

Write your name here

Surname

Other names

Centre Number

Candidate Number

**Edexcel GCE**

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# **Religious Studies**

**Advanced**

## **Unit 4: Implications – New Testament**

Thursday 14 June 2012 – Morning

**Time: 1 hour 15 minutes**

Paper Reference

**6RS04/1J**

**You do not need any other materials.**

Total Marks

### **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Read the passage carefully.
- Answer **BOTH** part (a) and part (b) of the question.
- Answer the question in the spaces provided
  - there may be more space than you need.

### **Information**

- The total mark for this paper is 50.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
- Quality of written communication will be taken into account in the marking of all your responses
  - you should take particular care with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.

### **Advice**

- The assessment of your answers will be based on your knowledge and understanding of the topic in question (for 60% of the marks) and your evaluative skills (for 40% of the marks).

*Turn over ►*

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**PEARSON**

## New Testament

[There are] certain points in which I do not believe that one can grant either the superlative wisdom or the superlative goodness of Christ as depicted in the Gospels; and here I may say that one is not concerned with the historical question. Historically it is quite doubtful whether Christ ever existed at all, and if He did we do not know anything about Him, so that I am not concerned with the historical question, which is a very difficult one. I am concerned with Christ as he appears in the Gospels, taking the Gospel narrative as it stands, and there one does find some things that do not seem to be very wise. For one thing, He certainly thought that His second coming would occur in clouds of glory before the death of all the people who were living at that time. There are a great many texts that prove that. He says, for instance: 'Ye shall not have gone over the cities of Israel, till the Son of Man be come.' Then He says: 'There are some standing here which shall not taste death till the Son of Man comes into His kingdom'; and there are a lot of places where it is quite clear that He believed that His second coming would happen during the lifetime of many then living. That was the belief of His earlier followers, and it was the basis of a good deal of His moral teaching.... I have, as a matter of fact, known some Christians who did believe that the second coming was imminent. I knew a person who frightened his congregation terribly by telling them that the second coming was very imminent indeed, but they were much consoled when they found that he was planting trees in his garden. The early Christians did really believe it, and they did abstain from such things as planting trees in their gardens, because they did accept from Christ the belief that the second coming was imminent. In that respect clearly He was not so wise as some other people have been, and he was certainly not superlatively wise.

(Source: adapted from: Russell, B., 'Why I am not a Christian' in *Defects in Christ's teaching*, Bertrand Russell, Routledge Classics, 2004: Included in Edexcel anthology)

- 1 (a) Examine the argument and/or interpretation in the passage.

(30)

- (b) Do you agree with the idea(s) expressed? Justify your point of view and discuss its implications for understanding religion and human experience.

(20)

**(Total for Question 1 = 50 marks)**

**Start your answer on page 3.**



















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**TOTAL FOR PAPER 1J = 50 MARKS**



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