 2012 | 9706 | 22 |
| 3 | (a) | Cost | | Basis | | Machining | | Assembly | Maintenance | Canteen |
| | | Indirect v Repairs a maintena | and | Number of employees Direct | 1 | 742 000 | | 1 102 400 | 169 600 | 106 000 |
| | | Rent and | l rates | machine hours Floor area | 1 1 | 369 000 23 850 | | 41 000 21 200 | 5 300 | 2 650 |
| | | Machine insurance Premises | e | Machine cost | 1 | 15 600 | | 8 400 | | |
| | | insurance Electricit | | Floor area Power | | 12 600 | 1 | 11 200 | 2 800 | 1 400 |
| | | power Deprecia | - | usage (%) | | 26 400 | 1 | 16 800 | 2 400 | 2 400 |
| | | of machi Consuma Reappor Maintena | nery ables tion | Machine co Consumable Canteen | | 9 100 9 550 39 795 <u>149 068</u> <u>1 396 963</u> | 1 1 | 4 900 9 800 68 220 <u>37 267</u> <u>1 321 187</u> | 550 1 5 685 1 (<u>186 335</u>) | 1 250 (<u>113 700</u>) [12] |
| | (b) | Overhea | d rate | <u>1 396 963</u> 202 500 | 1 | <u>1 321 1</u> 314 5 | | 1 | | |
| | | | | \$6.89858 DMH | 10F | \$4.200 DI | | 10F | | [4] |

Accept correct to 2 decimal places \$6.90 and \$4.20.

| (c) | Machining | | Assembly | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|-----|---------------|-----|----|---|
| Actual overhead | 1 410 000 | | 1 312 000 | | | |
| Absorbed overhead | 1 345 500 | | 1 335 600 | | | |
| | 64 500 | 10F | 23 600 | 10F | | |
| | under absorbed | 10F | over absorbed | 10F | [4 |] |

Accept approximations depending on use of decimal places in answers to **(b)**, around 64 777 and 23 889

(d) The machine department has not worked the planned hours. **10F** Its actual overheads were greater than the budgeted therefore increasing overall costs. **10F**

The assembly department has worked more than the planned hours. **10F** Its actual overheads were less than the budgeted therefore saving on overall costs. **10F**

Maximum of 2 marks for each department.

[4]

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(e) Use of estimated data which could be inaccurate, leading to under/over absorption.

Over–absorption, too much overhead charged to production, overpriced and uncompetitive, fall in demand and subsequent loss of revenue/reduction in profit.

Under-absorption, insufficient overhead charged to production, lower price to customer, costs not covered and subsequent reduction in profits.

 $(2 \times 3 \text{ mark})$

[6]

[Total: 30]