

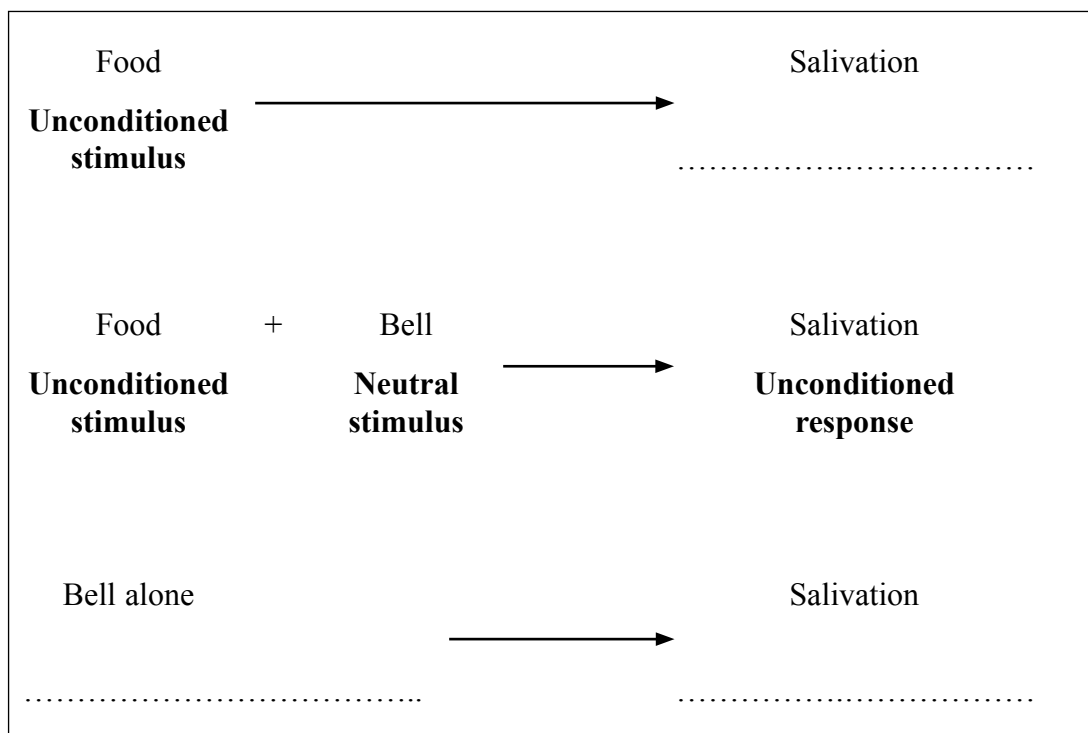
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Answer ALL questions in the spaces provided.

1. (a) Pavlov showed how dogs could be conditioned to respond to a previously neutral stimulus, a bell, by pairing it with a stimulus that naturally produced the response of salivation, food.

Show how this works by writing the correct term on each of the three dotted lines provided in the diagram below.



(3)



(b) Explain what is meant by each of the following terms as they apply to **classical** conditioning.

(i) Generalisation:

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(2)

(ii) Discrimination:

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(2)

(iii) Extinction:

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(c) Operant conditioning is another explanation of human behaviour from the Learning Approach.

Evaluate **operant** conditioning as an explanation of human behaviour.

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(4)

(Total 13 marks)

Q1

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2. (a) There are four statements in the table below. Identify whether each relates to the Psychodynamic Approach by writing either **true** or **false** next to it.

Statement relating to the Psychodynamic Approach	True or False
Psychodynamic psychology investigates the workings of the unconscious mind.	
Psychodynamic psychology uses case studies to find out about the mind.	
Psychodynamic psychology focuses on the treatment of mental health issues.	
Psychodynamic psychology uses animal studies to research into behaviour.	

(4)



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(c) Outline **one** strength and **one** weakness of the clinical interview research method.

Strength:

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Weakness:

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(2)

(Total 12 marks)

Q2

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3. (a) (i) Identify **two** research methods commonly used in the Physiological Approach in psychology.

First method:

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Second method:

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(2)

(ii) Outline **one** research method commonly used in the Physiological Approach in psychology.

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(b) Many people in this country and abroad are shift workers. Using your knowledge of circadian rhythms, explain why shift work causes problems for people.

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(c) Using your knowledge of the Physiological Approach, explain **one** way in which the negative effects of shift work might be reduced.

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(3)

Q3

(Total 12 marks)



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4. (a) (i) Identify **two** studies from the Psychodynamic Approach.

First study:

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Second study:

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(2)



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(b) Freud used the terms 'wish fulfilment' and 'symbols' to explain dreaming.

(i) What is meant by **wish fulfilment** in dreaming?

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(2)

(ii) What is meant by **symbols** in dreams?

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(c) Evaluate Freud's theory of dreaming.

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Q4

(Total 14 marks)

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5. (a) Outline **one** contemporary issue or debate from the Learning Approach.

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(b) Explain this contemporary issue or debate using **one or more** concepts from the Learning Approach.

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(Total 9 marks)

Q5



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Dotted lines for writing.



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